Final Report

McCaslin Parcel O Redevelopment Study

The Economics of Land Use



Prepared for:

City of Louisville

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1. Introduction and Summary of Findings

The City of Louisville retained Economic & Planning Systems (EPS) and Trestle Strategy Group (Trestle) to complete a development study focused on revitalization and development options for a portion of the McCaslin Subarea referred to as the McCaslin Parcel O Study Area (Study Area). The purpose of the Study was to determine the market potential and financial feasibility for retail and commercial development uses that can contribute to the retail vibrancy of the corridor and the fiscal health of the city. In addition, the City structured a process that included property owner, tenant, and public input into the recommended findings to identify alignment and build support for revitalization of the area.

Background

The McCaslin Subarea is a primary retail destination providing services to residents of Louisville and the surrounding communities, as well as an important sales tax generator that contributes to the fiscal health of the City of Louisville. There are a number traditional retail anchors within the corridor including Home Depot, Lowe's, Kohl's, and Safeway. There is also a concentration of restaurant, entertainment, employment, and hospitality uses that contribute to the overall market draw of the corridor.

The McCaslin Parcel O Study Area includes a total of 44.6 acres and 11 parcels as shown in **Figure 1**. The largest parcel in the Study Area is a former Sam's Club membership warehouse store that has been vacant and/or occupied by non-sales tax generating uses since it closed in 2010. Redevelopment options for this property are limited by changes within the retail industry, shifting market conditions within the trade area, outdated infrastructure, and private covenants restricting some potential uses.

Kohl's announced that it will also leave the area when its lease expires in the fall of 2019 further exacerbating the revitalization challenges for the area. The McCaslin Parcel O Redevelopment Study is an effort to identify opportunities for the McCaslin commercial area to encourage retail vibrancy, commercial health, and a desirable place for the community to gather. The City's goals for the Study are to:

- Understand the McCaslin area's potential for retail and commercial development and supportive uses that could foster new investment and development;
- Review the rules and regulations upon properties in the area that may be limiting its full potential for redevelopment;

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- Understand and incorporate property owners', tenants' and the public's input into development and redevelopment options for the area;
- Evaluate various development scenarios that focus on retail and commercial
 uses with possible residential development only as a secondary use, that meet
 market potential and provide exceptional fiscal benefits for the City by
 meeting or exceeding past tax revenue performance for the area; and
- Provide recommendations for regulatory changes or other actions that could create more certainty for the development community that encourages redevelopment.





Scope of Work

The redevelopment study analysis and conclusions are summarized in six chapters following this Introduction and Summary of Findings as follows:

- Study Area Overview and Regulatory
 Framework A review and evaluation of
 development regulations and restrictions affecting
 re-tenanting or redevelopment of the property
 including zoning, General Development Plan (GDP),
 and private covenants and restrictions.
- Economic and Demographic Framework A summary of economic and demographic trends and conditions in the City of Louisville and in the larger McCaslin Study Trade Area.
- Retail Market Analysis An analysis of retail and commercial market conditions and potentials for the McCaslin Subarea and for Study Area properties including a summary of national and local retail trends, existing sales and spending levels, competitive development patterns, and future opportunities.
- PERMITTED USES

 MARKET ANALYSIS

 PUBLIC INPUT
- Alternative Uses Market Analysis An analysis of market potentials for alternative and supplemental uses of Parcel O buildings and land including office, multifamily housing, hospitality, and entertainment uses.
- **Community Engagement Process** A review of the community engagement process and inputs from the stakeholder outreach process into the identification of potential reuse options.
- Reuse and Redevelopment Alternatives Identification of alternative
 reuse and redevelopment options for the vacant and underutilized properties
 within the Study Area and a comparative economic and financial evaluation of
 their feasibility and relative returns. The most viable development programs
 were defined and evaluated based on their market feasibility, fiscal impact to
 the city using the City's fiscal model, and their consistency with the overall
 goals and objectives of the city and its residents.

Summary of Findings

The major findings from the development study for the McCaslin Study Area are summarized below.

1. The national retail environment is changing dramatically, which is impacting retail opportunities for the McCaslin Subarea.

The national retail environment has been shifting over the past decade due to the growth of e-commerce, consolidation of retail chain stores, and changing spending patterns from consumers. Many brick and mortar retailers are creating both physical store and online sales platforms that have resulted in consolidation of store outlets to the most central and attractive locations. As well, store formats are shifting to match with new conditions. The retail sector has bifurcated into national mass merchandisers focused on low-cost and convenience, and on national and local specialty retailers providing authentic and value-added higher-quality goods in retail environments that are more experience-oriented. This shift has spurred the growth of restaurants, bars, and entertainment venues as components of retail centers.

2. The McCaslin Subarea retail trade area has contracted over time from a regional to more localized community orientation due to new competitive stores and centers along US-36, I-25 North, and within the City of Boulder.

The regionally oriented retail centers and nodes have experienced significant turnover in the past 10 years as anchor store tenants (Sam's Club, Best Buy, Great Indoors, and Sports Authority) have left the corridor for other locations or due to retail chain closures and mergers and acquisitions. Older shopping centers with vacant anchor stores have looked to alternative uses to bolster demand and reinvent areas as finding available retail tenants to replace large, vacant spaces has been difficult. Despite a significant amount of infill housing development in communities along US-36, the majority of new housing growth has occurred in eastern portions of Broomfield Counties along the I-25 corridor and in the City of Boulder, which has shifted retail growth to these areas over the past 10 years. Kohl's recent decision to close its store in Parcel O and open a new store at US-287 and Arapahoe Road in Lafayette, as well as Lowe's considering to open a new store in the same area, are examples of this trend impacting the Study Area.

3. Future retail demand for the McCaslin Subarea is limited as there are few large format retailers not already serving the trade area available to be recruited.

The McCaslin Community Trade Area is expected to grow by 12,500 households over the next 10 years, which will produce demand for 150,000 square feet of new retail over the time period. It is realistic the Subarea can capture 20 percent of this demand but there will be greater competition from other developments in the area including the Downtown Superior project and

retail projects along US-287 in Lafayette. While it is possible that some of the 215,000 of vacant or soon to be vacant big box retail space in the McCaslin Study Area can be leased to other junior anchor stores, there is insufficient retail demand to absorb all of this space with sales tax generating uses consistent with the City's objectives for the site. If a more desirable place is created within Parcel O, the area will have a better chance to attract more retail than its proportional share.

4. There is demand for hotel and multifamily housing within the subarea that can help support revitalization efforts for Parcel O.

The existing inventory of competitive hotels in the market area is performing at above average occupancy and room rates. Additionally, there is a new Element Hotel under construction in Superior further substantiating the viability of the hotel market. Based on current growth trends, a new hotel is estimated to be supportable in the market area within the next five years. Multifamily rental housing has also been growing in the corridor but is underrepresented in the immediate Louisville market. New condo developments are limited in the Community Trade Area and difficult to attract to the site given market constraints to condo construction. There is an estimated demand for 1,000 to 1,200 new multifamily housing units within the Community Trade Area over the next 10 years.

5. The potential for office space in the McCaslin Study Area is expected to be limited to community services and medical related uses.

The Centennial Valley Plan is an established location for office and flex uses. There is however, vacant land along Centennial Valley Parkway in a location better suited for professional office and flex buildings. The vacant lots are located in a business park setting that is more attractive for traditional office uses use as the land costs are likely lower and they are sized and priced for these uses, reducing the barriers to delivery. The type of office space determined to be suitable for location within the McCaslin Parcel O Area is expected to include community oriented uses such as realty, insurance, banks and medical related uses including medical and dental offices, and outpatient and acute care clinics.

6. The financial feasibility analysis indicates mixed-use redevelopment within Parcel O is feasible and would be more valuable to the property owners if the allowable densities are increased and alternative uses such as multifamily and/or fitness and entertainment uses are allowed.

The feasibility analysis illustrated that redevelopment of two or more of the larger lots is most feasible, provided the GDP and CCRs can be modified accordingly. A more ambitious redevelopment as tested for Alternative 3 would require significant public incentives to facilitate land assembly and the involvement of a master developer including density bonuses, increases in allowable secondary uses (multifamily), and/or public financing support. This is especially true for uses that have lower financial return such as office space.

7. All three of the alternatives identified for Parcel O were found to have a positive fiscal impact over 20 years.

The fiscal impact of all three alternatives produced a benefit of over \$10 million over 20 years to the City. As well, all three produced a more positive impact than the site will produce when Kohl's vacates the area. The increase of utilization of the parcel and the retention and/or incorporation of sales tax producing uses (larger retailers, hotel uses) can offset any negative impacts created from non-sales tax producing uses. The potential mixed-use development alternatives (Alternatives 2 and 3) both create fiscal benefits illustrating that allowing for uses such as multifamily residential will help support reinvestment and redevelopment, while not creating a major fiscal burden.

8. The Community Engagement analysis indicates a strong desire for a mix of uses, including new and unique uses that foster place-making and a family friendly destination.

Extensive community engagement was conducted and identified a strong desire for new and unique uses ranging from retail, restaurants, entertainment, fitness, and mixed-use residential. Specific area site characteristics and features identified included making the area more walkable and pedestrian friendly, while also adding community spaces such as plazas and other gathering spaces. The community also shared many modern examples of family friendly, mixed use developments and adaptive reuse projects that incorporate food halls, breweries, and other boutique and local type retail environments that would provide a destination for both local community members and visitors. Desired characteristics and uses identified by the community will help support and attract redevelopment and will retain long-term tenants.

Alternatives Review

Three alternatives were developed and analyzed to provide direction on the redevelopment opportunities for Parcel O. These alternatives were evaluated based on their market support and feasibility, community support (use, site design, development characteristics), and fiscal impact.

The evaluation of the alternatives indicates partial or major redevelopment of Parcel O is possible and desirable as long as it achieves community objectives. Alternative 2 is the most market supportable and feasible and produces the greatest fiscal impact; however it does not fully address community desires. Alternative 3 allows for community desires to be addressed but could prove a challenge to attract and incentivize a developer to do a major, multiple parcel redevelopment. However, redevelopment of Parcel O over time, in various phases/projects, as represented in Alternative 3, can achieve a similar outcome. Alternative 1 maintains the status quo for the conditions in the Subarea but retenanting the spaces is needed to maintain the fiscal impact Parcel O has provided historically. Successfully attracting and retaining retail tenants with fiscal performance outlined in Alternative 1 will be difficult given the market analysis, retail trends, and property owner expectations.

Implementation Recommendations

The extensive and overlapping regulatory and policy documents cause confusion and misalignment surrounding the opportunities, limitations, and constraints for Parcel O redevelopment. Multiple and dated guiding documents makes it burdensome for developers, property owners, and the City of Louisville to navigate the complex entanglement of regulations surrounding not just Parcel O, but also the entire 882-acre General Development Plan (GDP) area. The following actions should be considered to help attract reinvestment and renewed interest into the McCaslin Subarea.

- 1. Modify the existing GDP and Development Agreement to allow for a greater variety of uses (e.g., fitness clubs/studios) and multifamily housing and incentivize retail development through increased density on the site.
 - Initiate a GDP amendment or adopt a new GDP governing Parcel O that will reduce barriers to redevelopment and reflect the City's desired development for the Study Area. The GDP amendment should support either Alternative 2 or 3, allowing redevelopment to occur parcel by parcel or as a larger assembled redevelopment.
 - Require redevelopment projects to provide a minimum amount of retail space or sales tax generating uses.
 - Create a cap on the total amount of development density and/or acreage within Parcel O that is developed for non-sales tax generating uses, and/or multifamily housing.
 - Provide additional density and/or greater allowance for non-sales tax generating uses within redevelopment projects that aggregate existing parcels into sites of greater than 18 acres in size.
 - Provide additional density allowance and/or greater allowance for nonsales tax generating uses within redevelopment projects that increase the amount of retail space being redeveloped.
- 2. Provide an additional density allowance and/or greater allowance for non-sales tax generating uses within redevelopment projects that improve connectivity or provide community amenities such as plazas, opens spaces and community gathering spaces. Focus efforts on supporting and growing the retail base in the Subarea and shifting the focus of retail development and tenanting to community-oriented uses.
 - Identify potential locations for major everyday convenience retail anchors
 that are identified as supportable (including an additional grocery store or
 beer, wine and liquor superstore) to locate in the Subarea. Utilize incentives
 and public financing tools to address issues with potential locations.

- Identify and attract larger supportable non-retail anchors such as a large fitness center and/or an entertainment use that can draw additional consumer traffic to the Subarea.
- 3. Work with the Parcel O property owners to modify the CCRs to allow for an expanded mix of retail and non-retail uses supported in the market and that contribute to the overall viability of the Subarea as a commercial destination.
 - Condense the existing private covenants and various other agreements impacting Parcel O into an amended document. The revised private covenants will need to reflect the original intent and stated responsibilities/ obligations while also being modernized to reflect existing and projected market demand.
- 4. Invest in public improvements and amenities that allow Parcel O to succeed in an evolving commercial market.
 - Identify ways to invest in and/or encourage the incorporation of uses and amenities that will support existing retailers and create a more diversified mixture of retail goods and services in the Subarea with retail area reconfiguration projects and redevelopment projects.
 - Amenities to focus on include: enhanced pedestrian and bicycle paths and connections to and throughout the Subarea, community gathering spaces that are integrated and activated by current and new uses, and enhanced vehicular access and circulation to retail sites.

Evaluation Summary

The evaluation of the alternatives indicates partial or major redevelopment of Parcel O is possible and desirable as long as it achieves community objectives. Alternative 2 is the most market supportable and feasible and produces the greatest fiscal impact; however it does not fully address community desires. Alternative 3 allows for community desires to be addressed but it will be a challenge to attract and incentivize a developer to do a major, parcel wide redevelopment. However, redevelopment of Parcel O over time, in various phases/projects, can achieve a similar outcome. Alternative 1 maintains the status quo for the conditions in the Subarea but re-tenanting the spaces is needed to maintain the fiscal impact Parcel O has provided historically.

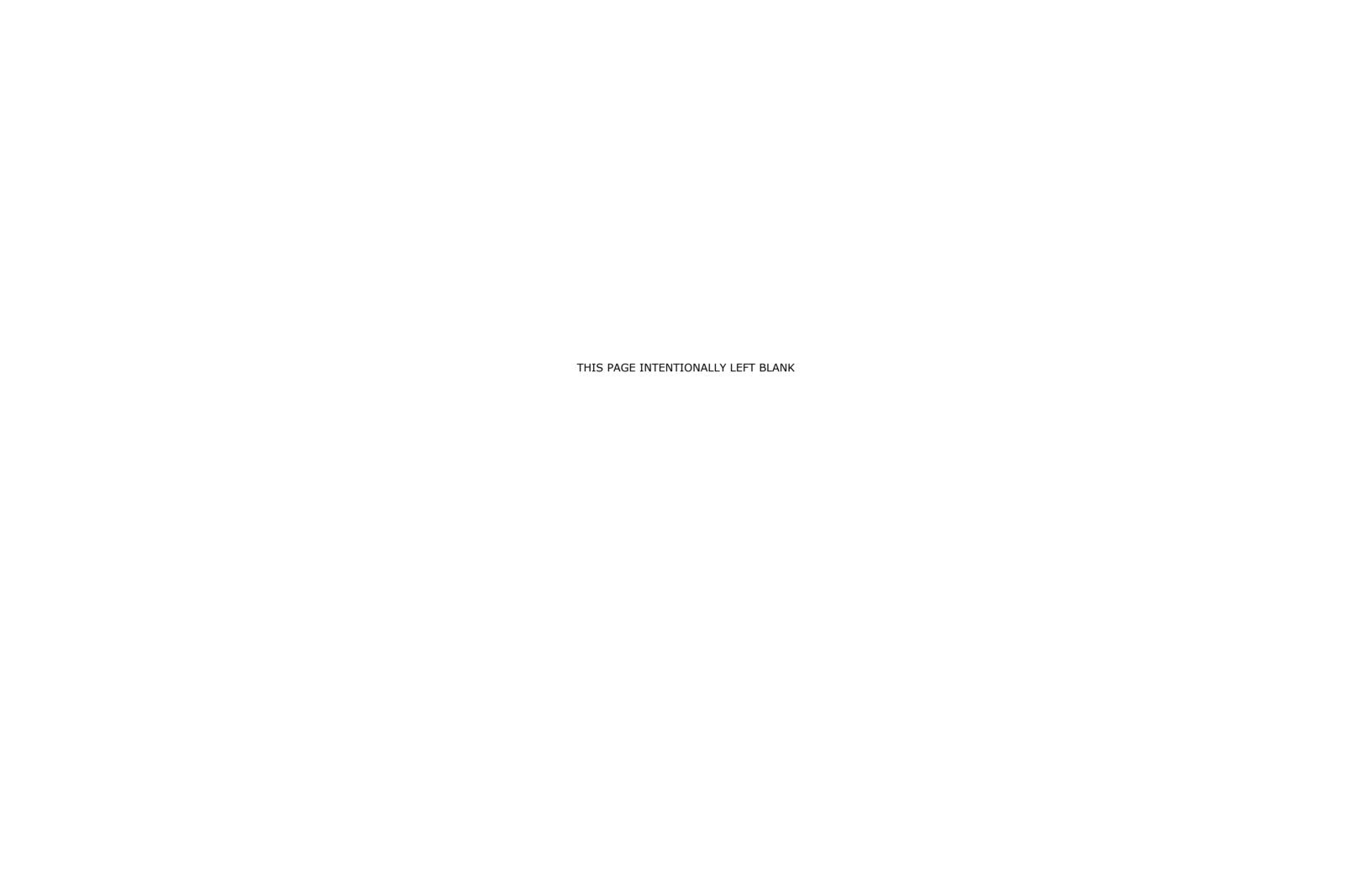
The City should:

- Initiate a GDP amendment to allow for the market and community supported uses shown in Alternatives 2 and 3.
- Work with property owners to:
 - modify the private covenants and
 - modify other private agreements to remove use, height and density barriers to the market and community supported uses.
- Identify potential investments in public infrastructure and amenities to support the market and community supported uses.
- Investigate public financing mechanisms to encourage desired redevelopment scenarios and support community desires.

Figure 2. Alternative Evaluation Summary

	Alternative 1: Re-Tenant	Alternative 2 – Partial Redevelopment	Alternative 3 – Major Redevelopment
Description	 Re-tenant existing vacant/underutilized lots and buildings Includes two retail tenants (70,000 sq. ft.), one office use (35,000 sq. ft.), entertainment or fitness (35,000 sq. ft.), and storage/back office (60,000 sq. ft.) 	 Partial redevelopment two or more of the larger existing lots. May reuse one, but not all existing buildings. Includes two retail uses (35,000 sq. ft. and 15,000 sq. ft.), one non-retail use such as fitness, recreation or entertainment (35,000 sq. ft.), 120-room hotel, and 245 multi-family residential units. 	 Comprehensive redevelopment with land assembly (may be phased over time). Represents inclusion of existing retail uses and market demand for additional retail (115,000 sq. ft.), one entertainment or fitness use (35,000 sq. ft.), office uses (65,000 sq. ft.), 120-room hotel, and 525 multi-family residential units.
Market Support/ Challenges	 Market demand for larger regional retail limited Building configurations not conducive to current retail needs and requirements. Covenants may not support some market-supported uses. 	 Mix and amount of uses are supportable. Substantial demand for hotel and multi-family uses. GDP and covenants need to be changed to support development scenario. 	 Mix and amount of uses are supportable. Allows for better orientation to McCaslin frontage and allowed improved marketing to potential users. Assembly of property poses a considerable market challenge. GDP and covenants need to be changed to support development scenario.
Financial Feasibility	 Financially feasible based on market inputs. Based on residual land value, price for Lot 2 most limits feasibility. 	 Most financially feasible based on market inputs. Hotel and multi-family development provide the highest residual land value. Asking price for Lot 2 limits feasibility. 	 Financially feasible based on market inputs. Hotel and multi-family development provide the highest residual land value and office provides the lowest. Asking price for Lot 2 limits feasibility.
Community Support	 Use – Little community support for additional big box retailers, preference for smaller format retail and service uses. Site Design – Does not reflect community desire for compact, walkable, pedestrian friendly environment. Development Characteristics – Does not meet community desire for local, unique, non-chain retail environments with variety of experience. 	 Use – Entertainment and retail uses supported by community input, but reuse of existing building for larger format retailers does not support desire for smaller format retail and service uses. Site Design – Some site amenities could be incorporated into the development, but would maintain mostly autooriented design. Development Characteristics – Does not fully support community desire for a mixed, experience based, and high quality environment. 	 Use – Supports community desire for entertainment/experience based uses to anchor small format, boutique and convenience uses. Site Design – Supports major site redesign to include public gathering spaces, paths and trails, and a compact walkable environment. Development Characteristics – Supports diverse range of use that accommodates community's desire for a diverse range of uses and supports local and regional shopping destinations.
Fiscal Impact	 Provides strong fiscal benefit compared to current conditions (\$17.9 million compared to \$10.7 million over 20 years) 	Provides strongest fiscal benefit of alternatives compared to current conditions (\$18.5 million compared to \$10.7 million over 20 years)	 Provides strong fiscal benefit compared to current conditions (\$14.8 million compared to \$10.7 million over 20 years) Model shows that residential triggers marginal-cost demand to city services.

Red = does not align with project goal; Yellow = moderate alignment with project goal; Green = strong alignment with project goal



2. Study Area Overview and Regulatory Framework

McCaslin Subarea

The McCaslin Subarea is located east and west of McCaslin Boulevard, from US-36 on the south to Via Appia Way on the north, in the southwest portion of the City of Louisville. The Subarea was defined for the McCaslin Boulevard Small Area Plan, which was completed in 2017. The McCaslin Redevelopment Study Area (Study Area) is the focus area for this project and is highlighted in orange in **Figure 3**.



Figure 3. McCaslin Blvd Subarea and Project Study Area

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The McCaslin Blvd Subarea is composed primarily of commercial property, as shown in **Figure 4**. There are flexible industrial and public uses within the subarea as well. The Copper Ridge Apartment Homes and Centennial Pavilion Condominiums are the only residential developments within the area. There are also approximately 70 acres of undeveloped vacant land on the north side of Centennial Valley Parkway.

Property Use
Retail/Commercial
Office
Industrial/Flex
Residential
Open Space
Vacant
ROW/Drainage

Sources Est. I-ERE Gammi, USCS, Intermap, INCREMENTE NISCan. Est Japan, METI-Est China (Hong Kora), Est Kofea. Est (Thaland), NSCC, IS OpenStreetMap contributors, and this city.

Figure 4. McCaslin Subarea Property Uses

The majority of buildings in the Subarea were built in the 1990's as shown in **Figure 5**. While there has been reinvestment in many of the commercial/retail properties, there have only been four new buildings built since 2011, which are highlighted in dark red.

Year Built
No Improvement
Pre 1990
1991 - 2000
2001 - 2010
2011 - 2018
Sources Est. HERE Saimfin' USSS, Intermap, INDREMENT PINROm, Esti Japan, METI, Esti China (Hong Kong), Isin Krices Esti Ihalandi, NGCC, Si Spenstreethiag contributors, and the GIS

Figure 5. McCaslin Subarea Parcels by Year Built

Regulatory Framework

Overview and History

The Centennial Valley plan area consists of 882 acres and was annexed into the city in 1979. A 925,000 square foot mall was intended to anchor the 882 acres and draw regional business to the area; however, in 1982 the proposed mall became economically unfeasible and planning changes were needed. A new General Development Plan (GDP) was created in 1984 creating a new planning foundation that the area is built on today.

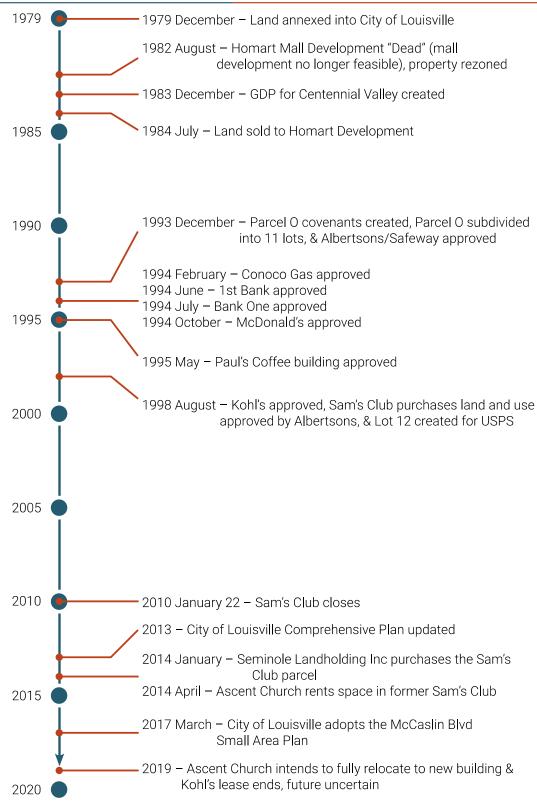
Parcel O is located within the GDP area and was originally 72.3 acres. West Dahlia Street would later split the parcel in two, 44.6 acres to the west and 27.9 acres to the east. In addition to the 1984 GDP, several other documents either advise or regulate development opportunities and limitations within Parcel O. These documents range from the City's comprehensive plan zoning codes, to the GDP, to Parcel O covenants and amendments, and to lot specific limitations. This web of documents has caused some confusion and hesitation around the future redevelopment outlook for Parcel O.

The western portion of Parcel O consists of 13 lots and 11 different owners, each of whom are contractual members of the Parcel's private covenants (two of these lots are owned by all lot owners). The lack of a viable retail tenant for Lot 2 (the former Sam's Club site) has had a negative impact on the City's retail tax revenue and has raised concerns about the future. Redeveloping the lot within the parcel and/or repurposing the 128,600 square foot vacant building will boost the City's tax revenue and regenerate community interest and use of the entire Parcel. Understanding the complex regulations and

Level of Regulatory Power High Comprehensive Plan Advisory Level McCaslin Blvd. Small Area Plan Recommendations **GDP & Development Agreement** Land Use & Density City Zoning Use Restrictions & Form/Bulk Standards **Declaration of Covenants** Additional Use Restrictions - Legal Agreements Between Lot Owners of Parcel O Additional Agreements Extended Use Restrictions Between Some Detailed Owners within Parcel O

establishing stakeholder consensus and buy in is essential for long-term success. This regulatory analysis within the entire McCaslin Parcel O Redevelopment Study focuses on the western 44.6 acres of Parcel O.

Parcel O Timeline



McCaslin Boulevard Small Area Plan

Purpose

Adopted March 7, 2017, the McCaslin Blvd Small Area Plan is intended to define desired community character, land uses, and public infrastructure priorities to provide a reliable roadmap for public and private investments in the corridor. As an extension of the Comprehensive Plan, the Small Area Plan is a policy document and not a regulatory document. However, the plan serves as the basis for updated design guidelines, any potential zoning changes, capital improvement project requests, and public dedication requirements from private developers. The McCaslin Boulevard Small Area Plan translates the broad policies of the Comprehensive Plan into the specific actions and regulations that will achieve those policies.

The McCaslin Blvd Small Area Plan takes 2013 Comprehensive framework a step further by setting guidelines for how design and land use regulations should be changed and identifying what infrastructure is needed. Parcel O is located within this Small Area Plan.

Figure 6.

Context

Comprehensive Plan

The 2013 Comprehensive Plan places Parcel O in an Urban Center character zone, which calls for smaller blocks, more connected streets, and a more pedestrian friendly environment.

Existing Uses

The existing uses for Parcel O include large formal retail, public service/institutional, multi-tenant retail, office, single tenant retail, standalone restaurant, and vacant.

Property Values

The Small Area Plan identifies the ratio of structure value to the total property value in an effort to identify

Suburban Cistrict Center

Urban Center

McCaslin Subarea Small Area Plan Districts

the likelihood a property is to redevelop. The majority of Parcel O has a low structure to property value ratio indicating significant pressure for redevelopment. The Safeway and Kohl's properties were the only two lots within Parcel O to have a high ratio indicating little to no pressure for redevelopment.



Figure 7. McCaslin Subarea Building to Land Value and Buildout Capacity

Existing Zoning

The zoning for a property sets limits for how much can be built on a property based on the allowed building height and lot coverage. The ratio of existing square footage to allowed maximum square footage is another indicator of which properties may redevelop, where additional development is more likely on properties with a low ratio. Low ratios within Parcel O indicate its overall square footage opportunity is not being maximized.

Additional Sections and High Level of Regulation

Remaining sections of the small area plan discuss overall planning principles, community design principles, placemaking concepts, and an urban design plan for the study area. As a recommendation and guiding document, this document is to be analyzed and incorporated as best as possible in future redevelopment planning efforts; however, this document provides a high level overview for the area. The GDP, underlying City zoning, and restrictive covenants provide more detailed regulations regarding redevelopment.

Implementation

The major recommendations of the plan are to be implemented through the adoption of new design standards and guidelines for the corridor. The design elements highlighted in the plan are intended to serve as the basis for the new guidelines, which will need to be reviewed by Planning Commission and adopted by City Council. The new design standards and guidelines will ensure future private development in the corridor complies with the community's vision and this plan. While the plan does not point towards any use changes for Parcel O, it does call for additional public spaces, including plazas, parks, and open space. The plan states Parcel O public space should be acquired when and if the shopping center redevelops.

Key Recommendations for Parcel O included in the implementation section of the plan are:

- **Planning-Rezoning** Rezone properties in accordance with the McCaslin Blvd Small Area plan when properties redevelop
- **Design & Construction Parcel O Public Space** Public plaza and green space in the Parcel O (Sam's Club) development
- Roadways-Parcel O Internal Street Networks Create internal street and block pattern within the development
- Pedestrian Crossing/Traffic Calming-Parcel O Access Add speed table in right turn lanes

GDP and Development Agreement

Overview

The Centennial Valley General Development Plan (GDP) was created in 1984, includes 882 acres, and has been amended and updated multiple times as the Centennial Valley area has developed. The GDP provides an overall land use plan and general design guidelines for the property, while the associated "Amended and Restated Development Agreement" (Development Agreement) provides a more detailed description of the responsibilities, expectations, and limitations for the Central Valley area. These two regulatory documents are between the City of Louisville and Louisville Associates. Parcel O has experienced minor changes throughout the GDP history; however, it has maintained a Commercial use designation. It is important to note that the effective GDP and Development Agreement created in 1984 fully replaced the original Development Agreement created in relation to the original Homart Mall

Timeline

1982

Homart Mall Developement "Dead"

1984

Amended and Restated Development Agreement

1986

Second Amendment

1991

Third Amendment

1995

Fifth Amendment

2015

GDP Map Updated

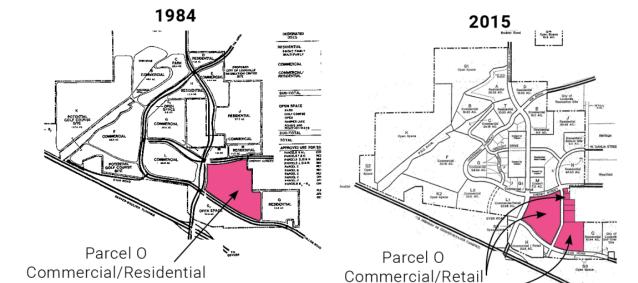
development. The Homart Mall was the initial planned development for Parcel O in the late 1970s to early 1980s; however, the mall development was later deemed unfeasible in 1982.



Figure 8. Centennial Valley GDP

Use Designation and FAR

Parcel O current land use designation within the GDP on the west side of West Dahlia Street is Commercial/Retail. Initial designation for the entire area of Parcel O in 1984 was Commercial/Residential. This initial designation was changed when West Dahlia Street was constructed and the vast majority of the eastern part of Parcel O was redesignated residential and the western portion was redesignated commercial/retail. West Dahlia was approved in 1988.



Residential -

Figure 9. Parcel O Change, 1984 to 2015

Initial FAR for Parcel O was 0.5; however, this has been reduced through the many reiterations of the GDP and development agreement and is currently 0.20. A shuffling of square footage allocation per parcel has unfolded throughout the GDP's history. While the overall limit of total buildable commercial square footage has remained at 3,880,900 square feet for the entire GDP area, "buildable square footage may be reallocated to other Commercial Parcels subject to the mutual agreement of the City and the subdivider." Residential dwelling units are also allowed to be reallocated to other residential parcels within the GDP.

Table 1. Parcel O Density

		1984	1986	1991	1995	2015
Parcel O Acres		72.3	71.41	71.41	72.52	72.52
	Use Designation	Commercial/ Residential	Commercial/ Residential	Commercial/ Residential	Commercial/ Retail/ Residential	Commercial/ Retail/ Residential
	Commercial Acres	62.40	51.00	51.00	44.62	44.62
Study	Commercial "Density" FAR	0.50				
Area	Commercial "Average" FAR		0.50	0.40	0.20	0.20
	Estimated Buildable SF	1,359,100	1,110,780	888,580	390,000	Unidentified
East	Residential Acres	9.00	20.41	9.83	27.9	27.9
of Dahlia	Residential Density Maximum	12.00	12.00	18.40	13.70	13.70
St.	Estimated Units	108	245	180	382	382

City Zoning

Parcel O is zoned Planned Community Zone District - Commercial (PCZD-C or P-C) within the general planned community zone district framework. "The purpose of the planned community zone district is to encourage, preserve and improve the health, safety and general welfare of the people of the city by encouraging the use of contemporary land planning principles and coordinated community design. The planned community zone district is created in recognition of the economic and cultural advantages that will accrue to the residents of an integrated, planned community development of sufficient size to provide related areas for various housing types, retail and service activities, recreation, schools and public facilities, and other uses of land. This district is designed for use where the area comprising such development project is under single ownership or control at the time of its classification as this district." Planned community zone districts are designated as to general land use categories, such as residential, commercial, industrial, agricultural, office and public uses. The City of Louisville defines Planned Community Commercial (P-C) as "intended to promote the development of wellplanned shopping centers and facilities that provide a variety of shopping, professional, business, cultural and entertainment facilities designed to create an attractive and pleasant shopping atmosphere."1

¹ Planned Community Zone District. Code of Ordinances City of Louisville. Chapter 17.72.

GDP Guiding Document and Amendments

The City of Louisville requires any property located within a planned community zoned district must be accompanied by a general development plan (GDP, as described earlier) for the entire property. This development plan must include a map(s), together with supplementary text materials, and an agreement between developer and City which includes a phasing plan, and such development plan shall set forth the following:

- The proposed use of all lands within the subject property;
- The type or character of development and the number of dwelling units per gross acre proposed;
- The proposed location of school sites, parks, open spaces, recreation facilities and other public and quasi-public facilities;
- The proposed location of all streets shall be coordinated with the adopted general street plan for the city.

After approval by the Planning Commission and City Council, the GDP is recorded at the County's Clerk and Recorder office and all development within the district must comply with the GDP, unless the GDP is amended.

Any adopted planned community general development plan and supplementary development standards may be amended, revised or territory added thereto, pursuant to the same procedure and subject to the same limitations and requirements by which such plan was originally approved.

The director of planning may permit amendments to the planned development community general plan, when such amendments will not affect an increase in the permitted gross density of dwelling units or result in a change in character of the overall development plan. Any such amendment by the director of planning shall have approval by the City Council prior to the amendment becoming effective or the City Council may direct such change be made.

Permitted Uses

The following commercial and noncommercial uses may be permitted within any planning area designated "commercial" on the adopted planned community development general plan:

- Any retail trade or service business;
- Professional, business and administrative offices;
- Motels and hotels;
- Cultural facilities, such as museums, theaters, art galleries and churches;
- Pedestrian plazas and pedestrian ways, including such amenities as outdoor art exhibit facilities, statuary, fountains and landscaping features;
- Outdoor specialty uses, including sidewalk cafes and outdoor marketplaces to provide unique congregating places for sales and shopper interests;
- Recreational facilities, both indoors and outdoors, such as ice skating and roller skating rinks which may be designed as integral parts of a center;
- Restaurants, both indoor and drive-in types, food-to-go facilities, sidewalk cafes;
- Hospitals and medical clinics;
- Transportation terminals, parking lots and parking buildings;
- Animal hospitals and clinics;
- Automobile service stations, subject to prescribed performance and development standards;
- Nursing and rest homes;
- Small and large child care centers;
- Financial offices, including banks and savings and loans;
- Accessory structures and uses necessary and customarily incidental to the uses listed in this section;
- Governmental and public facilities;
- Research/office and corporate uses, and facilities for the manufacturing, fabrication, processing, or assembly of scientific or technical products, or other products, if such uses are compatible with surrounding areas. In addition, such facilities shall be completely enclosed and any noise, smoke, dust, odor, or other environmental contamination produced by such facilities, confined to the lot upon which such facilities are located and controlled in accordance with all applicable city, state, or federal regulations;
- Other uses as established by the city council as found to be specifically compatible for commercial and office planning areas;

- Limited wholesale sales as defined in section 17.08.262 of this title are allowed as a special review use;
- Retail marijuana stores and retail marijuana-testing facilities; and
- Health or athletic clubs, spas, dance studios, and fitness studios.

Declaration of Covenants, Amendments, and Additional Documents

Private Covenants

The original 1993 Private Covenants for Parcel O were created to provide a mutual agreement and understanding around the uses, limitations, and responsibilities between the 11 lot owners of Parcel O. This private and contractual agreement identifies specific uses that are prohibited from the entire parcel, as well as additional use restrictions that are specific individual lots within the parcel. The use restrictions are very limiting, can differ between the 13 lots, and can impose operational limits. The private covenants also build on top of the density limits established in the GDP by establishing height limitations (which vary for different lots), limiting the number of buildings per site, creating parking ratios, and establishing maximum floor areas for specific lots (i.e. Lot 9 is limited to a 9,000 square foot maximum). As an example, a few of the stated prohibited uses from the original 1993 Private Covenants include:

- Industrial
- Entertainment or recreation facility including but not limited to a theatre, skating rink, gym, and dance hall
- Renting/selling/leasing motor vehicles, boats, trailers
- Any business where 50 percent or more of gross income comes from alcoholic beverages for on-premise consumption
- General merchandise discount store/department store (Lot 2 excluded from rule)
- Excludes any warehouse store carrying less than 10,000 SKU items
- No other lot or portion of a lot may be a supermarket, bakery or delicatessen, or butcher shop for as long as Lot 1 remains a supermarket
- Supermarket defined as: at least 5,000 square feet of floor area primarily devoted to retail sale of food and off-premise consumption
- Lot 2 can have a supermarket use less than 6,000 square feet
- No more than two lots may have a bank as the primary use
- No more than one Lot may have fuel station as the primary use
- No more than one Lot at any time used for a drive-in or drive-through restaurant whose primary business is the sale of hamburgers.

Residential Uses

It is important to mention that the private covenants do not address residential uses. Residential uses are not identified as a prohibited or as a permitted use in any of the private covenants or related amendments. The PCZD zone district allows residential uses when a DDP designates a parcel for the use. The current GDP excludes residential uses within the Parcel O Study Area.

Unanimous agreement by all owners is required to amend the private covenants. There have been three amendments to the private covenants and they are in effect for 65 years (1993 to 2058) unless canceled, terminated, or modified.

Additional Documents

There are a number of additional regulatory documents and private contractual agreements covering Parcel O, many of which have multiple amendments. A few of these key documents include:

- 1998 CC&R Agreement between Lot 1, 2, and 3 owners regarding permitted uses, lot replatting (created Lot 12), building envelop limitations for lot 12, and designated maximum FAR allocations for Lots 2, 3, and 12.
- 1998 Two-Party Agreement that separates Lot 3 into two "Development Areas." Future redevelopment of Lot 3 will need to adhere to development restrictions laid out in this document. These include:

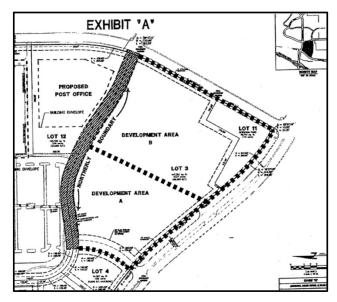


Figure 10. Development Areas A & B of Lot 3

- Development Area A: no buildings shall be more than one story, no more than 28 feet in height, and no more than eight buildings shall have a coverage ratio exceeding 25%.
- Development Areas A and B Combined: no buildings shall be located thereon if their aggregate dimensions when measured parallel to the combined northerly boundary of Development A and Development B exceeds sixty percent of the length of such northerly boundary; and if there shall be located in either development area A or B a building occupying more than 40,000 square feet of such development area and which parking area, and which building is served by parking areas on the other development area, then such building shall be located substantially on development area B and the parking area serving such building shall be located substantially on development area A.

- 2014 Warranty Deed for Lot 2 that prohibits the property from being used as
 a grocery store/supermarket, wholesale club, discount department store,
 pharmacy, or for gaming activity purposes. Restrictions are in effect for a
 period of 25 years, terminating in 2039. This restriction can be removed
 through a defined payment to the previous owner.
- 1982 Agreement between developer, State Highway Commission, and City of Louisville that limited total development square footage for the GDP area and identified responsibilities for the relocation and reconstruction of the US 36/ McCaslin interchange. With recent expansion of US 36, these limits on square footage are no longer in effect.

Use Comparison

The Use Analysis chart below summaries the allowed uses on Parcel O as determined by the City of Louisville Zoning Code and the Declaration of Covenants, Conditions, Restrictions and Grant of Easements (Covenants), which is a private agreement between all of the landowners within Parcel O.

Permitted by Zoning and Private Covenants

- Office
- Hotel & motels
- Hospitals & medical clinics (human & animal)
- Nursing & rest homes
- Child care center
- Retail marijuana sales
- Other uses as established by the City Council as found to be specifically compatible for commercial and office planning areas

Private Covenant Limited Allowed Uses

- Any retail trade or service business (grocery, motor vehicle sales, warehouse stores, etc.)
- Cultural facilities (no theatres)
- Restaurants (no business where 50% or more income is from on-site alcohol consumption, only 1 drive-through, etc.)

Prohibited Uses per Private Covenants

- Recreational facilities, both indoors and outdoors, such as ice skating and roller skating rinks which may be designed as integral parts of a center
- Health or athletic clubs, spas, dance studios, and fitness studios

3. Economic and Demographic Framework

This section provides an overview of the demographic and economic conditions within the City of Louisville and the surrounding area. Population, household and employment trends are documented to set the context for the real estate market.

Population and Households

The City of Louisville has a population of 21,208. The City experienced a small population decline from 2000 to 2010 but added 2,823 new residents between 2010 and 2018, which equates to an annual rate of 1.8 percent. The City of Boulder and City/County of Broomfield have grown by the most people since 2010 with 11,902 (1.4 percent annually) and 15,135 (3.0 percent annually) new residents respectively. Erie and Lafayette have experienced significant new population growth since 2010, as both have grown by approximately 800 new residents annually and Erie had the fastest rate of growth at 3.9 percent annually, as shown in **Table 2.**

Table 2. US-36 Corridor Population, 2000 to 2018

				2	2000-2010		2	010-2018	
Population	2000	2010	2018	Total	Ann. #	Ann. %	Total	Ann. #	Ann. %
110.00.0									
US-36 Corridor Cities/Towns									
Louisville	19,213	18,385	21,208	-828	-83	-0.4%	2,823	353	1.8%
Superior	9,032	12,483	13,444	3,451	345	3.3%	961	120	0.9%
Boulder	95,197	97,525	109,427	2,328	233	0.2%	11,902	1,488	1.4%
Lafayette	23,283	24,452	30,928	1,169	117	0.5%	6,476	810	3.0%
Erie	6,604	18,025	24,420	11,421	1,142	10.6%	6,395	799	3.9%
US-36 Corridor Counties									
Boulder County	269,713	294,567	333,953	24,854	2,485	0.9%	39,386	4,923	1.6%
Broomfield County	39,332	55,889	71,024	16,557	1,656	3.6%	15,135	1,892	3.0%

Source: ESRI; Economic & Planning Systems

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The City of Louisville has 8,681 households, as shown in **Table 3**. Louisville added 1,141 households since 2010, which is significantly more than the 161 households added from 2000 to 2010. However, most of the new household growth in the US-36 corridor is occurring outside or on the edges of the trade area—typically three to five miles—from the McCaslin Subarea.

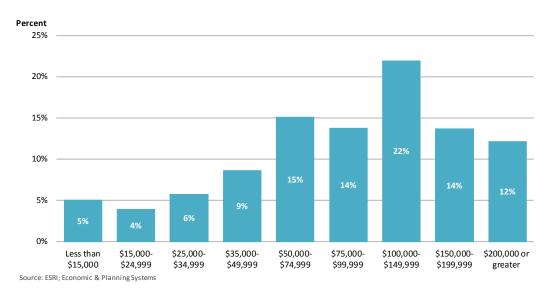
Table 3. US-36 Corridor Cities and Towns Households, 2000 to 2018

				2000-2010			2010-2018		
Households	2000	2010	2018	Total	Ann. #	Ann. %	Total	Ann. #	Ann. %
US-36 Corridor Cities/Town	ıs								
Louisville	7,379	7,540	8,681	161	16	0.2%	1,141	143	1.8%
Superior	3,393	4,496	4,764	1,103	110	2.9%	268	34	0.7%
Boulder	39,770	41,359	45,475	1,589	159	0.4%	4,116	515	1.2%
Lafayette	8,815	9,631	11,857	816	82	0.9%	2,226	278	2.6%
Erie	2,292	6,259	8,366	3,967	397	10.6%	2,107	263	3.7%
US-36 Corridor Counties									
Boulder County	106,495	119,300	132,801	12,805	1,281	1.1%	13,501	1,688	1.3%
Broomfield County	14,233	21,414	27,259	7,181	718	4.2%	5,845	731	3.1%

Source: ESRI; Economic & Planning Systems

Louisville households have above average incomes for the region, but lower average incomes than the neighboring communities of Superior and Erie. Forty-eight percent of Louisville households have average incomes over \$100,000, as shown in **Figure 11**.

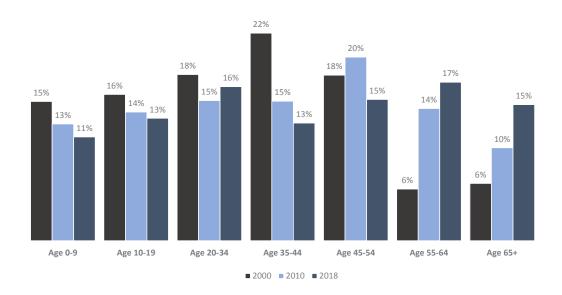
Figure 11. Louisville Households by Income Cohort, 2018



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The City of Louisville has an older population than the surrounding communities. The median age is 42 years old and over half of Louisville residents are between the age of 25 and 64. The percent of residents over the age of 55 years old increased from 12 percent in 2000 to 32 percent in 2018 as shown in **Figure 12**. All other age cohorts have experienced a decrease in the percent of residents. The shift to a greater percentage of older residents is attributed to the aging of existing residents and relatively (to neighboring communities aside from Superior) limited new housing growth that has occurred in Louisville since 2000.

Figure 12. Louisville Residents by Age Cohort, 2000, 2010 and 2018



Employment

Total employment in 2018 was 14,919 for the City of Louisville and 4,163 for the McCaslin Subarea. The largest employment sectors in the City are Health Care, Retail Trade, and Information. Within the McCaslin Subarea, the Information, Retail Trade, and Accommodation and Food Services industries employ the most people.

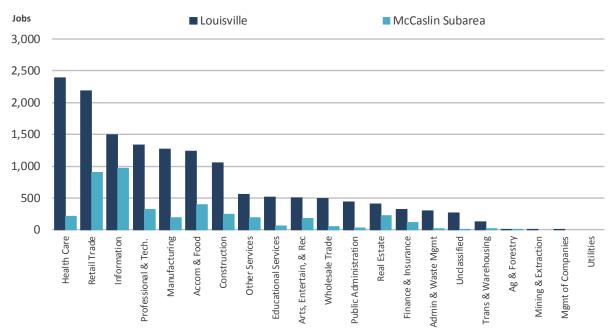


Figure 13. McCaslin Subarea and Louisville Employment by Industry

Source: ESRI; Economic & Planning Systems

The City of Louisville has a small portion of residents that live and work in the city—just under 11 percent. These 1,080 residents make up 7 percent of Louisville's employment base, as shown in **Table 4**.

Table 4. Inflow and Outflow of Residents and Workers in Louisville, 2015

Description	Total	Percent	
Labor Force Resident and Employed in Louisville Resident in Louisville, but work elsewhere Total Residents in Louisville	1,080 9,024 10,104	10.7% 89.3% 100.0%	
Employment Resident and Employed in Louisville Empolyed in Louisville, but live elsewhere Total Employees in Louisville	1,080 13,961 15,041	7.2% 92.8% 100.0%	

Source: LEHD; Economic & Planning Systems

As shown in **Table 5**, Louisville has a jobs-housing ratio of 1.68, meaning there are more jobs than housing units in the city. Nearby communities of Superior and Erie have significantly more housing units than jobs and have ratios well below 1. At 2.39, the City of Boulder has the highest ratio in the area; 75 percent of Boulder's workforce commutes in from other cities as a result (LEHD). Approximately 28 percent of employed Louisville residents commute to Boulder for work, as shown in **Table 6**.

Table 5. Jobs-Housing Ratio

	Jobs	2018 Housing Units	Ratio
US-36 Corridor Cities/Tow	vns		
Louisville	14,919	8,871	1.68
Superior	2,956	4,864	0.61
Boulder	112,868	47,129	2.39
Lafayette	12,274	12,041	1.02
Erie	2,542	8,629	0.29
US-36 Corridor Counties			
Boulder County	196,323	138,676	1.42
Broomfield County	39,373	28,642	1.37

Source: ESRI; Economic & Planning Systems

Table 6. Where Louisville Residents Work

Destination	Jobs	Pct
Boulder	2.843	28%
Denver	1,373	14%
Louisville	1,080	11%
Broomfield	457	5%
Westminster	366	4%
Longmont	326	3%
Lafayette	324	3%
Lakewood	284	3%
Aurora	276	3%
All Other Locations	<u>2,775</u>	<u>27%</u>
Total	10,104	100%

Source: LEHD; Economic & Planning Systems

Trade Areas Demographics

Retail trade areas were developed for the McCaslin Subarea to illustrate the consumer shed for retailers in the McCaslin Subarea and to estimate existing and future demand for retail from these trade areas. The Community Trade Area used for this analysis represents the primary capture area for retailers providing everyday shopping items (e.g., Safeway). A Community Trade Area is typically a 2-mile radius in size. The Regional Trade Area represents the primary capture area for retailers providing destination oriented, occasional shopping (e.g., Home Depot, Lowe's, and Kohl's). A regional trade area is typically a 5 to 7-mile radius in size. The community and regional trade area boundaries used in this analysis are shown in **Figure 14**.

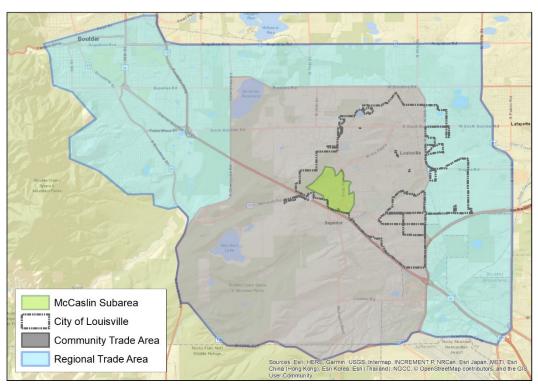


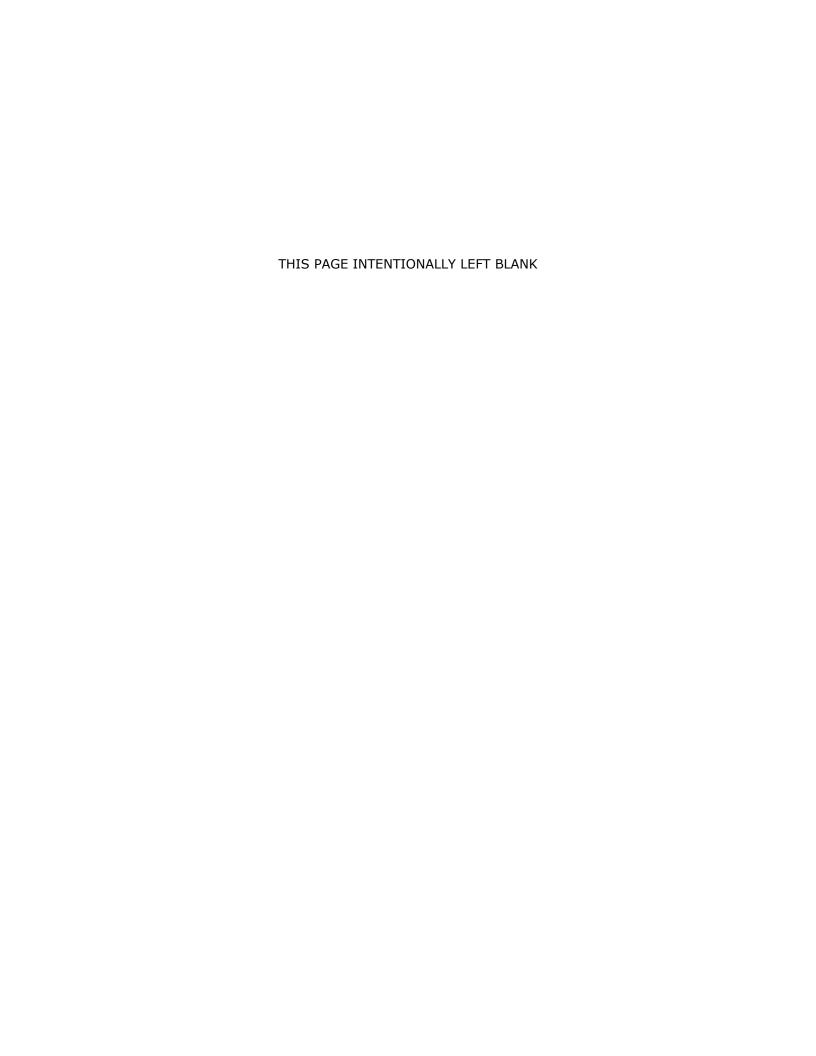
Figure 14. Community and Regional Trade Area Boundaries

The demographic composition of Louisville versus the surrounding region is shown in **Table 7**. The population within the Community Trade Area is 38,399, and within the Regional Trade Area is 127,887. Household incomes in Louisville are lower than the Community Trade Area but higher than the Regional Trade Area. Louisville has the highest median age (42) and a higher percentage of family households than both the Community and Regional Trade Areas.

Table 7. Louisville and Trade Area Demographics, 2018

Description	Louisville	Community Trade Area	Regional Trade Area	
Population	21,208	38,399	127,887	
Households	8,681	15,180	51,621	
Avg. Household Size	2.4	2.5	2.3	
Percent of Family Households	66.5%	65.3%	48.6%	
Avg. Household Income	\$121,634	\$129,912	\$104,978	
Median Household Income	\$94,971	\$100,820	\$71,071	
Median Age	42	38	31	
Education				
Bachelor's	37.6%	38.3%	35.2%	
Master's Plus	35.2%	35.9%	37.2%	

Source: ESRI; Economic & Planning Systems



4. Retail Market Analysis

This section is an analysis of retail and commercial market conditions and potentials for the McCaslin Subarea and for Study Area properties including a summary of national and local retail trends, existing sales and spending levels, competitive development patterns, and future opportunities.

National Trends

The retail industry has shifted greatly over the last 10 to 15 years, impacted by the growth of internet sales, declining brick and mortar store sales, retail chain consolidations, and demographic shifts and preferences. Collectively, these trends are impacting store sizes and reducing the overall demand for new retail space locally and nationally.

- The Rise of E-Commerce Between 2001 and 2015, total online retail purchases (excluding auto related) grew from approximately \$29 billion to \$310 billion, an 18.4 percent annual growth rate. Online sales accounted for 22 percent of total retail sales growth. During the same period, brick and mortar stores grew at a 3.7 percent annual growth rate, decreasing their share of the total retail market from 98 percent to 89 percent. Despite still accounting for only 11 percent of overall spending, the growth in online shopping is impacting the demand for traditional brick and mortar stores. This also affects the way retailers are doing business, pushing them to alter store formats and incorporate online sales and marketing into their business concepts. The list of top online retailers reinforces this point as many have a significant brick and mortar presence as well. This group includes such major retailers as Walmart, Target, Home Depot, Best Buy, and Bed Bath & Beyond.
- Changing Retail Mix These changes in spending patterns are impacting the mix of retail space in aggregate as well as within individual districts, corridors, and centers. The restaurant, bar, and microbrewery segment has grown rapidly, and new food and beverage formats have been introduced (e.g., food halls and market halls, farm to table restaurants, and food trucks). These market/food hall establishments (metro area examples include Denver Central Market, The Source, and Avanti in Denver and Stanley Marketplace in Aurora) focus on creating a community atmosphere with shared eating and common spaces and a variety of food options and small format retail options. In contrast, the growth of shoppers' goods store space (general merchandise, apparel, furniture, and other shoppers' goods) is flat or declining, as exhibited by numerous store closures by Macy's, JCPenney, Sears, and Kmart.

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- Store and Chain Consolidation Over the past five years, there have been nearly 200 retail chain bankruptcies. In 2017, CNN Money reported there were 5,300 store closing announcements through June 20 compared to 6,200 in 2008 during the Great Recession. There are fewer stores in the market now, making it more difficult to find tenants for new retail developments or to refill existing spaces. Vacancies are increasing nationally as large blocks of space are vacated by store brands that no longer exist.
- **Big Box Reuse** The loss of anchor stores coupled with an overall decrease of retailers on the market makes re-tenanting vacant big box stores difficult. Retail developers have had some success filling these vacancies with nontraditional tenants, specifically ones that are fitness or entertainment oriented. Gym franchises such Vasa Fitness, Gold's Gym, Chuze Fitness, Planet Fitness and Crunch Fitness are also frequently located in former big box stores and grocery stores. Between 2016 and 2017, at least 16 fitness centers of 18,500 square feet or larger leased vacant retail space in the Denver metro area totaling over 600,000 square feet of space. Aqua-Tots, a national swimming instruction company, and other similar chains often seek out empty store buildings for new locations, including Aqua-Tots Littleton and Highlands Ranch sites and the forthcoming Goldfish Swim School in Superior.

These trends are manifesting themselves within Louisville and the region. The impact of E-commerce and store consolidations are evident in the loss of anchor stores along the US-36 Corridor in Superior (Sports Authority), Louisville (Sam's Club and soon to be Kohl's), and Broomfield (Best Buy and Great Indoors). Going forward the trends in retail will place a greater priority on more experience-oriented retail and adapting to changing technologies.

Regional Trends

Northwest Metro Area Retail Development History

Built in 1993, Centennial Valley was the first major retail center located between Boulder and Westminster. Substantial retail development occurred from 2000 to 2005 in Superior and Broomfield as shown in **Figure 15**, creating major competition with greater access and visibility to Highway 36. Since 2005, regional retail development has followed housing development with a shift to Boulder, US-287, and I-25.

Major Shopping Centers
Year Built

Before 2000
2000 to 2005
After 2005
McCaslin Subarea
Louisville
Community Trade Area
Regional Trade Area
Regional Trade Area
Regional Trade Area

Figure 15. North Denver Metro Area Major Retail Centers by Year Built

Regional Retail Anchor Inventory

As shown in **Table 8**, most of the typical, larger anchor retailers are already located within the Regional Trade Area. Most of the major retailers not present were formerly located in the area but left due to low performance (e.g., Ross, Sam's Club, Hobby Lobby) or as part of a chain consolidating or closing (Sports Authority, Great Indoors and Office Depot).

Table 8. Existing Retail Inventory

	Total S	Stores		Total	Stores
	Community	Regional	·	Community	Regional
Retailer	Trade Area	Trade Area	Retailer	Trade Area	Trade Area
Large Format/Anchor			Office Supplies		
Discounter/Supercenter			Office Depot	0	1
Target	1	2	Staples	0	1
Walmart Supercenter	1	2	OfficeMax	1	1
Macy's	1	2			
Kohl's	1	1	Sporting Goods		
JC Penney	0	0	Dick's Sporting Goods	1	1
Warehouse Clubs			REI	0	1
Costco	1	1			
Sam's Club	0	0	Pets		
Building Materials & Gar	den		PetSmart	1	1
Home Depot	1	2	Petco	0	1
Lowe's	1	1			
			Arts and Crafts		
Apparel			Hobby Lobby	0	0
TJ Maxx	1	1	Michael's	1	2
Ross	0	0	Jo Ann Fabrics	0	1
Marshalls	0	1			
DSW	1	1	Books/Music/Toys		
Old Navy	1	1	Barnes & Noble	0	1
Appliances/Electronics					
Best Buy	0	1			

Source: Economic & Planning Systems

Grocery Store Inventory

Grocery Stores are a traditional anchor for shopping centers oriented to a community level trade area (2-miles). Existing grocery stores within the Community Trade Area are listed in **Table 9** and shown in **Figure 16**. The seven grocery stores in the Community Trade Area include two Safeway stores, one of which is located next to the former Sam's Club in Parcel O. There is a growing presence of natural food grocers (Whole Foods, Sprouts and Alfalfa's) in the metro area. Other traditional grocers, such as Safeway and Albertsons, are losing market share and are no longer actively opening new stores in the Denver metro market.

Table 9. Existing Grocery Store Inventory

	Community Trade Area	
Retailer	Location	# of Stores
Alfalfa's Market		1
	785 E. South Boulder Rd., Louis	sville
King Sooper's		1
King Soopers	1375 E South Boulder Rd., Lou	•
Safeway	910 W. Cherry St., Louis ville	2
	1601 Coalton Rd., Superior	
Target	400 Marshall Rd., Superior	1
	. oo maronan ran, oaponor	
Walmart Supercenter	500 O 'I DI I D 5 I I	1
	500 Summit Blvd., Broomfield	
Whole Foods		1
	303 Marshall Rd., Superior	
Total		7

Source: Economic & Planning Systems



Figure 16. Existing Grocery Store Locations

Retail Market Conditions

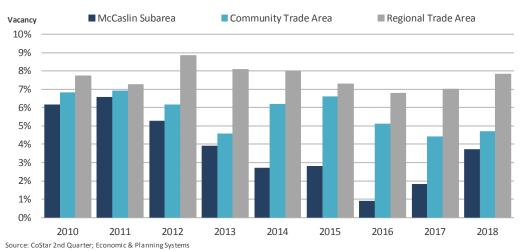
The McCaslin Subarea is still a strong retail location for neighborhood and community uses. Rental rates are higher than in the Community Trade Area, and vacancy rates are lower than the surrounding areas (excluding the Sam's Club building) as shown in **Figure 17** and **Figure 18**. The average rental rate in the McCaslin Subarea was \$20.92 (NNN) at the end of 2018. The vacancy rate in the McCaslin Subarea was 3.7 percent at the end of 2018 (excluding Sam's Club), which is lower than the rate in the Community Trade Area (4.7 percent) and Regional Trade Area (7.8 percent).

Rent ■ McCaslin Subarea Community Trade Area ■ Regional Trade Area \$25 \$20 \$15 \$10 \$5 \$0 2014 2015 2016 2017 2018 2010 2011 2012 2013

Figure 17. Retail Rental Rates

Source: CoStar 2nd Quarter; Economic & Planning Systems





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Retail Inventory

There has been minimal new retail development activity in the McCaslin Subarea in the last eight years. The only inventory addition occurred in 2016 with the construction of a small center at the corner of McCaslin Blvd and West Dillon Road. The Community Trade Area and Regional Trade Area also experienced little growth over this time frame; both areas grew at 0.2 percent annually, as shown in **Table 10**. The Community Trade Area attracted 81,000 square feet of new space since 2010.

Table 10. Retail Inventory Trends

										2	010-2018	
	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	Total	Ann.#	Ann. %
Retail Inventory (Sq Ft)												
McCaslin Subarea	905,957	905,957	905,957	905,957	905,957	905,957	900,677	913,331	913,331	7,374	922	0.1%
Community Trade Area	4,013,824	4,013,824	4,013,824	4,013,824	4,018,274	4,050,565	4,042,910	4,078,546	4,080,843	67,019	8,377	0.2%
Regional Trade Area	9,511,506	9,512,989	9,518,489	9,541,563	9,544,945	9,591,236	9,547,317	9,593,164	9,673,201	161,695	20,212	0.2%

Source: CoStar 2nd Quarter; Economic & Planning Systems

Table 11. New Retail Construction

	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018*	2010-2 Total	018* Ann. Avg.
New Construction McCaslin Subarea	0	0	0	0	0	0	12,654	0	0	12,654	1,489
Community Trade Area	2,796	0	0	0	36,741	0	16,154	25,279	0	80,970	9,526
Regional Trade Area	7,796	13,083	11,567	17,007	53,897	0	16,154	92,313	21,930	233,747	27,500

^{*} Through 2018 Q2

Source: CoStar; Economic & Planning Systems

Planned Projects

Planned retail projects in the Community Trade Area include small infill projects such as the Blue Star Lane and S. Boulder Road project in Louisville and the Ethan Allen Showroom in Superior (described below) or retail space planned as part of larger mixed-use (re)development projects. The Downtown Superior project is planned to add up to 1,400 new housing units and up to 800,000 square feet of commercial uses (retail and office). The eventual development program for Downtown Superior is not set as it will be impacted by its ability to attract retail and employment uses to the site. Regardless of the ultimate amount of retail space developed, it will be competitive with the McCaslin Subarea. The Flatiron Marketplace redevelopment is another mixed use project with a retail component, which will replace an existing retail power center. Redevelopment projects in the McCaslin Subarea will likely be similar in terms of its mix of uses (retail vs. non-retail uses) and may compete for retailers.

Figure 19. Planned Retail and Mixed-Use Developments

Planned Retail and Mixed-Use Developments



Downtown Superior

- 1,400 residential units
- 817,600 SF commercial and retail
- 150,000 SF indoor recreation
- 42 acres

The Downtown Superior plan includes 25 restaurants and 20 retailers.



Flatiron Marketplace

Hwy 36 & E. Flatiron Crossing Dr., Broomfield

- 20 acres
- 3 phases
- 1,200 residential units
- 12,000 SF commercial

Phase I includes 327 apartments and 4,000 SF of commercial space constructed around an existing parking garage.



North End Market

Blue Star Lane & S. Boulder Rd., Louisville

- 4,000 SF retail
- 3,350 SF restaurant building



Ethan Allen Design Center, Superior Marketplace

600 Center Dr., Superior

- 11,971 SF
- 1.27 acres

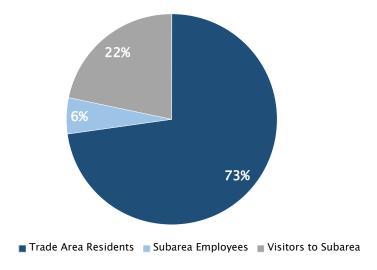
The Design Center will include 277 SF of warehouse space, 683 SF of office space, and 11,011 SF of retail space.

McCaslin Subarea Sales Conditions

Distribution of Sales in Subarea

Businesses in the McCaslin Subarea produced \$146 million in net taxable sales in 2017 which generated \$5.1 million sales tax revenue for the City of Louisville. Approximately 80 percent of the net taxable sales occurred in traditional retail stores and restaurants. Sales in the Subarea by consumer group include people who live in the Community Trade Area, people who work in the McCaslin Subarea, and shoppers who visit the Subarea, which includes people who live outside the trade area and/or are visitors to the area (e.g., hotel guests, hockey tournament participants). EPS estimated the distribution of sales in the Subarea to understand what is driving retail demand and how much uses that generated new visitors (employment and hospitality) contribute to the sales base.





- Sales to Residents The Community Trade Area has 38,399 residents in 15,180 households. These residents are estimated to generate \$371 million in annual retail purchases, of which \$81 million are captured in the Subarea. The trade area resident sales account for 73 percent of Subarea sales. This estimate is based on the existing stores in the Subarea and their actual net taxable sales in 2017.
- Sales to Employees The McCaslin Subarea has an estimated 4,263 employees working in the Subarea. The estimated spending by workers in the Subarea is based on estimated office worker spending from the International Council of Shopping Centers (ICSC), which surveys spending patterns of office workers nationally. ICSC estimates that an average office worker spends approximately \$4,750 annually on retail goods while at or near their place of work. Based on the actual stores present in the McCaslin Subarea (also

- considering retail in areas surrounding the Subarea), EPS estimates an average worker spends approximately \$1,450 annually in the Subarea, which is a total of \$6.2 million or approximately 6 percent of Subarea retail sales (netting out workers who also live in the Community Trade Area).
- Sales to Visitors Visitors to the subarea are estimated to generate \$24.2 million or 22 percent of total Subarea sales. This percentage of sales to visitors is an approximation of the amount of sales inflow to the Subarea, which means this amount of sales (and associated customers) that are from people who are traveling to the Subarea to make retail purchases, which is referred to trade area Inflow. Despite having a few regionally oriented retailers (Home Depot, Lowe's and Kohl's) the amount of inflow is not a large portion of the sales meaning that the retailers in the Subarea are mainly serving the residents of the Community Trade Area.

Sales Tax Trends

The amount of sales tax generated in the McCaslin Subarea has been growing steadily over the past eight years since Sam's Club closed. The Subarea accounted for \$5.1 million in sales tax revenue in 2017 and generates more sales tax now than it did in 2009 which was the last full year in which Sam's Club was open. In 2009, the Subarea produced \$4.4 million in sales tax revenues, which dropped to \$3.6 million in 2010, as shown in **Figure 21**. Sales tax levels exceeded the 2009 totals for the first time in 2015, which means it took five years to recapture the loss of sales attributed to Sam's Club. Despite the loss of Sam's Club, sales tax revenue generated in the Subarea has grown by 2.1 percent annually since 2009, which exceeds the rate of inflation for this period.

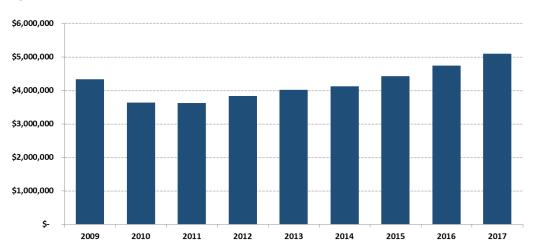
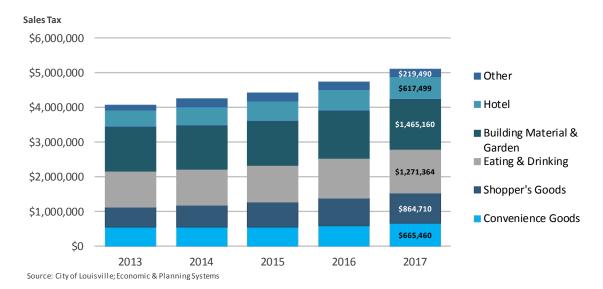


Figure 21. McCaslin Subarea Sales Tax, 2009 to 2017

In the past five years, the McCaslin Subarea experienced nearly 6 percent annual growth in sales tax revenue. As shown in **Figure 22**, Building Materials and Eating/Drinking establishments accounted for most of the sales tax revenue generated, while the six area hotels provided nearly 15 percent of the sales tax revenue. Sales tax generated from building materials stores, eating and drinking establishments, hotels, and marijuana sales accounted for the vast majority of retail sales tax growth (85 percent) since 2013.

Figure 22. Sales Tax Trends



Retail Demand

In this section we estimate future retail demand for the Community Trade Area. Demand is estimated based on household expenditures in the trade area. The future demand estimate is based on household growth estimates for the trade area. Retail expenditure potential is estimated based on the percent of income spent on average by store category as outlined in the steps below.

- Based on the U.S. Census of Retail Trade, the percent of Total Personal
 Income (TPI) spent by store category is determined using retail expenditure
 potential by retail NAICS categories that correspond with retail store
 categories. This calculation estimates expected resident spending patterns.
- The growth in trade area expenditure potential is estimated by the same calculation applied to the estimated growth in TPI by time period. TPI calculations are in constant dollars.
- The amount of retail space supported by the growth in trade area expenditures is estimated by dividing expenditure potential by average annual sales per square foot estimates for each store category.

The TPI for the Community Trade Area is estimated by multiplying the number of households by the average household income, as shown in **Table 12**. The future growth of the Community Trade Area is estimated to be 2,450 units from 2018 to 2028.

Table 12. Community Trade Area Total Personal Income, 2018 to 2028

Community Trade Area	2018	2028	Change 2018-2028
Households Avg. Household Income Total Personal Income	15,180	17,636	2,456
	<u>\$129,912</u>	<u>\$129,912</u>	<u>—</u>
	\$1,972,064,160	\$2,291,112,895	\$319,048,735

Source: US Census; ESRI; Economic & Planning Systems

The average Colorado household spends approximately 35.1 percent of its TPI in retail stores, as shown in **Table 13**. The annual expenditure potential for total retail goods in the Community Trade Area is estimated to grow by \$54 million from 2018 to 2028.

The expenditure potential for the Community Trade Area was converted into demand for retail square feet by using average sales per square foot factors. The Community Trade Area has a current total demand for retail of approximately 1.9 million square feet, as shown in **Table 14**. Demand from new housing growth in the Community Trade Area is estimated to generate demand for 149,000 square feet of new retail space over the 2018 to 2028 time period.

Table 13. Retail Expenditure Potential by Store Category, 2018 to 2028

			Community Tra	
Store Type	Retail Sales % TPI (2012)	2018 (\$000s)	20208 (\$000s)	Change 2018-2028 (\$000s)
	,	(,,,,,	(,,,,,	(,,,,,
Total Personal Income (TPI)	100%	\$1,972,064	\$2,125,611	\$153,547
Convenience Goods				
Supermarkets and Other Grocery Stores	6.9%	\$136,451	\$147,075	\$10,624
Convenience Stores (incl. Gas Stations) ¹	2.0%	\$39,032	\$42,072	\$3,039
Beer, Wine, & Liquor Stores	1.1%	\$21,234	\$22,887	\$1,653
Health and Personal Care	<u>1.7%</u>	<u>\$32,846</u>	<u>\$35,404</u>	<u>\$2,557</u>
Total Convenience Goods	11.6%	\$229,564	\$247,438	\$17,874
Shopper's Goods				
General Merchandise				
Traditional Department Stores	0.5%	\$10,001	\$10,780	\$779
Discount Department Stores and Other	0.9%	\$17,307	\$18,654	\$1,348
Warehouse Clubs & Supercenters	<u>5.8%</u>	<u>\$114,380</u>	<u>\$123,285</u>	<u>\$8,906</u>
Subtotal	7.2%	\$141,330	\$152,334	\$11,004
Other Shopper's Goods				
Clothing & Accessories	2.2%	\$42,454	\$45,760	\$3,306
Furniture & Home Furnishings	1.2%	\$23,232	\$25,040	\$1,809
Electronics & Appliances	1.1%	\$21,031	\$22,669	\$1,638
Sporting Goods, Hobby, Book, & Music Stores	1.3%	\$24,866	\$26,802	\$1,936
Miscellaneous Retail	<u>1.3%</u>	<u>\$25,449</u>	<u>\$27,430</u>	<u>\$1,981</u>
Subtotal	6.9%	\$137,032	\$147,702	\$10,669
Total Shopper's Goods	14.1%	\$278,362	\$300,036	\$21,674
Eating and Drinking	6.1%	\$120,092	\$129,442	\$9,350
Building Material & Garden				
Total Building Material & Garden	3.3%	\$64,394	\$69,408	\$5,014
Total Retail Goods	35.1%	\$692,412	\$746,324	\$53,912

¹Convenience Stores w/Gas (44711) are multiplied by 50% to exclude gas sales

Source: 2012 Census of Retail Trade; Economic & Planning Systems

Table 14. Supportable Retail Square Feet, 2018 to 2028

		Community Tra	ide Area
Store Type	Avg. Sales Per Sq. Ft.	Total Supportable Space 2018	New Demand 2018-2028
Convenience Goods			
Supermarkets and Other Grocery Stores	\$400	341,000	27,000
Convenience Stores (incl. Gas Stations)	\$400	98,000	8,000
Beer, Wine, & Liquor Stores	\$300	71,000	6,000
Health and Personal Care	\$400	<u>82,000</u>	<u>6,000</u>
Total Convenience Goods		592,000	47,000
Shopper's Goods General Merchandise			
Traditional Department Stores	\$250	40,000	3,000
Discount Department Stores	\$350	49,000	4,000
Warehouse Clubs & Supercenters Subtotal	\$500	<u>229,000</u> 318,000	18,000 25,000
Subtotal		310,000	25,000
Other Shopper's Goods			
Clothing & Accessories	\$350	121,000	9,000
Furniture & Home Furnishings	\$250	93,000	7,000
Electronics & Appliances	\$500	42,000	3,000
Sporting Goods, Hobby, Book, & Music Stores	\$350	71,000	6,000
Miscellaneous Retail	\$250	<u>102,000</u>	<u>8,000</u>
Subtotal		429,000	33,000
Total Shopper's Goods		747,000	58,000
Eating and Drinking	\$350	343,000	27,000
Building Material & Garden	\$300	215,000	17,000
Total Retail Goods		1,897,000	149,000

Source: 2012 Census of Retail Trade; Economic & Planning Systems

Future Market Opportunities

The McCaslin Subarea market orientation has shifted from a regional destination when it was first developed, to a smaller community oriented retail node. The ongoing difficulty in attracting larger users to the vacant Sam's Club box and the soon to be vacant Kohl's illustrate the changing nature of the Subarea. The McCaslin area has attracted a limited amount of new retail space (12,500 square feet) since 2010 and the new space has been filled primarily by restaurants. Same is true for the larger trade area, as it has only grown by 8,500 square feet of retail space per year since 2010. Retailers and businesses providing goods and services that serve the surrounding Community Trade Area and nearby workforce are most likely the ones to be attracted to the Subarea.

Going forward, housing growth in the Community Trade Area is estimated to generate an estimated demand of 150,000 square feet of new space over the next 10 years. Currently, the McCaslin Subarea represents 22 percent of the retail space in the Community Trade Area, however only captured 11 percent of new retail space growth since 2010. If the Subarea is able to capture its historic 20 percent share of the new demand, there will be demand for approximately 30,000 square feet over the next 10 years. New retail space in a redevelopment within the Subarea will have to capture new resident sales (estimated 30,000 square feet) and recapture sales that are leaving the Subarea to areas within the Community Trade Area or to outside of the trade area. The base level estimate for new demand is estimated to be 30,000 square feet of new retail with potential to attract additional sales by attracting competitive anchors or junior anchors that address trade area gaps or compete with retailers in other communities within the trade area. The estimated range of potential new retail demand that can be captured in the Subarea is between 30,000 to 70,000 square feet of new space, some of which may occupy vacant retail spaces instead of new retail buildings.

The most likely large anchor of spaces that can be attracted to the subarea are ones that will serve the everyday needs of the Community Trade Area. King Soopers has been exploring a new store in the US-36 and McCaslin Blvd interchange area. It is likely an additional grocery can be attracted to the Subarea; however a new grocery may have major impacts on the existing Safeway. The changes in the liquor laws in Colorado will increase opportunities to attract a large liquor superstore chain to the Subarea. Other large users that can be attracted include entertainment, recreation and fitness uses. These types of uses are increasingly locating in community and neighborhood oriented shopping centers and serve similar trade areas as the retailers around them. Examples of entertainment uses include virtual reality and experiential sports venues. These uses generate additional visitation to retail centers and help add vitality to retail centers. However, they generate a low amount of retail sales and associated sales tax revenue. The refill of the vacant Sports Authority in the Superior Marketplace is an illustration of the tradeoffs and challenges of refilling vacant boxes. The

40,000 square foot Sports Authority space was being split into two spaces for Stickley, a furniture store and for a swim school. While the attraction of the furniture retailer is a positive fiscally for the Town, the amount of sales tax generated by the total space is less than previously generated as furniture store sales taxes are allocated to the destination if it is delivered, further limiting its local sales tax potential.

5. Alternative Uses Market Analysis

The market conditions and feasibility of uses that could be an alternative to retail in the McCaslin Subarea were analyzed including office, hotel, and multifamily residential uses.

Office Market Conditions

This section contains a summary of the office market conditions in Louisville and the larger trade area. A summary of national and local conditions and trends is provided.

National Trends

Nationally, office development is moving away from the single use, suburban office park or corporate campus to more mixed use, centrally located, and often transit-accessible locations in major urban areas. Much of this trend has been driven by shifting preferences from the workforce, especially younger, college educated Millennial-aged workers, who wish to have more access to amenities near work such as shopping, services, and dining. Their choice of place to live is being driven by considerations of quality of life and opportunity for employment. As result, employers are making location decisions to be located centrally to their target workforce and locations that have an attractive quality of life. Other office space trends impacting the development and locations of new space include:

- More Efficient Office Space Businesses are leasing less office space per person than in past years. Technology has reduced the need for space, and new workplace designs are more efficient. Open floor plans and shared spaces are becoming more common. In these settings, workers are freer to move around an office with a laptop and mobile phone. The National Association for Industrial and Office Parks (NAIOP) reported in 2015 that the average office lease size had dropped by approximately 10 percent from 2004 through 2014. Some of the trend in efficiency (more workers per square foot of building area) is driven by cost. Fast growing industries like technology are not necessarily cutting space requirements as they desire spacious and luxurious offices to attract the highest skilled talent. Slower growth industries such as law and accounting are reducing their space requirements to cut costs.
- **Co-Working Space** Co-working space is a new type of office space in which tenants rent desk(s) space in a space shared with other workers and firms. They are popular with small new firms, which can be in any field including professional services, creative industries, and technology. Tenants have access to conference rooms and shared office equipment (e.g., printers, broadband, reception, etc.). The benefits of co-working space are that they

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typically have lower tenant finish levels and lower cost than traditional office space and are flexible in that they give a firm a low-cost way to grow from one to a few employees. They also offer, and are marketed for, opportunities for collaboration and knowledge sharing with likeminded people and potential business partners. Some also offer events including networking, speakers, and skill development workshops. Co-working space is popular with entrepreneurs and remote workers. It is becoming more common in major and mid-sized cities but is still a small portion of the total office market.

Local Office Conditions

The City of Louisville is located between two larger office concentrations in the City of Boulder to the north and the Interlocken/Arista area of Broomfield to the south. These concentrations fall within the Regional Trade Area but outside of the Community Trade Area, as shown in **Figure 23**.

Between 2010 and 2018, the Regional Trade Area added 1.3 million square feet of office space, however the Community Trade Area added only 159,573 square feet. Approximately 50 percent of this new inventory is in Boulder, and 30 percent is in Broomfield. There are also several new projects proposed and under construction, as shown in **Figure 23** and in **Table 15**.

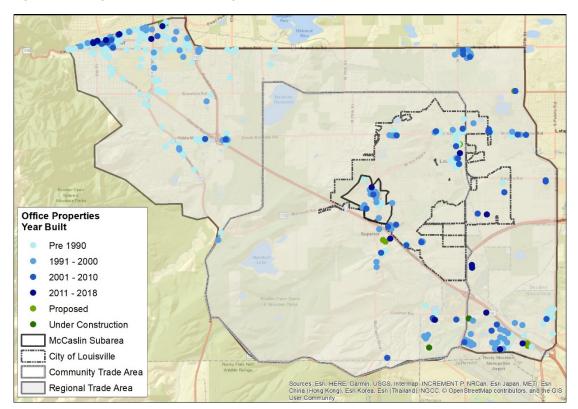


Figure 23. Regional Office Inventory

The McCaslin Subarea has 943,300 square feet of office space spread over 21 buildings. A 58,000 square foot building was constructed in Centennial Valley in 2018; this was the McCaslin Subarea's first office inventory addition since 2008. This building accounted for 36 percent of the new space added to the Community Trade Area and 4 percent of the Regional Trade Area. The majority of the area's inventory is older, Class B office space.

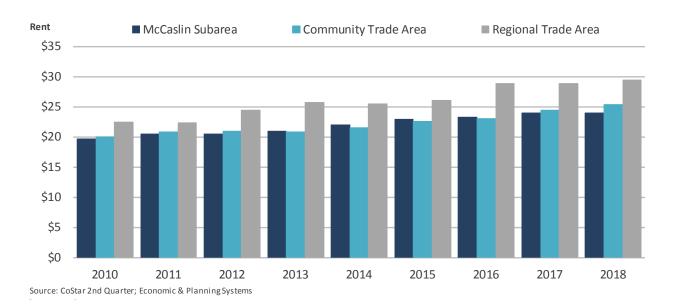
Table 15. Office Inventory Trends

	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	Total	Ann.#	Ann. %
Office Inventory (Sq Ft) McCaslin Subarea	885,611	885,611	885,611	885,611	885,611	885,611	885,611	885,611	943,311	57,700	7,213	0.8%
Community Trade Area	2,734,415	2,734,415	2,734,415	2,734,415	2,734,415	2,734,415	2,745,424	2,745,424	2,893,988	159,573	19,947	0.7%
Regional Trade Area	10,084,723	10,374,012	10,374,012	10,576,998	10,572,468	10,512,468	10,553,470	10,792,225	11,410,377	1,325,654	165,707	1.6%

Source: CoStar 2nd Quarter; Economic & Planning Systems

Rental Rates in the McCaslin Subarea have historically been on par with the Community Trade Area. Rates for the Regional Trade Area have been consistently higher than the two smaller trade areas, as they include office properties in Boulder and Broomfield, which have larger office concentrations. The average rental rates in the McCaslin Subarea have exceeded \$25 per square foot (NNN) and have increased steadily since 2010.

Figure 24. Office Rental Rates



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The office vacancy rate in the McCaslin Subarea was higher than the surrounding areas in six of the last nine years, in part due to the small size and inventory of the area. A new space in the Centennial Valley Business Park came online in 2018 and is in the process of leasing up, which caused an increase in the 2018 vacancy rate. The growing rental rates and the low vacancy rate in the trade areas in 2017 are indicators of demand for space and the market has responded with new additions in the immediate McCaslin Subarea and Superior areas.

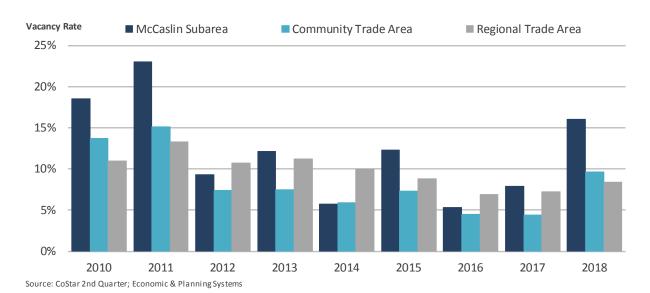


Figure 25. Office Vacancy Rates

The planned office development projects in the area are described below. Larger, new office projects are primarily build-to-suit developments with a single tenant occupying the building. Smaller, speculative projects have been built in recent years, but there is a limited number of these types of projects planned in the area.

Table 16. Planned Office Market Developments

Planned Office Market Developments



Partners Group Headquarters

1200 El Dorado Blvd., Broomfield

- Three-building complex on 12.5 acres
- Total of 22 acres owned
- 2019 completion

The American headquarters for Switzerlandbased Partners Group, a private-markets investment manager, is under construction and expected to open in 2019.



Viega Headquarters

575 Interlocken Blvd., Broomfield

- 55,000 SF headquarters
- 24,000 SF training facility
- 11.8 acres
- 2018 completion

Germany-based Viega LLC is relocating its North American headquarters from Wichita, KS.



EOS Phase II, III, IV

Edgeview Dr., Broomfield

- Proposed 2019-2020
- Anticipated LEED Platinum

The four-building office campus will consist of approximately 850,000 rentable square feet. Phase I was completed in August 2012.



The Ridge at Colorado Tech Center

S. Taylor Ave., Louisville

- Proposed 2019
- 109,000 SF

CoStar lists this site as a proposed office project, however, it may be an industrial/flex use similar to other sites in the CTC.

Office Market Potentials

The Centennial Valley development is a significant employment node along the US-36 corridor, which is a benefit to the McCaslin subarea and larger Louisville community. There are remaining vacant parcels in the development that will over time build out with employment uses. The area is attractive for potential businesses to locate, especially as a more accessible and affordable office location for firms wanting to be near Boulder. However, introduction of employment office uses within a shopping center redevelopment or reconfiguration will be difficult given the competitive sites and locations nearby.

The Community Trade Area has grown by 160,000 square feet of office space since 2010 and the McCaslin subarea has captured 36 percent of this new office space growth—58,000 square feet—primarily in one new office building. If employment growth and office development along the US-36 corridor continues at the historic rate of the past 20 years, there will be demand for approximately 200,000 square feet of new office space over the next 10 years. Using recent capture rates of new development for the subarea, the Subarea could capture 70,000 to 100,000 square feet of new space over the next 10 years.

Multifamily Market Conditions

Local For-Rent Multifamily Conditions

The demand in the apartment market along the US-36 corridor has been strong over the past five years. Average rental rates for communities along the US-36 corridor are higher than averages for the Denver Metro Area and vacancy rates are low.

The McCaslin Subarea has attracted one multifamily for-rent property, Copper Ridge Apartment Homes, and one for-sale multifamily property, Centennial Pavilions, since 1994. Inventory in the Community Trade Area grew at an average of 3.8 percent, or 111 units per year, between 2010 and 2018, as shown in **Table 17**. The Regional Trade Area grew by 2.9 percent and 355 units per year over the same time frame.

It should be noted that the Arista District in Broomfield is just outside of the Community Trade Area for this Study and includes approximately 1,600 apartment units.

Table 17. Multifamily Inventory Trends

										2010-2018		
	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	Total	Ann.#	Ann. %
Multifamily Inventory (Unit	s)											
McCaslin Subarea	129	129	129	129	129	129	129	129	129	0	0	0.0%
Community Trade Area	2,539	2,539	2,539	2,539	2,767	2,987	2,987	3,298	3,428	889	111	3.8%
Regional Trade Area	10,976	10,989	11,005	11,005	12,039	13,079	13,236	13,645	13,812	2,836	355	2.9%

Source: CoStar 2nd Quarter; Economic & Planning Systems

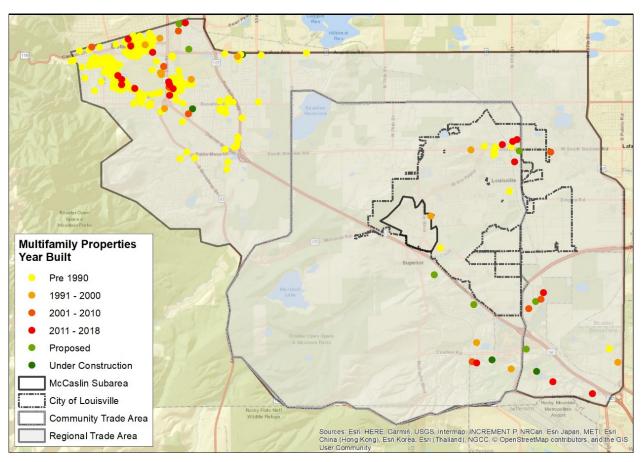


Figure 26. Regional Apartment Inventory

Rents at The Copper Ridge Apartment Homes have historically been lower than the surrounding areas, as demonstrated in **Figure 27**. Average rents for the Regional Trade Area, which includes Boulder, have been consistently higher than the Community Trade Area and McCaslin Subarea.

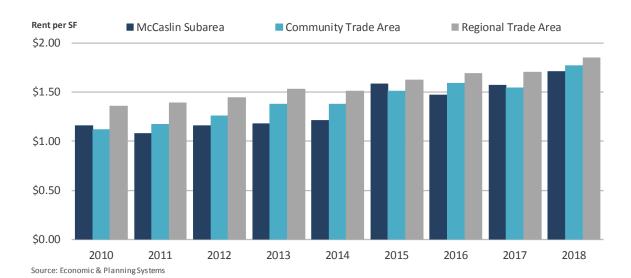


Figure 27. Apartment Rent per Square Feet

The Community Trade Area has a significantly higher multifamily vacancy rate than the McCaslin Subarea and Regional Trade Area due to new inventory that came online in 2017.

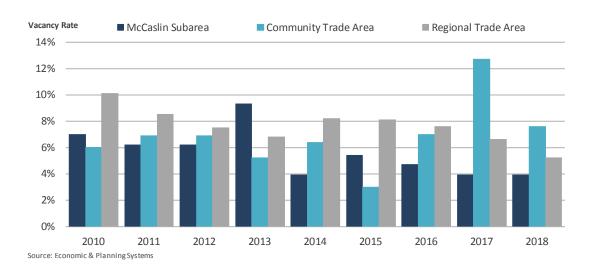


Figure 28. Apartment Vacancy Rate

The larger apartment complexes in the region (not including Boulder) are shown in **Table 18**. There are currently seven new projects under construction or proposed. There is a divergence in the achievable rents within this competitive set of projects that helps illustrate the feasibility of new development in the area. The majority of units built in the area have average rent per square foot of approximately \$1.75. The two most recent projects in Louisville have been able to achieve higher rental rates of over \$2.10 per square foot. The new projects are urban products built with structured parking. These higher average lease rates are necessary for a project with structured parking to be feasible. The other complexes in the region are primarily surface/detached garage parked with some tuck-under spaces. The level of rent needed to support new development for these more suburban/walk-up complexes is lower at around the \$1.80 per square foot range.

The spread impacts the potential feasibility of a multifamily residential uses in the Study Area. For a more urban apartment complex, with structured parking, the new units will need to achieve rents similar to the DELO Apartments and Centre Court Apartments in Louisville of at or above \$2.10 per square foot. These projects are located next to Downtown Louisville and offer an attractive location. A new project along the McCaslin Blvd. may struggle to offer the same location appeal as Downtown Louisville and may not be able to support these rates. However, access to US-36, the proximity to the Flatiron Flyer BRT stop, and proximity to the jobs and retail in the subarea may be attractive to prospective residents as there are limited rental housing options in the area.

Table 18. Existing Apartment Developments

Apartments	Status	Address	City	Units	Year Built	Avg. Rent per Unit	Avg. Rent per Sq Ft
Portals Apartments	Existing	1722-1766 Garfield Ave	Louisville	50	1975	\$1,044	\$2.61
Grand View @ Flatirons	Existing	855 W Dillon Rd	Louisville	180	1990	\$1,589	\$1.88
Copper Ridge Apartment Homes	Existing	240 McCaslin Blvd	Louisville	129	1994	\$1,658	\$1.72
Bell Flatirons	Existing	2200 S Tyler Dr	Superior	1206	1998	\$1,779	\$1.71
Bell Summit at Flatirons	Existing	210 Summit Blvd	Broomfield	500	2004	\$1,537	\$1.51
Terracina Apartment Homes	Existing	13620 Via Varra Rd	Broomfield	386	2008	\$1,694	\$1.83
Catania Apartments	Existing	13585 Via Varra Rd	Broomfield	297	2009	\$1,681	\$1.67
Retreat at the Flatirons	Existing	13780 Del Corso	Broomfield	374	2014	\$1,890	\$1.79
Green Leaf RockVue	Existing	230-250 Summit Blvd	Broomfield	220	2014	\$1,616	\$1.67
Centre Court Apartments	Existing	745 E South Boulder Rd	Louisville	111	2016	\$1,875	\$2.10
DELO Apartments	Existing	1140 Cannon St	Louisville	130	2017	\$1,739	\$2.38
Average						\$1,646	\$1.90

Source: CoStar; Economic & Planning Systems

There are currently seven new projects under construction or proposed, as shown in **Table 19**.

Table 19. Planned For-Rent Multifamily Developments

Apartments	Status	Address	City	Units	Year Built
Summit Green Apartments	Under Construction	501 Summit Blvd	Broomfield	184	2019
Interlocken Apartments	Under Construction	355 Eldorado Blvd	Broomfield	311	2019
Rock Creek Zaharias Apartments	Proposed	2036 S 88th St	Louisville	258	2019
Downtown Superior Phase 1-Block 11	Proposed	US Hwy 36 & McCaslin Blvd	Superior	106	2019
Coal Creek Station	Proposed	S Boulder Rd	Louisville	54	2019
Flatiron Marketplace	Proposed	E Flatiron Crossing Dr	Broomfield	324	2019
Terracina Apartment Homes - Phase II	Proposed	13600 Via Varra Rd	Broomfield	100	2020

Source: CoStar; Economic & Planning Systems

Local For-Sale Multifamily Conditions

The larger Denver metro area has experienced limited new multifamily, for-sale development in the past decade. The impacts of construction defect litigations on condo projects built in the 2000's have increased risks and development costs (e.g. insurance costs) for condo developments. As a result, new condo development has been limited to areas that can support high-end, luxury condos that can support the increased risk and construction costs. New condo development since 2010 has primarily occurred in areas such as Downtown Boulder, Downtown Denver, and Cherry Creek.

There is currently one for-sale, multifamily project within the McCaslin subarea. The Centennial Pavilions project was built in 2005 and has 67 condo units. The average price of units sold in the project in the past two years is \$378,780 (\$328.42 per square foot), with units ranging from \$290,000 to \$451,000 (according to Boulder County Assessor).

There has been a recent increase in proposed condo projects in the Denver metro area outside of the areas mentioned previously with more activity in higher priced communities including Louisville and Boulder County. The North End development in Louisville is currently selling condos, North End Block 10, with an estimated completion data of 2020. Units are listed for sale between \$424,900 and \$494,900 (according to Markel Homes).

Multifamily Residential Market Opportunities

Boulder County and the US-36 Corridor are expected to continue to be desirable locations to capture employment growth over the next decade. Boulder County (the US-36 Corridor, and the City of Boulder especially) continues to increase in employment at a greater rate than housing units. As a result, there will be a continued demand for housing in communities along the US-36 corridor, especially for multifamily housing as it is currently an under-represented use.

The Community Trade Area is expected to grow in housing at similar rates as the past decade, with estimated demand of 1,000 to 1,200 new households in the trade area in the next 10 years.

The Community Trade Area has grown by 110 apartment units annually since 2010. The City of Louisville has only captured a minimal amount of new multifamily residential development during this time and the McCaslin subarea has captured no new for-rent housing in this period. (Note this is largely due to land use and zoning designations in the corridor that do not allow this use). Multifamily residential uses will be attracted to locations near employment, with access and visibility to major transportation/transit routes, and near retail goods and services. The McCaslin Subarea is an attractive location for this use and could capture a significant share of housing growth if these uses are allowed in the Subarea.

The demand for condos is difficult to gauge given the lack of recent development. Units within the Centennial Pavilions project are listed online for-rent, which may not indicate strong demand in the subarea for for-sale multifamily. The success of new projects, like the North End condo building, will help prove up demand within more suburban contexts such as Louisville. It is more likely that a for-rent project will be proposed in a redevelopment of Parcel O given the current demand, achievable rent rates, and the lower risk than condos. However, allowing for both product types should be the focus of any changes to development agreements and/or private covenants. Lower density, townhomes are likely in demand but not feasible given the required return within redevelopment of the project.

Hotel Conditions

The McCaslin Subarea contains five existing hotel properties. Across Highway 36, the Town of Superior's first hotel, Element, is under construction. The other hotel clusters in the larger regional trade area are located in the Interlocken area in Broomfield and in the City of Boulder, as shown in **Figure 29**.

Hotel Properties
Year Built

Pre 1990

1991 - 2000

2001 - 2010

2011 - 2018

Under Construction

McCaslin Subarea

City of Louisville

Community Trade Area

Regional Trade Area

Regional Trade Area

Regional Trade Area

Figure 29. Regional Hotel Inventory

Table 20. Planned Hotel Developments

Planned Hotel Developments

Element Hotel

- 1 Marshall Road, Superior
- 121 guest rooms
- 4 stories
- 2.6 acres

The Element Hotel is under construction on the former Boulder Valley Ice site, near the intersection of McCaslin Blvd. and Marshall Road.

The hotels that would be competitive with a new hotel in the McCaslin Subarea are shown in **Table 21**. There was an influx of new hotels in the area in the late 1990's and early 2000's when approximately 1,344 of the 1,899 rooms in the area were built. In 2017, there was a large influx of new hotel projects with 555 rooms added in 2017 and 2018 and a project under-construction in Superior as previously noted.

Table 21. Competitive Hotel Inventory

Description	City	Month/Year Built	Rooms
Quality Inn Louisville Boulder	Louisville	Mar 1996	68
Hampton Inn Boulder Louisville	Louisville	Aug 1996	80
Courtyard Boulder Louisville	Louisville	Nov 1996	154
La Quinta Inns & Suites Denver Boulder Louisville	Louisville	Apr 1997	120
Omni Interlocken Resort	Broomfield	Jul 1999	390
Best Western Plus Louisville Inn & Suites	Louisville	Oct 1999	62
Residence Inn Boulder Louisville	Louisville	Apr 2000	88
TownePlace Suites Boulder Broomfield Interlocken	Broomfield	Nov 2000	150
Renaissance Boulder Flatiron Hotel	Broomfield	Oct 2002	232
Hyatt House Boulder Broomfield	Broomfield	Jun 2010	123
Holiday Inn Express & Suites Denver Northwest Broomfield	Broomfield	Jul 2017	136
Residence Inn Boulder Broomfield Interlocken	Broomfield	Dec 2017	122
Fairfield Inn & Suites Boulder Broomfield Interlocken	Broomfield	Dec 2017	90
Hampton Inn & Suites Lafayette	Lafayette	Mar 2018	84

Source: STR; Economic & Planning Systems

Average daily rate for competitive hotels in the area was \$137 in 2017 and has grown from \$112 in 2012. Average daily rates and revenue per room has grown steadily from 2012 to 2017. Rates in 2018 (through September) have decreased slightly from 2017 due to the influx of new hotels. Occupancy rates were at their highest in 2016 at 76.4 percent. Occupancy rates in the area have been strong since 2012 and have remained above rates in 2012 even with the new hotels opening in 2017, as shown in **Figure 30**.

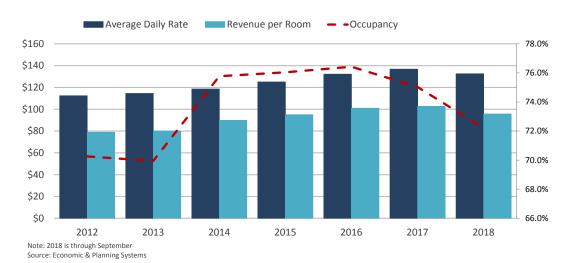
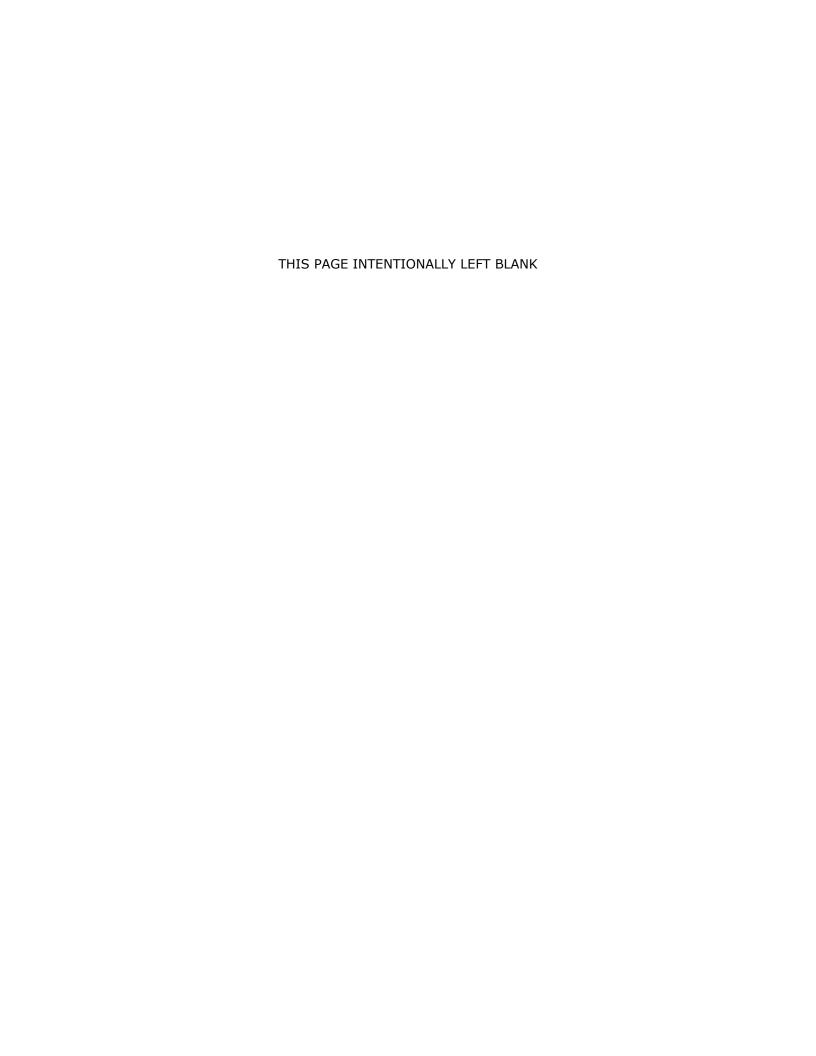


Figure 30. Competitive Hotel ADR, Rev Par, and Occupancy, 20120 to 2018

Hotel Market Opportunities

The McCaslin Subarea is an attractive location for limited service hotels in the region evidence by the existing cluster of hotels. The proximity to Boulder and Interlocken and the access to US-36 are the primary advantages.

The recent influx of new hotels in the Community Trade Area and within the City of Boulder indicates there was strong demand for new product in the US-36 corridor. There was very little new inventory added to the corridor since the early 2000's until the last two years. The revenue numbers and occupancy rates have adjusted due to the new inventory but remain strong. As employment in the area continues to grow and the Boulder County continues to remain an attractive location to visit, hotel demand should remain strong. It is likely that the McCaslin Subarea can capture an additional hotel within the next five years.



6. Community Engagement Process

Strategic and focused community outreach and engagement was key to both understanding stakeholder perspectives and concerns, as well as informing the key stakeholders of the importance of revitalization and redevelopment of Parcel O in order to ensure the long term economic health of the City. A primary goal of this engagement was to identify alignment between the stakeholders and the market analysis in order to ensure a successful vision and roadmap for implementation.

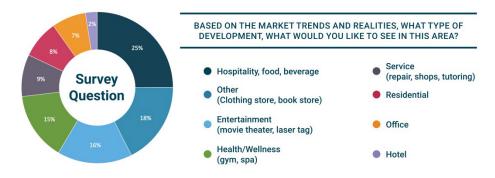
Community Outreach and Input

Several engagement programs were created to both inform the community about the project and to solicit feedback on future uses and redevelopment scenarios. All programs focused on interactive engagement methods to build community awareness of key development challenges, shared market analysis information, and continued to build alignment around potential scenarios and strategies for Parcel O.

EngageLouisvilleCo.com

EngageLouisvilleCo is a website dedicated to the project that incorporated a project description and process, City Council goals and principles, images, surveys, market findings, and more. The website received 993 total visits from September through December 2018 and the survey had over 110 responses. Two of the survey responses are illustrated below. To view individual responses received through the EngageLouisvilleCO process, see the Survey Report in **Appendix A**.

Figure 31. Survey Results EngageLouisvilleCo.com



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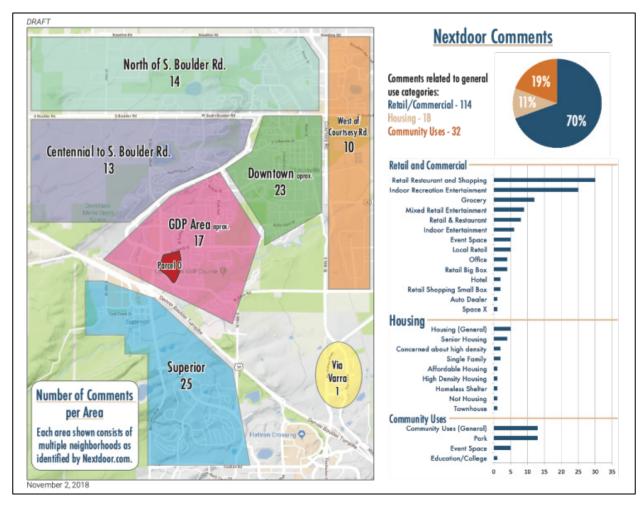
Figure 32. EngageLouisvilleCo.com



Nextdoor.com

The Louisville community had already started discussing the future of Parcel O on NextDoor prior to this Parcel O Redevelopment Study. Several comment boards identified desired uses and other varying comments. Those who participated in these online comment boards were from both Louisville and Superior. These comments were reviewed and analyzed as displayed below.

Figure 33. Nextdoor.com Findings



Pop-Ups

An informal and face-to-face survey was conducted at the Paul's Coffee shop located on Parcel O. 30 individuals participated during this one-day event. The pop up survey shared market information and site constraints while asking similar questions to mirror the questions being asked on

EngageLouisvilleco.com. Common themes that were expressed from the community during this event include:





Figure 34. Pop-Up Event at Paul's Coffee

- Need for mixed-income housing, apartment, and townhomes
- Continued support for big box stores
- Need for more community spaces
- Desire for unique food and beverage venues
- Make the area more walkable and connected

What types of PUBLIC SPACES would work here?

PARK/OPEN SPACE







PLAZA

Property Owner, Broker, and Developer Discussions

All Parcel O property owners were contacted, one broker for a property within Parcel O, and the developer of the recently completed facility at 994 West Dillon discussed their thoughts and opinions regarding regulations, uses, market conditions, and future opportunities. Key comments include:

- McCaslin is still a good retail location for neighborhood and community retail including grocery.
- It is no longer a regional location and there are rumors big boxes may choose to leave.
- Opportunity for other commercial uses including fitness, entertainment, medical and professional office, and hotels.
- A destination draw like the Sports Stable would increase market draw.
- Additional rooftops would help the area thrive including for-sale and for-rent housing.
- Virtually any supportable uses will require the GDP and covenants to be amended.
- Visibility and access are very challenging.
- Future vacancies are pending.
- Residential rooftops are needed to support additional retail/commercial.
- Expensive City process to get use approvals needed.

Citizen's Action Group

Early in the project, the project team attended the Louisville's Citizen's Action Council (CAC). 50 council and community members learned about the redevelopment study and provided their ideas for the parcel including varying uses, site design, and changing market realities.

Community Preferences

The multiple engagement channels provided a clear understanding of the communities overall opinion for Parcel O. While all engaged participants were made aware of the regulatory constraints surrounding future redevelopment, they were also informed about the changing market conditions.

Uses and Design

The community's top 4 desired general uses were retail/restaurant, residential, health/wellness, and community space. These four high level categories can be further broken down into specific subcategory uses as detailed below using examples and comments provided by the community.

There is a strong desire for new and unique uses that are experience based and will serve both the local community as well as draw individuals from outside Louisville. Consistent descriptive language included, family friendly, unique, local, craft, healthy, handcrafted, quality, small town, inclusive, shared spaces, multivendor, and mixed use. A few examples community members mentioned were the Aurora Stanley Marketplace, Boulder's Rayback Collective, Alexandria's (VA) Torpedo Factor Art Center, Boston's Faneuil Hall Marketplace, and Seattle's Pike Place Market. The community also desires an improved site layout that supports walkability between the individual lots, open and green spaces, outdoor features and play spaces, attractive public spaces, improved streetscapes that facilitate user interactions.

Table 22. Parcel O Community Preferences

Retail/Restaurant	Residential	Health/Wellness	Community Space
 Local vendors Upscale retail Small shops Outdoor marketplace Farmers market Trader Joe's/Sprouts Food halls Breweries Cafes/Coffee shops Unique and family oriented dining Organic 	 Apartments Middle income Condos Senior living Mixed use with residential on top 	 Sports fields Climbing gyms Indoor tennis Cross fit Complementary to rec. center 	 Parks/plazas Green space Central gathering area Outdoor seating Games Playgrounds Water features

7. Reuse and Redevelopment Alternatives

Potential re-use and redevelopment alternatives for Parcel O were developed based on the market analysis, stakeholder interviews, and community feedback. The announcement that Kohl's would be departing its current location has broadened the potential redevelopment opportunities but also increases the need to maintain sales tax generating uses. Three development alternatives were created to illustrate the financial feasibility, fiscal impact, and community support for potential futures for Parcel O. The alternatives are designed to align with market realities but also illustrate the trade-offs of potential outcomes for the parcel. The purpose is to help gauge what changes to the status quo are possible and acceptable to the property owners, City of Louisville, and the community at large.

Development Alternatives

The ongoing underutilization of the Sam's Club property, coupled with the eminent exit of the current use (Ascent Church), made this parcel a primary focus of the project. However, the Kohl's future vacancy also impacts the potential opportunities for redevelopment within the study area. Three varying development alternatives for Parcel O were analyzed and are summarized below. The development programs are shown in **Table 23** and conceptually illustrated in **Figure 35**.

The three alternatives are all supportable by the market (i.e., there is market demand for the uses proposed) but also have different barriers to development (e.g., absorption, attractiveness to developers, parcel ownership). The market support and barriers to each alternative are described and the alternatives are evaluated based on three criteria: 1) financial feasibility, 2) community considerations and support, and 3) fiscal impact.

Table 23. Parcel O Alternative Development Programs

	Alternative 1 - Refill Boxes		Boxes	Alternative 2 - Hybrid			Alternative 3 - Redevelopment		
	Acres So	uare Feet	% of Acres	Acres	Square Feet	% of Acres	Acres S	Square Feet	% of Acres
Retail	12.0	70.000	27%	7.3	50.000	16%	14.5	115.000	33%
Existing Retail and Services	20.6	83,000	46%	20.6	83,000	46%			
Entertainment/Fitness	6.7	35,000	15%	5.3	35,000	12%	3.5	35,000	8%
Office/Medical Office/Acute Care	5.3	35,000	12%	0.0	0	0%	3.0	65,000	7%
Hotel (rooms)	0.0	0	0%	3.5	120	8%	4.0	120	9%
Multifamily (units)	0.0	0	0%	7.0	245	16%	15.0	525	34%
Back-Office/ Storage	0.0	60,000	0%	0.0	0	0%	0.0	0	0%
Unused/Unusable/ROW/Drainage	0.0	15,000	0%	1.0	15,000	2%	4.6	N/A	10%
Total	44.6			44.6			44.6		

Source: Economic & Planning Systems

Figure 35. Parcel O Development Alternatives

Alternative 1



Alternative 2



Alternative 3



Financial Feasibility

The financial feasibility analysis of each alternative utilized a static pro forma that calculates estimated return-on-cost (annual net operating income divided by cost to construct the project) to assess financial feasibility. National publications (CBRE and IRR Research) were used to help to establish hurdle rates for return-on-cost per product as well as interviews completed by EPS with active developers in the Denver metro area for this project and other firm assignments. The pro forma model assumes no land cost, but instead calculates the residual land value the project can support. The residual land value metric is used to compare the value and potential upside of each alternative. A baseline for the land value for parcels within Parcel O is set by the sales price of the Sam's Club property (Lot 2) in 2014. The sale price was \$3.65 million for the building and 13.5-acre lot, which equates to a value per square foot of land of \$6.21 per square foot. A fully occupied building and associated lot likely achieve a higher land value/sales price per square foot, which indicates that projects likely need to produce a value higher than this benchmark to be feasible for investors and/or developers.

Community Considerations and Support

The considerations and desires expressed by the community throughout the outreach process were compared to the three alternatives to identify how the concepts align. Three areas of consideration (uses, site design, and development characteristics) were used to judge the alternatives' alignment with community desires.

Fiscal Impact

The fiscal impact analysis of each scenario was completed by City staff using the City of Louisville's fiscal impact model. The analysis utilized the standard inputs for the model with some modifications to match the development alternatives. Market value and absorption inputs were developed by EPS by product type for each alternative. An analysis of the fiscal impact of Parcel O existing land uses was completed to set a baseline for comparison. Under existing land uses and occupancy, Parcel O has a net positive fiscal impact of \$10.7 million over a 20-year period, as shown in **Table 24**. The analysis was performed assuming the Sam's Club building is not occupied by a sales tax generating use (as it is now with the Ascent Church) and the Kohl's is also not occupied by a sales tax producing use (or is vacant) as it will soon be.

Table 24. Fiscal Impact of Current Uses in Parcel O (20-Years)

	Current		
	Total	% of Total	
	(per \$1,000)		
Revenue by Fund			
General Fund	\$8,129	65%	
Open Spaces & Parks Fund	\$1,067	8%	
Lottery Fund	\$0	0%	
Historic Preservation Fund	\$364	3%	
Capital Projects Fund	<u>\$2,993</u>	24%	
Total Revenue	\$12,553		
Expenditure by Fund			
General Fund	\$1,423	76%	
Open Spaces & Parks Fund	\$0	0%	
Lottery Fund	\$0	0%	
Historic Preservation Fund	\$0	0%	
Capital Projects Fund	<u>\$451</u>	24%	
Total Expenditures	\$1,873		
Net Fiscal Impact by Fund			
General Fund	\$6,707		
Open Spaces & Parks Fund	\$1,067		
Lottery Fund	\$0		
Historic Preservation Fund	\$364		
Capital Projects Fund	<u>\$2,542</u>		
Net Fiscal Impact	\$10,680		

Source: City of Louisville

Alternatives Evaluation

Alternative 1 - Re-Tenant

The Alternative 1 concept assumes the two large retail boxes on Lots 2 and 3 are reused for uses supportable in the current McCaslin Subarea market context with its reduced retail trade area draw. It assumes the CCRs restricting uses not directly in competition with existing retailers can be modified (e.g., fitness, recreation, entertainment). This alternative is estimated to be absorbed in four years.

- Lot 2 (Sam's Club) is subdivided into two junior boxes of 35,000 square feet each on the front side with the back half of the building allocated to 60,000 square feet of back office space.
- Lot 3 (Kohl's) is split into two 35,000 square feet junior boxes with the back residual 16,000 square feet lost as unusable space.
- Two re-fill tenants are assumed to be retail tenants and will occupy two of the new divided spaces totaling 70,000 square feet. High potential uses include a liquor superstore (such as Total Wine) and/or other retailers seeking second generation spaces (such as sporting goods or home goods/furniture).
- Two non-retail box uses totaling 70,000 square feet are assumed to occupy the other two subdivided spaces. Likely uses consistent with the market include fitness, entertainment, acute care clinic, other medical office or lab use. These uses are not estimated to generate significant sales tax revenue.
- Retain the 83,000 square feet of existing retail and service uses on parcels not being redeveloped in the alternative.

Market Support

The market analysis identified a shift towards everyday oriented retailers and services for the subarea. In any event, it is unlikely that any user will fill the entire Sam's Club or Kohl's store. It is most likely the two buildings will be subdivided into smaller spaces of 30,000 to 40,000 square feet and will need to attract two or more users to fill each of the boxes. Alternative 1 assumes that these spaces can be filled with four tenants—two of which are sales tax producing uses. Potential opportunities for the subdivided spaces include attracting fitness and entertainment uses to the corridor to re-fill existing vacant spaces. As well, the most likely retailers (e.g., liquor superstore) serve a community-oriented trade area consistent with current conditions. It may be possible to attract one to two additional mid-sized box retailers to the subarea that are not currently present in the community trade area or are seeking a better location.

Market Challenges

The assessment of the market demand for retail in the Subarea illustrated that the focus of the trade area is shifting and the opportunities for larger, regionally oriented retailers are limited. This diminished market demand may even impact community-oriented uses as there are a limited number of larger retailers that will take a space as large as 30,000 square feet. There is the potential that it may take longer than four years to refill the boxes. Inability to lease the subdivided spaces may lead to buildings that sit vacant or are leased to temporary tenants (e.g., Halloween store) or non-conventional uses that may not drive demand to the center or may be a deterrent to other retailers leasing in the center.

The private covenants in place for Parcel O limit the types of users that can locate in the vacant boxes. Specifically, recreation and fitness uses are prohibited. As well, restaurants that generate more than 50 percent of their sales from alcohol (e.g., brewery) are limited. As well, retailers that would be in direct competition to the original anchors (Safeway, Sam's Club) are precluded. Any refill use will need to not create a direct competitive concern to the other parties in the private covenant agreement. There is little the City can do to change the private covenants; however, providing some sort of incentive, such as a revised GDP, may spur the owners to make changes to the current agreement.

Financial Feasibility

The reuse of the vacant retail box alternative was estimated to be financially feasible based on the market inputs (rental rates, construction costs, etc.) utilized. The Alternative 1 assumes the refill uses are able to pay the market average of \$20 per square foot (NNN) not including the back-office/storage space in Lot 2, which is estimated to command \$11 per square foot (NNN). The estimated construction costs to update and subdivide the two vacant boxes are \$37.50 per square foot plus site work improvements to the parking lots. The estimated residual land value for Lot 2 (Sam's Club) is \$3.8 million or \$6.41 per square foot of land. This is slightly higher than the sales price for the parcel in 2014, which was \$3.65 million, and significantly less than the current asking price of approximately \$10 million. Lot 3 is estimated to have a residual land value of \$4.0 million or



\$8.65 per square foot of land, as shown in **Table 25**. Combined the residual land values is estimated to be \$7.40 per square foot of land.

Table 25. Alternative 1 Feasibility Summary

Lot 2	Amount	Lot 3	Amount
Program		Program	
Junior Anchor (Retail)	35,000	Junior Anchor (Retail)	35,000
Junior Anchor (Entertainment/Fitness)	35,000	Junior Anchor (Entertainment/Fitness)	35,000
Storage/Back Office	<u>60,000</u>	N/A	<u>0</u>
Subtotal	130,000	Subtotal	70,000
Construction Costs		Construction Costs	
Sitework and Offsites	\$975,000	Sitework and Offsites	\$525,000
Hard Costs	\$2,625,000	Hard Costs	\$2,625,000
Soft Costs	\$1,347,500	Soft Costs	\$1,347,500
Subtotal	\$4,947,500	Subtotal	\$4,497,500
per sf	\$38	per sf	\$64
Operating Revenue		Operating Revenue	
Potential Gross Revenue	\$1,995,000	Potential Gross Revenue	\$1,365,000
Less: Vacancy	-\$139,650	Less: Vacancy	-\$95,550
Effective Gross Income	\$1,855,350	Effective Gross Income	\$1,269,450
Operating Expenses	<u>-\$1,244,975</u>	Operating Expenses	<u>-\$674,975</u>
Net Operating Income	\$610,375	Net Operating Income	\$594,475
Return on Cost (ROC)	12.34%	Return on Cost (ROC)	13.22%
ROC Hurdle	7.00%	ROC Hurdle	7.00%
Residual Land Value	\$3,772,143	Residual Land Value	\$3,995,000
Value per Land SF	\$6.41	Value per Land SF	\$8.65

Source: Economic & Planning Systems

Community Support

Uses: While a few people in the community expressed a desire to bring another big retail box user into the vacant buildings, the majority of input received indicated a desire for uses that were smaller format and would support a diverse range of users and visitors. The reuse of these buildings for similar large format retailers would not support the community's desire for smaller, curated, complementary shopping, dining, and entertainment uses that appeal to multiple consumers.

Site Design: Under Alternative 1 the reuse of the existing buildings and the suburban, large format retail shopping center would retain its same development characteristics and would at least meet the community's desires for a compact, walkable, pedestrian friendly environment.

Development Characteristics: The development contemplated under this alternative would not meet the community desires for local, unique, non-chain, retail environments that provides variety and experience for a diverse range of neighbors and visitors.

Fiscal Impact

The fiscal impact model estimates that Alternative 1 would have a net positive fiscal impact of \$18 million over 20 years, as shown in **Table 26.** This alternative portrays the optimal re-tenanting of the existing retail boxes given market conditions and potential uses likely to be possible with modified private covenants, which produces increased fiscal returns but less than what was previously achieved with the two former anchor retailers.

Table 26. Alternative 1 Fiscal Impact

	Curi	rent	Alterna	tive 1
	Total	% of Total	Total	% of Total
	(per \$1,000)		(per \$1,000)	
Revenue by Fund				
General Fund	\$8,129	65%	\$14,006	62%
Open Spaces & Parks Fund	\$1,067	8%	\$2,122	9%
Lottery Fund	\$0	0%	\$0	0%
Historic Preservation Fund	\$364	3%	\$730	3%
Capital Projects Fund	\$2,993	24%	<u>\$5,798</u>	26%
Total Revenue	\$12,553		\$22,656	
Francisco different has Francisco				
Expenditure by Fund	0.4.400	700/	00.510	750/
General Fund	\$1,423	76%	\$3,513	75%
Open Spaces & Parks Fund	\$0	0%	\$0	0%
Lottery Fund	\$0	0%	\$0	0%
Historic Preservation Fund	\$0	0%	\$0	0%
Capital Projects Fund	<u>\$451</u>	24%	<u>\$1,179</u>	25%
Total Expenditures	\$1,873		\$4,692	
Net Fiscal Impact by Fund				
General Fund	\$6,707		\$10,493	
Open Spaces & Parks Fund	\$1,067		\$2,122	
Lottery Fund	\$0		\$0	
Historic Preservation Fund	\$364		\$730	
Capital Projects Fund	\$2,542		\$4,620	
Net Fiscal Impact	\$10,680		\$17,964	

Source: City of Louisville

Alternative 2 - Partial Redevelopment

Alternative 2 entails a partial redevelopment of Parcel 0. A partial redevelopment would need to include at least one—and more likely two—of the larger lots in Parcel O (Safeway, Sam's Club, and/or Kohl's). For evaluation purposes, Alternative 2 assumes Lot 2 Sam's Club is redeveloped and Lot 3 Kohl's building is repurposed for two tenants. The alternative assumes covenants restricting uses not directly in competition with existing retailers can be modified to include uses consistent with current market conditions (e.g., fitness, recreation, entertainment) and that this development agreement is modified to allow hotel and multifamily uses. This concept assumes to be absorbed within five to six years.

- Kohl's building is reused for two boxes similar to Alternative 1 with one a retail use (liquor superstore) and the second a nonretail use (fitness).
- Lot 2 and parking fields are redeveloped with 15,000 square feet of retail space, 245 apartments on the eastern 7 acres at density of 35 units per acre, and a 120 room hotel on 3.5 acres.
- Retain the 83,000 square feet of existing retail and service uses on parcels not being redeveloped in the alternative.

Market Support

The market analysis identifies substantial demand for multifamily and hotel uses within the subarea. These uses are able to support redevelopment costs and can allow for better reconfiguration of Parcel O. Specifically, the new retail can be better positioned for access and visibility, and the parking fields can be right-sized for the retail, which will create more flexibility and space for adding additional uses. The investment and introduction of new uses to the shopping center can be used to help attract larger retail users to the vacant Kohl's. As well, the market will likely support the attraction of two, larger retail users that either generate significant retail sales tax, and/or will increase visitation to the subarea, which will boost the sales of surrounding retailers.

Market Challenges

The primary challenge to Alternative 2 is that the GDP for Parcel O and the private covenants do not allow for this development program. Multifamily residential is prohibited by the GDP and some potential larger retailers that could be attracted to the site are prohibited or limited by the CCRS. As well, increased height and/or density allowances may be necessary, under the GDP, to make a project feasible.

A coordinated redevelopment of both Lots 2 and 3 may be difficult and/or could take longer to occur. It is easier for one of the larger lots to redevelop individually but there may be more incentive for a developer to combine lots. As mentioned above, both the private covenants and GDP need to be revised or amended for this program to work. The City could provide incentive by revising the GDP to allow more uses, and also modifying the agreement to allow greater utilization of the site especially as an incentive to do a coordinated redevelopment.

Financial Feasibility

Alternative 2 produces a higher total estimated residual land value (combination of Lot 2 and Lot 3) of \$11.5 million compared to Alternative 1, as well as the highest average land value per square foot of \$10.94 per square foot for all three alternatives, as shown in **Table 27**. The multifamily and hotel uses are estimated to generate a significantly higher residual land value than the retail uses. The multifamily parcel is estimated to be able to support a land value of \$5.1 million or \$16.72 per square foot of land. The hotel use is estimated to be able to support a land value of \$2.4 million or \$15.88 per square foot of land. The following model inputs were utilized to estimate project feasibility.



- Multifamily The construction cost for the project is estimated to be \$224 per square foot or \$211,000 per unit. An average unit size is estimated to be 800 square feet and
 - able to attract an average monthly rental rate of \$1,560 or \$1.95 per square foot.
- Hotel The 120 room hotel project is estimated to be 60,000 square feet in size. The estimated construction cost is \$367 per square foot or \$183,600 per room. The project room rate is \$170 per night which equates into an estimated average daily rate of \$119.
- The retail space is estimated to have a construction cost of \$230 per square foot. An average rental rate is 30 per square foot (NNN).

Table 27. Alternative 2 Feasibility Summary

Lot 3			Lot 2							
Description	Retail		Multifami	ly	Hotel		Retail		LOT 2	Alternative 2
_	Amount	per SF	Amount	per unit	Amount	per room	Amount	per SF	TOTAL	TOTAL
PROGRAM				,						
Multifamily Units	N/A un	its	245 ur	nits	N/A ı	units	N/A u	nits	245	
Hotel Rooms	N/A roo	oms	N/A ro	oms	120 ו	rooms	N/A r	ooms	120	
Net Rentable Area	70,000 sf		195,963 sf		42,000 s	sf	15,000 s	f	252,963	
Gross Building Area	70,000 sf		230,545 sf		60,000 s	sf	15,000 s	f	305,545	
CONSTRUCTION COST										
Site Costs										
Horizontal Costs	\$525,000	\$7.50	\$1,407,000	\$5,743	\$703,500	\$5,863	\$402,000	\$26.80	\$2,512,500	\$3,037,500
Hard Costs	**==,***	*****	* .,,	4 -,	4.00,000	***,****	¥ :-=,	7	,-,-,,	40,000,000
Core & Shell Construction	\$1,750,000	\$25.00	\$38,846,833	\$158,559	\$14,022,000	\$116,850	\$1,605,000	\$107.00	\$54,473,833	\$56,223,833
Tenant Improvement	\$875,000	\$12.50	<u>\$0</u>	<u>\$0</u>	\$2,580,000	\$21,500	\$750,000	\$50.00	\$3,330,000	\$4,205,000
Subtotal	\$2,625,000	\$37.50	\$38,846,833	\$158,559	\$16,602,000	\$138,350	\$2,355,000	\$157.00	\$57,803,833	\$60,428,833
Soft Costs	. , ,		. , ,		. , ,	,	. , ,	·	, , ,	
Plan/Design/Eng./Survey	140,000	\$2.00	1,786,724	\$7,293	747,000	\$6,225	195,000	\$13.00	\$2,728,724	\$2,868,724
Municipal/State Fees	\$35,000	\$0.50	\$4,610,900	\$18,820	\$1,500,000	\$12,500	\$225,000	\$15.00	\$6,335,900	\$6,370,900
Development Fees, Financing, Other	\$1,697,500	\$24.25	\$4,968,245	\$20,279	\$2,479,200	\$20,660	\$270,000	\$18.00	\$7,717,445	\$9,414,945
Total	\$5,022,500	\$71.75	\$51,619,701	\$210,693	\$22,031,700	\$183,598	\$3,447,000	\$229.80	\$77,098,401	\$82,120,901
NET OPERATING INCOME										
Potential Rental Income	\$1,365,000	\$11,375	\$4,585,540	\$18,716	\$7,446,000	\$62,050	\$433,048	\$3,609	\$12,464,588	\$13,829,588
Other Income	\$0	\$0	\$389,060	\$1,588	\$566,000	\$4,717	\$0	\$0	\$955,060	\$955,060
Less: Vacancy	-\$95.550	-\$796	-\$248.730	-\$1.015	-\$2.233.800	-\$18,615	-\$30.313	-\$253	-\$2.512.843	-\$2.608.393
Operating Expenditures	-\$674,975	-\$5,625	-\$1,322,735	-\$5,399	-\$3,577,399	-\$29,812	-\$146,411	-\$1,220	-\$5,046,546	-\$5,721,521
Net Operating Income (NOI)	\$594,475	\$4,954	\$3,403,135	\$13,890	\$2,200,801	\$18,340	\$256,323	\$2,136	\$5,860,259	\$6,454,734
RETURN ON COST (ROC)	11.84%		6.59%		9.99%		7.44%		7.60%	7.86%
HURDLE RATE	7.00%		6.00%		9.00%		6.50%			
RESIDUAL LAND VALUE										
Land Value	\$3,470,000		\$5.099.209		\$2,421,646		\$496,431		\$8,017,286	\$11.487.286
Value Per SF	\$7.52		\$16.72		\$15.88		\$5.70		\$13.63	\$10.94

Source: Economic & Planning Systems

Community Support

Uses: The addition of entertainment and retail uses is supported by community input received and provides some new options for both neighbors and visitors to the area. The reuse of one building for similar large format retailers would not support the community's desire for smaller, curated, complementary shopping, dining, and entertainment uses that appeal to multiple consumers. The quantity and type of retail associated with Alternative 2 does not meet the community desires for a significant retail component that provides a gathering space for a wide variety of users.

Hotel was identified as the least desired use for the study area, and while some community members identified housing as possible uses for the overall study area, it was often described as a range of housing options that provide opportunities for empty nesters, low to middle income housing, and housing that was part of a mixed use development. A standalone multifamily project was not a highly prioritized use for the study area.

Site Design: The partial redevelopment of the study area could allow for some site improvements that were identified as desired community amenities, including the addition of open spaces, plazas and other connections if it was planned in a comprehensive format. However, due to the existing parcels, ownership divisions, and reuse of one of the big boxes, the project site would need to retain some of the same circulation, parking and auto focused patterns which do not allow for different type of environment that was less auto dependent, more walkable and better integrated into the surrounding neighborhood.

Development Characteristics: The partial redevelopment does not address the strong desire for a mixed retail environment that can support many smaller tenants and a "community-centric" marketplace that was a common theme. The amount of retail proposed within this scenario would not meet the community's demand for experience based, family friendly, service and entertainment based retail that is local, unique and high quality.

Fiscal Impact

The fiscal impact model estimates that Alternative 2 will have a net positive fiscal impact of \$18.5 million over 20 years, as shown in **Table 28**. This alternative produced the most positive impact of the three alternatives. The alternative illustrates how a mixture of uses can still produce positive fiscal benefits to the City even with the introduction of non-sales tax producing and residential uses. The greater utilization of the site generates more value to the City, as well.

Table 28. Alternative 2 Fiscal Impact

	Cur	rent	Alterna	tive 2
	Total	% of Total	Total	% of Total
	(per \$1,000)		(per \$1,000)	
Revenue by Fund				
General Fund	\$8,129	65%	\$16,769	64%
Open Spaces & Parks Fund	\$1,067	8%	\$2,118	8%
Lottery Fund	\$0	0%	\$0	0%
Historic Preservation Fund	\$364	3%	\$733	3%
Capital Projects Fund	<u>\$2,993</u>	24%	\$6,58 <u>6</u>	25%
Total Revenue	\$12,553		\$26,206	
Expenditure by Fund				
General Fund	\$1,423	76%	\$5,062	65%
Open Spaces & Parks Fund	\$0	0%	\$124	2%
Lottery Fund	\$0	0%	\$0	0%
Historic Preservation Fund	\$0	0%	\$0	0%
Capital Projects Fund	<u>\$451</u>	24%	<u>\$2,548</u>	33%
Total Expenditures	\$1,873		\$7,735	
Net Fiscal Impact by Fund				
General Fund	\$6,707		\$11,706	
Open Spaces & Parks Fund	\$1,067		\$1,993	
Lottery Fund	\$0		\$0	
Historic Preservation Fund	\$364		\$733	
Capital Projects Fund	<u>\$2,542</u>		<u>\$4,038</u>	
Net Fiscal Impact	\$10,680		\$18,471	

Source: City of Louisville

Alternative 3 - Major Redevelopment

This concept assumes a comprehensive redevelopment of Parcel O into a new mixed use development. Existing retailers are assumed to be integrated into new commercial or mixed-use space (aside from Kohl's, which is leaving Louisville). The alternative assumes the CCRs are rewritten or substantially modified and a new development agreement is created to allow for greater density and a broader mix of uses. This concept assumes a 10 year, phased buildout.

- The redevelopment assumes a total of 115,000 square feet of retail space on 14.5 acres, accounting for 1/3 of the acreage. In addition, a non-retail entertainment or fitness anchor is included totaling 35,000 square feet.
- A 120 room hotel is attracted to a 3.5 acre site.
- A 4 story, 65,000 square foot office building is included on a 3.0 acre site.
- 525 multifamily apartment units are built in two phases or projects on a total of 15 acres, at the same 35 units per acre density as Alternative 2.

Market Support

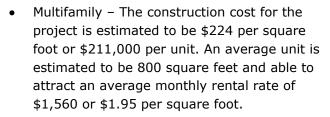
A major redevelopment project would give a prospective developer flexibility to reconfigure access and orientation of the area. The retail space could be better positioned closer to the McCaslin frontage with greater visibility and access. The larger redevelopment would also allow for more flexibility in the transition of development to the surrounding neighborhoods. The redevelopment will allow for the different product types to be better oriented and marketed to potential users/development partners. Multifamily uses are the most likely use to take the largest share of the larger redevelopment and will have less challenges with absorption. The introduction of more traditional office space becomes more attractive as the mixed-use development becomes a more appealing location for employment uses.

Market Challenges

This scenario assumes a major aggregation of several separately owned lots, which may be difficult. The acquisition costs for many of the existing, occupied buildings along the McCaslin frontage could potentially be too high to support redevelopment. Also, the disruption of the existing retailers and businesses may lead to the loss of these businesses from the site as redevelopment occurs. Attracting and absorbing the amount of retail space planned will be difficult given the challenges in the trade area. A grocery store anchor will need to be retained (Safeway) or a replacement found, along with other one to two junior anchors or larger retailers. Even with a better configured layout for the center and development oriented to the current retail market opportunities, attracting retailers would be challenging.

Financial Feasibility

The Major Redevelopment Alternative produces an estimated residual land value of \$10.12 per square foot, which is a total value of \$19.7 million, as shown on **Table 29**. The multifamily and hotel uses are estimated to generate a significantly higher residual land value than the retail uses in Alternative 2. The office use supports a land value of \$731,414 or \$5.60 per square foot of land, which is less than the lowest of all uses modeled and less per square foot than was achieved in the sale of the Sam's Club site in 2014. The following model inputs were utilized to estimate project feasibility.





- Hotel The 120 room hotel project is estimated to be 60,000 square feet in size. The estimated construction cost is \$369 per square foot or \$184,400 per room. The project room rate is \$170 per night which equates into an estimated average daily rate of \$119.
- The retail space is estimated to have a construction cost of \$227 per square foot. An average rental rate is \$30 per square foot (NNN).
- The office space is estimated to have a construction cost of \$247 per square foot. An average rental rate is \$25 per square foot (NNN).

Table 29. Alternative 3 Feasibility Summary

					Combined				
Description	Multifami	ly	Hotel		Retail		Office		
· _	Amount	per unit	Amount	per room	Amount	per SF	Amount	per SF	TOTAL
PROGRAM								Ì	
Multifamily Units	525 un	its	N/A ı	units	N/A u	nits	N/A u	nits	525
Hotel Rooms	N/A ro	oms	120 r	rooms	N/A ro	ooms	N/A ro	ooms	120
Net Rentable Area	419,921 sf		42,000 s	sf	150,000 s	f	55,250 s	f	667,171
Gross Building Area	494,025 sf		60,000 s		150,000 s	f	65,000 s	f	769,025
CONSTRUCTION COST									
Site Costs									
Horizontal Costs Hard Costs	\$3,015,000	\$5,743	\$804,000	\$6,700	\$3,618,000	\$24.12	\$603,000	\$9.28	\$8,040,000
Core & Shell Construction	\$83,243,213	\$158,559	\$14,022,000	\$116,850	\$16,050,000	\$107.00	\$8,905,000	\$137.00	\$122,220,213
Tenant Improvement	<u>\$0</u>	<u>\$0</u>	\$2,580,000	\$21,500	\$7,500,000	\$50.00	\$3,250,000	<u>\$50.00</u>	\$13,330,000
Subtotal	\$83,243,213	\$158,559	\$16,602,000	\$138,350	\$23,550,000	\$157.00	\$12,155,000	\$81.03	\$135,550,213
Soft Costs									
Plan/Design/Eng./Survey	3,828,694	\$7,293	747,000	\$6,225	1,950,000	\$13.00	1,007,500	\$15.50	7,533,194
Municipal/State Fees	\$9,880,500	\$18,820	\$1,500,000	\$12,500	\$2,250,000	\$15.00	\$975,000	\$15.00	\$14,605,500
Development Fees, Financing, Other	\$10,646,239	\$20,279	\$2,479,200	\$20,660	\$2,700,000	\$18.00	\$1,332,500	\$20.50	\$17,157,939
Total	\$110,613,645	\$210,693	\$22,132,200	\$184,435	\$34,068,000	\$227.12	\$16,073,000	\$247.28	\$182,886,845
NET OPERATING INCOME									
Potential Rental Income	\$9,826,157	\$18,716	\$7,446,000	\$62,050	\$4,330,476	\$28.87	\$2,059,255	\$31.68	\$23,661,888
Other Income	\$833,700	\$1,588	\$566,000	\$4,717	\$0	\$0.00	\$0	\$0.00	\$1,399,700
Less: Vacancy	-\$532,993	-\$1,015	-\$2,233,800	-\$18,615	-\$303,133	-\$2.02	-\$144,148	-\$2.22	-\$3,214,074
Operating Expenditures	<u>-\$2,834,433</u>	<u>-\$5,399</u>	-\$3,549,438	-\$29,579	<u>-\$1,464,113</u>	-\$9.76	<u>-\$780,809</u>	<u>-\$12.01</u>	<u>-\$8,628,793</u>
Net Operating Income (NOI)	\$7,292,431	\$13,890	\$2,228,762	\$18,573	\$2,563,230	\$17.09	\$1,134,298	\$17.45	\$13,218,721
RETURN ON COST (ROC)	6.59%		10.07%		7.52%		7.06%		7.23%
HURDLE RATE	6.00%		9.00%		6.50%		6.75%		
RESIDUAL LAND VALUE									
Land Value	\$10,926,876		\$2,631,821		\$5,366,311		\$731,414		\$19,656,422
Value Per Land SF	\$16.72		\$15.10		\$6.84		\$5.60		\$10.12

Source: Economic & Planning Systems

Community Support

Uses: The range of uses associated with this alternative could meet the community's demand for both larger format entertainment/experience-based uses to anchor a retail center, which in turn could support smaller format type retail (e.g. service, hospitality, boutique shopping, and convenience). The addition of office space in Alternative 3 increases the 24x7 nature of the shopping center to further activate the retail uses and provide jobs near existing housing centers. The community expressed a desire for innovative, co-working or smaller format office uses to complement the larger office parks in the neighborhood, which could be accommodated in this scenario. Hotel and multifamily, while not identified as high priority uses for the study area, could potentially be supporting uses to the dynamic retail space accomplished in this scenario.

Site Design: The large-scale redevelopment of the site under Alternative 3 accommodates many of the major site design features the community desires. The amenities include increased mobility, paths and trails, plazas, gathering spaces and a compact, walkable environment.

Development Characteristics: The creation of 115,000 square feet of retail would allow for a diverse range of uses that could accommodate the community's desires for variety, unique offerings, and a shopping center that could serve both as a local and regional destination.

Fiscal Impact

The fiscal impact model estimates that Alternative 3 will have a net positive fiscal impact of \$14.8 million over 20 years, as shown in **Table 30**. This alternative illustrates how a mixture of uses throughout the whole of Parcel O, even with reduced amounts of retail uses, can still produce positive impacts on the City. Greater utilization of the site produces more revenue than the site currently produces. Even after the estimate expenditures, the site still preforms comparably to how Parcel O has impacted the City since Sam's Club left in 2010.

Table 30. Alternative 3 Fiscal Impact

	Curi	rent	Alternative 3		
	Total	% of Total	Total	% of Total	
	(per \$1,000)		(per \$1,000)		
Revenue by Fund					
General Fund	\$8,129	65%	\$17,456	63%	
Open Spaces & Parks Fund	\$1,067	8%	\$2,223	8%	
Lottery Fund	\$0	0%	\$0	0%	
Historic Preservation Fund	\$364	3%	\$779	3%	
Capital Projects Fund	<u>\$2,993</u>	24%	<u>\$7,050</u>	26%	
Total Revenue	\$12,553		\$27,509		
Expenditure by Fund					
General Fund	\$1,423	76%	\$7,710	61%	
Open Spaces & Parks Fund	ψ1, 42 5 \$0	0%	\$234	2%	
•	\$0 \$0	0%	\$23 4 \$0	0%	
Lottery Fund Historic Preservation Fund	* -	0%	• -	0%	
	\$0	- , -	\$0 \$4.700		
Capital Projects Fund	\$451	24%	\$4,789	38%	
Total Expenditures	\$1,873		\$12,733		
Net Fiscal Impact by Fund					
General Fund	\$6,707		\$9,746		
Open Spaces & Parks Fund	\$1,067		\$1,989		
Lottery Fund	\$0		\$0		
Historic Preservation Fund	\$364		\$779		
Capital Projects Fund	\$2,542		<u>\$2,261</u>		
Net Fiscal Impact	\$10,680		\$14,77 5		

Source: City of Louisville

Survey Report

01 March 2017 - 28 January 2019

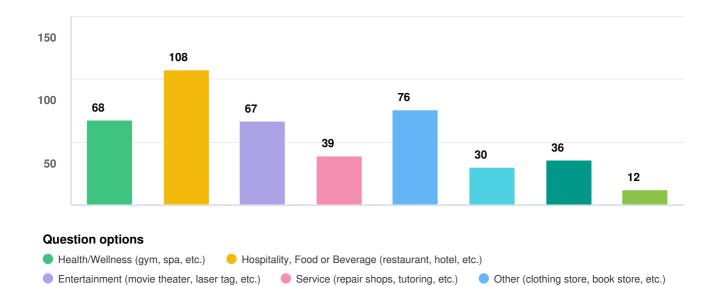
McCaslin Parcel "O" - Site Uses and Opportunities - What do you think?

PROJECT: McCaslin Parcel O Redevelopment Study

Engage Louisville CO



Q1 Based on the market trends and realities, what type of development, what would you like to see in this area?





Page 1 of 51

Office

Residential

(143 responses, 0 skipped)

Hotel

Add your own: What other uses would work here?

vg19 Kid oriented activities, such as lasertag.

11/05/2018 01:06 PM

Anonymous Public space e.g. plaza

11/05/2018 03:07 PM

Anonymous City Park, Dog Park, outdoor area.

11/06/2018 10:29 AM

Anonymous Grocery super store...if we can deal with he covenants

11/06/2018 10:47 AM

Anonymous I would like to see a combination of the above with a park in the middle to

1/06/2018 10:49 AM encourage people to gather. hide the parking.

Anonymous Open space/park type spaces as connectors for commercial to residential.

11/06/2018 10:57 AM

Anonymous Trader Joe's!!!!!

11/06/2018 11:02 AM

Anonymous No Hotel! Mixed use, housing and businesses. Business that will connect the

11/06/2018 11:11 AM residents to the area and take some of the crowds off of downtown making

both areas more enjoyable for City residents.

Anonymous Book store would be nice.

11/06/2018 11:20 AM

Anonymous No Hotel! We want the redevelopment to add the the current neighbors

11/06/2018 11:26 AM enjoyment.

Anonymous a boutique shopping mall - where stores have booths inside, similar to The

11/06/2018 11:29 AM Barn in Castle Rock

Anonymous When I think of concepts that could work well in this area, I think of

1/06/2018 11:38 AM Longmont's new "Village at the Peaks" or Lakewood's "Belmar"

Anonymous Would love to see something like Rayback in this space. A place for adults

1/06/2018 12:25 PM and kids to hang out.

Anonymous Outdoor mall with small shops and restaurants.

11/06/2018 01:22 PM

Anonymous town center with beautiful trees, trails, low grow xeric native grass parks,

tables and chairs various sizes, gathering places, fireplaces for winter,

community place for art and craft festivals bike racks, food trucks, public

restroom, water featuresm,

Anonymous I don't know if we have the population base or enough vendors but

something like the San Francisco Ferry Building Marketplace would be awesome. Towns all around the world have them. Tax dollars for us.

www.ferrybuildingmarketplace.com.

Anonymous Trader Joe's or King Soopers

11/06/2018 01:44 PM

Anonymous Conference and personal events rooms

11/06/2018 02:38 PM

Anonymous This parcel is fairly ugly in a beautiful town like Louisville. More greenery

around the parking lot, EV spots, and better non-automobile options throughout (clean/maintained sidewalks/bike paths) would make a big

difference to anything that ends up here

Anonymous A communal spot for multiple types of small businesses similar to the Source,

1/06/2018 04:44 PM Milk Market, etc. in Denver

Anonymous Art Coop, Music/Concert hall, Dancing venue, Artist studios, Theater, Indoor

1/06/2018 04:57 PM parachuting, Indoor climbing

Anonymous a wonderful market like Pike Place in Seattle

11/06/2018 05:01 PM

Anonymous Food stalls center like Philadelphia's reading terminal market

11/06/2018 05:14 PM

Anonymous More sports fields

11/06/2018 06:55 PM

Anonymous Ikea

11/06/2018 07:39 PM

Anonymous Green space mixed in with first floor commercial and second floor residential.

/06/2018 07:43 PM Limit height to 2 floors.

Anonymous I think the goal should be to created a walkable mixed use (live, work, shop,

1/06/2018 08:29 PM and play) district which is fiscally vibrant

Anonymous Cluster these uses around a small (1/2 ac) park to create a vibrant

1/06/2018 08:49 PM community gathering spot, and add residential on the W side of McCaslin

going up to Davidson Mesa and connecting w Centennial, Hillside and

Enclave. Yes, I want more residential!

Pete Dense, walkable mixed use with RTD connectivity

11/06/2018 09:24 PM

keith mixed use specialty ped mall, outdoor experience for kids/families as an alt to

11/06/2018 09:30 PM downtown which is more adult oriented; something unique not available

nearby

SSN Multi-family housing with services, offices, hospitality with shared park/open

/06/2018 09:38 PM space

JoyP Trader Joes

11/07/2018 07:25 AM

Justin Schrader Organic food options

11/07/2018 09:56 AM

Jenny We would like to see a good grocery store here that is reasonable priced -

11/07/2018 10:54 AM Trader Joe's would be fantastic or Sprouts.

Juli Mixed use space like The Source

11/07/2018 04:29 PM

Ryokin Mix of above with small / growing business office space (e.g. Arista in

11/07/2018 05:24 PM Broomfield)

mb We could always use another park and greens space. Yogurt or Ice Cream,

11/08/2018 10:13 AM Trader Joes, Gymnastics, dance or Ninja play gym, bowling alley, Chuy's

Restaurant, Torchy's Tacos, Chipotle...

Rami Cohen Public basketball/tennis/soccer fields

11/08/2018 12:55 PM

Maryan Food Hall, Indoor year-round farmer's market

11/08/2018 03:17 PM

Teresa toy store or children's/maternity consignment

11/08/2018 09:06 PM

Leslie Maybe a mixed marketplace like Eataly?

1/09/2018 10:59 AM https://www.eataly.com/us_en/stores/chicago/

Steve park and open space as part of mixed use

11/09/2018 11:04 AM

habacomike Incubator space for light industry -- maker spaces.

11/09/2018 11:05 AM

Scott I'd like to see the spirit of Old Town Louisville brought to this initiative in

1/09/2018 11:08 AM terms of unique retail and community-centric activities. We should try to

avoid national chains if possible and be as distinct as practical.

Jkat525 I would love to have a nice restaurant with really comfortable seating aloh

11/09/2018 11:12 AM the lines of White Chocolate Grill, Elways, bonefish, etc.

Fordcokid Tasteful combination of residential, office, restaurants and health/wellness.

11/09/2018 11:12 AM

Mark Dondelinger Bring back Sams

11/09/2018 11:13 AM

CB Green space, park with walkable mall-like boutique stores

11/09/2018 11:21 AM

andrewthak We should look at some sort of "collective" in the Sam's club building/site,

January 2019

similar to The Source in Denver or on a smaller scale the Rayback Collective in Boulder.

B Eller

REI; Trader Joes; fabric store like JoAnn (with classes and family needs); try

King Soopers again (Safeway is inadequate for a lot of people). Save the current buildings.

Ala Hason

More community type services: food, music, wellness. Community

multipurpose room and lots of trees PLEASE

Terri If a restaurant - a high end restaurant - distillery

11/09/2018 12:12 PM

Lawrenceboyd Having moved from Longmont, a space similar to the village at the peaks 11/09/2018 12:25 PM (www.villageatthepeaks.com) would be perfect!

WEC Small, locally owned businesses.

11/09/2018 12:50 PM

11/10/2018 04:02 PM

corevhyllested I think mixed is best. Bringing people to work (office) + service / retail / food /

wellness is great; I'd look to the Lafayette Marketplace & Denver Union

Station for inspiration around creating community space + marketplace.

NA Furniture Sales

ellenvallee Let's pick high quality services and residences in this area.

janet park with cafe, coffee shop and entertainment options for kids, teens & adults

11/09/2018 07:30 PM (music venue,etc)

jgwalega Too many hotels in the area

dmwalega King Soopers

amygcasey Co-working, food court, Farmers market

SMcMahon A mix of small eateries with small shops featuring local as well as national brands would be ideal - but allow for space to sit while shopping/eating. Also

ample parking!

fredeller Speciality shopping such as a design center concept with a number of stores working in conjunction with each other. Speciality stores and entertainment

such as REI with climbing walls, independent movie theaters. The entire site should be walkable.

Amasin Stanley Market place is a great example of helping small companies, local gathering, health and wellness offerings, starts ups, open work spaces...

Carolyn H Anderson senior housing, one level or apartments with elevator. We already have

11/11/2018 03:18 PM enough of all the other so long as Kohl's remains

dl00kner	Multi-use space similar to Rayback Collective in Boulder and Denver Milk
11/11/2018 04:23 PM	Bar. Brewery, open beer garden, food trucks and some surrounding
	retail/services.
PhyllisMP	I would like to see a large grocery store as we do not have one at this end of
11/11/2018 05:05 PM	town. We only have a small Safeway. I reallyliked the idea of a large retail
	King Soopers here.
cherylmerlino	Outdoor mall with multiple offerings such as Town Square in Las Vegas:
11/11/2018 05:24 PM	mytownsquarelasvegas.com. This has restaurants, an outdoor play area for
	kids, retails shops, offices, services (optical shop), parking garages, arcade,
	and street parking, too!
hellosherry2	I think the area would be best served if it could be a destination from
11/12/2018 12:55 PM	surrounding areas as well as a place where people walk to everyday
	services. Bookstore, tou store, bowling alley, artsy movie theate, community
	gathering space (alfalfas) fountains
bpaxton	Co-working space (see https://www.industrydenver.com for an example);
11/13/2018 07:35 AM	something like the Rayback Collective (http://therayback.com) would also be
	nice
aeromarkco	A way of transit for the rest of the neighborhood (Louisville) that cannot walk
11/13/2018 07:36 AM	easily to the Park N Ride. Furniture Store, Organic Foods Store (Lucky's or
	Sprouts), Need more parking i.e. underground parking
shoe23	Mixed use residential and retail, Asian grocery store and food court, charter
11/13/2018 03:10 PM	school.
o Salara III a	DEL Ocheller consultation in the least of the second state of the
wielandlisa	an 'outdoor' equipment/activity store - REI, Cabellas something like that - but
11/13/2018 03:23 PM	no guns!
Laura Adams	Something similar to The Source in Denver would be a great addition to
11/13/2018 03:45 PM	Louisville.
Benn8895	A type of entertainment facility that ALSO caters to special needs children as
11/13/2018 04:34 PM	well as regular children.
11/13/2018 04:34 PW	well as regular children.
cynthswift	Mixed use development with a kid friendly area in the middle. Any restaurant
11/13/2018 05:06 PM	or shop with an area for kids to run and play automatically gets more
	business in this area. A combination of the Rayback in Boulder and The
	District in Lafayette.
rubellite11	Small shops, grocery
11/13/2018 05:39 PM	
julialeslie	I would love to see a mixed-use food hall/marketplace similar to the Stanley
11/13/2018 08:42 PM	Marketplace in Aurora w/ a mix of restaurants/breweries, shopping, offices &
11/10/2010 00.42 1 101	entertainment. This would be a huge draw for people in surrounding cities to
	visit Louisvill
Kara.rigney	High quality pool facility for serious swimmers/triathletes
11/14/2018 01:30 AM	riigh quality poor lability for sorrous swiffiners/thatfiletes
11/14/2010 01.30 AW	
jensmith78	Indoor marketplace with flexible space for entrepreneurs, artists & creators -
11/14/2018 02:20 PM	galleries, design studios, craft coffee/wine - a la Barnone in Gilbert AZ
	(barnoneaz.com)

McCaslin Parcel "O" - Site Uses and Opportunities - What do you think? : Survey Report for 01 March 2017 to 28 January 2019

Alex G Plaza, Park, Small Concert Venue, Indoor/Outdoor Marketplace, Cafe, Small 11/14/2018 05:10 PM businesses and restaurants, farmers market, shade trees, bike/pedestrian trail junction, second story apartments, senior residential units Mbb A Dairy Center in Boulder type arts & performance center 11/16/2018 08:32 AM I would love to see a combo of: Gym and/or fitness class center / Trader Mira Joe's / Indoor kids playspace / brewery / Denver "Aventi" like multi-food court/bar area with playspace / small mini shops like 1-room bookstores, etc. / some mini apartments Malexander Urban farm, solar station, permanent farmers market L.A.Cox Can zoning be changed to increase options? No more hotel chains (they 11/16/2018 05:00 PM don't build community). Small customer oriented boutique shops (butcherie, cheese shop, tea shop), brewery, restaurants with roof deck to take advantage of incredible view.

Optional question (86 responses, 57 skipped)

Q3 Where do you see as the biggest opportunity(ies) on this site given the changes to the retail market and the constraints on Parcel O?

Anonymous

11/05/2018 02:33 PM

We have a big open space that could be developed thoughtfully, with no big box stores, and maybe some apartments that could help with housing.

Anonymous

11/05/2018 03:07 PM

Mixed use development, anchored by a multi-vendor food hall concept. Example: https://businessden.com/2018/10/04/food-hall-to-anchor-

redevelopment-of-mostly-vacant-retail-site-in-edgewater/

Upscale retail stores like furniture, book stores, coffee shops, etc. Would be

great to have a movie theater.

Anonymous

11/06/2018 10:29 AM

There is a definite movement away from big box stores within Louisville and the region as a whole. It seems that there is more of a need for low-to-

moderately priced housing as well as general office space in the area and a

mixed use development in that capacity could be very useful.

Anonymous

11/06/2018 10:38 AM

An integrated plan that includes all the properties in the area...from Kohl's to Safeway and the adjacent businesses around the inner ring. (McDonalds,

Bao, Paul's, gas station, banks, etc).. Expanding the vision to include the

center that is home to Via Toscana would be smart as well. small, locally owned shops and food and beverage

Anonymous

11/06/2018 10:47 AM

Anonymous

11/06/2018 10:49 AM

Anonymous

11/06/2018 10:57 AM

The biggest opportunity is creating a multi-use development that includes a mix of residential and commercial spaces using outdoor open space or a park-like space as a connection between uses. The opportunity is greater if the the Safeway, Sam's Club, and Kohl's buildings and properties are considered for redevelopment all together. The Kohl's property and the Safeway properties are important partners in the Sam's Club properties success, and should be considered anchors to the entire "O" site. A break up

of the larger big box buildings is necessary.

Anonymous 11/06/2018 11:02 AM Louisville needs a better grocery store. I would love to see a Trader Joe's in $\,$

the old sams club.

Anonymous

1/06/2018 11:05 AM

Commercial office space

Anonymous

11/06/2018 11:11 AM

Mixed use plus transportation hub.

Anonymous

11/06/2018 11:20 AM

Superior really has Louisville beat on shopping with their Costco+Target center. Perhaps going for something not offered there would be useful. The Source in RINO might be an example of how to approach this space from a

different angle. This kind of mall would encourage local business. Though it would probably a little business from downtown Louisville, it would also pull

in more folks from Superior, Boulder and Broomfield.

Mixed use with green spaces for the community to come together trying in to

Page **8** of **51**

Anonymous

11/06/2018 11:26 AM

the transportation hub on the other side my the theater. Connectivity.

Anonymous

11/06/2018 11:29 AM

People want to support local businesses, that's why something that would house multiple local vendors would work.

Anonymous

11/06/2018 11:31 AM

A cool gathering space (similar to Rayback Collective in Boulder)

Anonymous

11/06/2018 11:32 AM

Determine a way to split this up -- holding out for a big-box retailer does not appear to be a good strategy (in retrospect). I work in the area and this location would be ideal for a hotel to support my visitors that come in from out of town (multiple times per year, multiple days per visit, multiple visitors). Something in the Hilton family at a higher price point than the Hampton Inn. Splitting for restaurants would be good as well. Could also be a large gym, but that seems to be a long shot with the rec center so close.

Anonymous

11/06/2018 11:38 AM

I think Longmont's "Village at the Peaks" (https://www.villageatthepeaks.com) or Superior's "Downtown Superior" (http://downtownsuperior.com) could be a good example of what could work well here. While I don't mind visiting the

Cinnebarre Movie Theatre, the building exterior/interior are an eye sore not to mention everything around it is in decline. What if the empty Sams Club was redeveloped into a modern movie theater (serving as anchor), surrounded by modern restaurants (with patios) and small shops that are connected by a central outdoor area (mini park) where people would enjoy hanging out in the warmer months (fire pit(s), tables, grass, chairs, games for kids,

etc)...perhaps farmers markets in the summer, ice rink in the winter, etc. It would be nice to have a green space / park / playground here. A central park, surrounded by outdoor seating cafe's. Maybe a nice fountain or water feature that kids could play in (like water spray thru a grate). An attractive "stroll" around the park, bordered by small retail shops and small cafes. Lots of trees. I don't know what the "constraints" on this parcel are.....I didn't see that in this survey? Maybe I missed that page....

Small retail space and good restaurants (not chain) would be nice. Kind of like an alternate downtown.

Anonymous

11/06/2018 12:02 PM

Anonymous

11/06/2018 12:25 PM

I'd like to see something similar to Boulder 29th st mall -outdoors, small shops, restaurants and perhaps a large draw item like a movie theater

Anonymous

Create a place where people want to be and restaurants and shops will follow. Retail and Restaurants like the Source, the Milk Market, and Denver Central Market, etc. will always attract consumers. Maybe a big box sporting

Anonymous

goods store if needed to draw people in from 36.

Anonymous

The marketplace would give people what they want - to buy local handmade products, specialty products, unique food experiences, etc. It is an experience oriented concept and would get people together to gather at cafes, shops, etc. It would have pedestrian plazas and pedestrian ways, including such amenities as outdoor art exhibits, parks, fountains. It would generate lots of tax revenue for the City and people from out-of-state as well as our surrounding communities including Boulder and Denver would find it to be a worthwhile destination. It would increase property values for all of

Louisville and hence increase property taxes for the City.

Open areas and food/restaurants coffee shops,

Anonymous

Anonymous

Anonymous

Anonymous

Anonymous 11/06/2018 02:48 PM

Anonymous

11/06/2018 01:44 PM grocery store

Locally owned restaurants, a walkable space between businesses

across the street. Also, small and eateries in even a little bit of condos along with an open area for small "hang out" areas it would be a complete village feel. I am worried that we will turn into a Westminster. We are classier than that.

If we have office space along with conference spaces could fill up the hotels

Opportunity to have more local businesses and park space. Better, updated

Whatever arrives here needs to continue to set our community apart from others. I would prefer high end shops/ retail but not to the extent that Dillon Road becomes like Boulder streets.

The old Sam's could be turned into a community hub of small restaurants and local shops, kind of like Avanti in Denver. There's so much parking, making this an awesome hang out place might even ease some of the parking issues downtown is facing. Heck, work with RTD to run shuttles from here to Main & Pine so you can hop in here, shop around at little stalls, grab an appetizer, then head downtown for dinner & drinks. Kohl's is also dying; having something that I actually wanted to go to in that space would be great. Cheap/campy/silly movies, an indoor glow-in-the-dark mini-golf joint, or a year-round indoor farmer's market (yes, I know we live in Colorado, but there are lots of artisans around who make cheese or soap, chickens still lay eggs, etc.). Either spot having a health/fitness/spa thing going on would be awesome; the options in this area are limited because the community center is so great, but it also means everyone in Louisville is always there and it's crowded as heck. This whole area is wildly important to me because I walk to Safeway all the time; I want to see it revitalized and successful and cared for. There are hotels just across Dillon, so having some options available for visitors to see what Louisville really is would be awesome, too.

Opportunity to create a gathering place

Anonymous

Anonymous 11/06/2018 04:14 PM

It seems like the space should be split into smaller lots/buildings. I'd like to

Anonymous 11/06/2018 04:21 PM see mixed dining/shopping/entertainment in this space, perhaps an indoor market like Denver's Central Market.

> Places where kids can go play, parents can shop/eat/drink, local artists/entrepreneurs can sell things in small booths, and all within one building but with multiple sections. There are a ton of "startup" entrepreneurs selling things at farmers markets, fairs, etc. that would LOVE to have/rent a booth for a weekend or month and have a chance to market/sell (Brass

A place that the community can gather to get food shopping and coffee.

Anonymous

Armadillo and Lafayette Flea Market are good examples but those are antiques, not artisanal). All the while, kids could be in a game room, playing in a jungle gym style area, or maybe even bowling/laser tag. You have to bring everyone together and get a sense of community because everyone is there interacting. Make it like the bazaar in Istanbul (in terms of experience, not decor). There's a reason that places like The Source, Zeppelin Station, Milk Market, Denver Central Market, and others are booming. Except those places only apply to adults. Up here you have more kids that would need an outlet in there too. There's nothing in Boulder so people would be inclined to come up if it was something worth visiting (summer AND winter). I think about Acreage. It's in the middle of nowhere but still gets a ton of people there nightly. It's because it's an attraction. Chains aren't attractions. I'm also thinking of the

Anonymous

Could you rephrase the question please?

Anonymous

whatever

Anonymous

11/06/2018 05:14 PM

Making it viable for the residents and the businesses

Anonymous

under \$500k) gathering spaces, food, sports field

Anonymous

Park, offices

Anonymous

The Sam's Club property

Anonymous

11/06/2018 07:43 PM

Adding housing which is in demand instead of adding amenities that are

Opportunity for mixed use- residential (affordable for Seniors or down sizers

available in town or very nearby.

Anonymous

Retail stores, restaurants. Make it like another old town area - community

events, great place to hang out.

Anonymous

Mixed use neighborhood based food and entertainment related uses

Anonymous

We could use a sporting goods store.

Anonymous indoor tennis courts

Anonymous Make it mixed use, dense enough to be viable, and include residential. I live 11/06/2018 08:49 PM nearby and I want that! Please think outside the "No residential/No density"

box!

Anonymous

Sams Club

Pete

11/06/2018 09:24 PM

Large scale redevelopment that's mixed use and walkable. Close proximity to

RTD BRT gives good connectivity to Denver/Boulder!

keith

11/06/2018 09:30 PM

Activities - things to do with an emphasis on open, outdoor and family

SSN

11/06/2018 09:38 PM

Livable multifamily housing close to transit (BRT on 36) - make it a walkable, livable, modern space where folks can live/work/play without getting needing their car; transit connection to BRT on 36

JovP

11/07/2018 07:25 AM

A Legoland Discovery Center (along with higher-end retail and restaurants similar to 29th St mall) may really do well and is lacking in the Denver Metro area

debritter

11/07/2018 08:09 AM

Transforming the area into a pedestrian friendly retail area would help encourage the community to gather and use the services in the area. Add some green space. Small retailers and restaurants would be good. I don't support a hotel.

Justin Schrader

11/07/2018 09:56 AM

We would love to see an organic quick serve restaurant.

Jenny

11/07/2018 10:54 AM

I see a big opportunity for a good grocery store - Trader Joe's would do very well. Also, wellness and fitness stores could be very successful. I also think that a nice coffee shop / bagel store could do very well like the Brewing Market in Lafayette. A nail salon could do well with a massage place next to it.

it.

amom

11/07/2018 11:45 AM

Food and beverage sites. Gym would also be nice but they may need a specialty gym (ex: rock climbing) since we have a nice new rec center to compete with.

bigalieck

11/07/2018 02:13 PM

Maybe a hotel or new movie theater would work well there? Or a gym that opens earlier than the Rec Center. Or a gym that offers something unique other than what the Rec Center offers, like Orange Theory, or Cross Fit, or a climbing gym.

Juli

11/07/2018 04:29 PM

Mixed use space...retail, office, restaurant, entertainment

Ryokin

11/07/2018 05:24 PM

Mixed use development with entertainment/ retail / small business offices with shuttle to Park N Ride

Kelly

11/08/2018 09:00 AM

Not enough food options

mb

11/08/2018 10·13 AM

A well designed mixed use entertainment/shopping/restaurant area similar to what Longmont did to the old Mall area. Outdoor seating area, play equipment for kids and just an all-ages location with something for everyone.

A more pedestrian friendly retail and dining area (like Main Street in

Louisville lady

11/08/2018 11:45 AM

Louisville) but near McCaslin and Highway 36

CBV

11/08/2018 12:14 PM

lot more traffic through that area would increase patronage

Rami Cohen Either make it a public area where people can come together, or make it residential. I am sure the businesses in the area would appreciate the extra traffic in either case. Entertainment or restaurant, redeveloped into niche stores Allison S The former Sam's Club site. We use the other stores and services a lot. Louisville mom expect for the banks. Entertainment center that appeals to families during the day and early Maryan evening with an adult-only with a bar for the evening/night time. Performance 11/08/2018 03:17 PM and game space, like rock n Bowl in New Orleans. Entertainment that appeals to an entire family...including young kids such as Amy mini golf or bowling. No A mix of restaurants and artisan goods. Breads, cheeses, wines, music... maybe transforming part of the parking lot into a park / gathering area? kinda Teresa like the splash park on south public rd in old town Lafayette or next to the whole food in boulder. restaurants that have outdoor seating? Leslie We have ample, free parking and easy access to 36. 11/09/2018 10:59 AM once Kohl's move (which they will), tear down Kohl's and old Sam's club, Steve replace with mixed use including outdoor areas/parks/open space habacomike Innovative market niches. Things such as indoor ski experience, air sky 11/09/2018 11:05 AM diving, etc. Maker space. housing nm John Bolmer Something to generate sales taxes, which would not include service 11/09/2018 11:07 AM companies. There are enough hotels. restaurants, other shops. Scott I think there's an opportunity to bring innovation in food and beverage here 11/09/2018 11:08 AM such as international cuisine + local chef driven restaurants. More people are eating out than ever, and more people are food explorers. I also think a book store such as Boulder Bookstore or Tattered cover with a cafe to drive traffic is a great opportunity. And there's the obvious need for more housing. So a mixed use environment would be exciting. I'd love the Safeway to be mre robust - like the one pn 28th in Boulder. We Jkat525 go to other Safeway stores. Also dining and entertainment. I realize the 11/09/2018 11:12 AM issue of draining downtown business, but we would choose this location if parking were reasonable. Fordcokid Senior housing, park, decent grocery store. No big boxes. Make the area 11/09/2018 11:12 AM walkable, similar to a little community within the community with enough good

retail to offset the tax loss of Kohl's should it be closed.

It's a great location. Put in something other than a church.

Mark Dondelinger

11/09/2018 11:13 AM

CB

11/09/2018 11:21 AM

Unique stores, green space for relaxed shopping

andrewthak

11/09/2018 11:24 AM

The "collective" approach, with unique offerings and a community gathering place separate from downtown Louisville. Typically collectives have one anchor restaurant, smaller/artisan food options (bakery, desserts, coffee), food trucks, brewery/tap room, music, activities. Another big box retailer or grocery store would be a waste of space. There are a lot of people nearby, it's convenient to 36 and unique/changing offerings would bring in people from other communities as well.

from other communities as well.

Eajudd

11/09/2018 11:25 AM

Mixed use development- definitely some residential on site

B Eller

11/09/2018 11:27 AM

Put is shops that require browsing and interaction, so they're not affected by ecommerce. Anything with learning opportunities for families.

Ala Hason

11/09/2018 11:32 AV

Redevelop Sam's club Box into mega food-court type with open courtyard in the middle. Stage for performance for music. With fireplace. Small ice skating ring during the holidays, etc. Not Mall Type food-court!!! But more like casual

dinning restaurants (similar to downtown Louisville)

Anonymous

11/09/2018 11:35 AM

Grocery, Goodwill, clothes, entertainment all in one place

Brian

11/09/2018 11:43 AM

Walkable, open air retail and smaller, integrated resturants, some housing. No large box stores. Replace large parking lots. Integrate post office.

karen

11/09/2018 11:46 AM

I think a outdoor live and work option would be the best use of this space. Housing is a huge need.

Rick

11/09/2018 11:47 AM

The old Albertson's/Safeway is an tired looking supermarket. I newer superstore like King Soopers originally announced would be great competition. We shop outside of Louisville due because of that. We have a poor representation of upscale restaurants in Boulder County such as Seasons 52, White Chocolate, McCormick Smicks etc. Existing restaurants such as Murphy's and Carrabas are ok sometimes. All the nicer restaurants are downtown Denver or South of Denver in the Park Meadows area. NO RESIDENTIAL OR MULTI FAMILY IS WANTED. Get tax revenue or tear it down and build something you can shop and walk around.

BAllen

11/09/2018 11:50 AM

Check out Rayback collective in boulder...really cool place that would fit

nicely where the Sam's Club is.

Terri

11/09/2018 12:12 PM

Location - close to highway

m48martin

11/09/2018 12:18 PM

Mixed use retail and office. Likely an opportunity for a smaller hotel given

location, but might not be big enough to accomodate.

Lawrenceboyd

11/09/2018 12:25 PM

More bistro like restaurants, smaller boutique shops and a whole foods, perhaps a nice fitness center. No big-box retail .

None

11/09/2018 12:29 PM

WEC

coreyhyllested

Mix of food & beverage with unique entertainment spanning generations don't need another movie theater—as well as some office spaces & services that bring in clients-salon/spa, Pilates studio, music & art instruction, and enough parking to make it easy for customers.

Revitalize the area, small locally owned businesses and restaurants, bookstore, etc.

Improved diversity and density of options could create a community space. There are a few options in the area; two banks, a gas station, cleaner, and a few food options separated from Kohls, USPS, empty SamsClub, and Safeway -- by a giant, empty parking lots. The big box stores and USPS are also spread out. In the 8 years living in Louisville I've probably seen 10-ish people walking between these giant buildings. Retail is changing. Its becoming more of an experience and service oriented (e.g. Apple Store, Barnes + Noble, etc) Creating a space where people want to hang out is great. Then allowing (but perhaps helping) the market find what will cater to Louisville and surrounding area residents. It's hard given the disconnected buildings. I've often thought about creating a food truck park to help make it more of a destination. And then, similar to Denver's Union Station; provide a community space surrounded by food, bars, smaller retail venues, and services. The challenge is there is very little office space near by to keep constant foot traffic. Which I could be solved by dense residential or better for the city... office space.

Furniture and Home Goods Sales

NA

patrickosu

todd gleeson

11/09/2018 04:01 PM

ellenvallee

janet

11/09/2018 07:30 PM

1997720

carolncolo

Would be a good spot for a King Soopers

restaurants and family friendly activities. Entertainment and education -maybe a theater geared towards live podcasts.

Sporting goods, REI, etc are not well represented locally Mixed small retail, gallery, office and residential seems to fit our neighborhood Look at Aspen Grove in Littleton as a viable model of small and midsize retail Sam's club building

Boulder prospered by going green with open areas etc which increased property values. I am not sure going totally commercial is the best idea. My niece recently moved for CA to the area and looked at but did not move to Louisville because it was too suburban and the "mall atmosphere" of O area was not attractive. She was looking for fun things for kids and "strolling areas" (bakery, bookshops, coffee shops plus greenery) fitness, restaurant, niche/specialty grocer (Trader Joe's)

Walmart is extremely successful and I think it would be successful for that

igwalega

location

dmwalega

Garbanzos Restaurant, Wendy's

amygcasey

11/10/2018 04:31 PM

Community cohesiveness

Doug Johnson

The sams club property has been vacant for a long time. Any type of a thought out development plan would be a step in the right direction.

Ryan Korte

technology office space. Something similar to the atmosphere of Industrious (Boulder) or WeWork. I chose hospitality but only for restaurants. (we don't need more hotels in that area with the others nearby.

SMcMahon

Biggest opportunity lies in creating an alternative to Louisville Main Street. That area is populated by families with small kids and difficulty finding parking. Ideally, this site would work for residents of all age groups, easy to get to, to park, and provide unique retail and eating establishments. Benches for sitting outside, and offers including, for example, food truck parking, bakery, coffee shop, hand-made soaps, repairs, flower shops, etc., at good prices. If pricing isn't good or the products not unique, the establishments will fail. Customers will go elsewhere or online if there is no compelling offer here.

fredeller

11/11/2018 11:07 AM

I do not think another strip shopping area is needed. A walkable development that would be fun with speciality shopping might make sense. Outdoor stores such as REI with selected activities for both indoor and outdoor might create traffic. There are not many places to go during bad weather- Copper Mountain's Woodward's activity center has a lot of different activities that might be interesting to look at.

Amasin

11/11/2018 11:13 AM

Community support

Carolyn H Anderson

We need Kohl's to remain. There are already plenty of hotel/motel rooms here, the food/restaurant capacity is about maxed out, I would think. NO BIG BOX stores needed, they are all failing...I would prefer to see no additional retail facilities. There isn't enough business for them. I would not shop at them.

dl00kner

Multi-use space with the brewery/beer garden as the draw to the new surrounding retail/services.

imcquie

11/11/2018 04:50 PM

Address the term of the 65-year covenants. They have been in place for 25 years now. The American business landscape is very different than it was 25 years ago (for example, take a look at which companies are in the Dow Jones Industrial Average now who were there 25 years ago). There is no reason to believe the pace of change will slow in the next 40 years,

constraining the ability of the city to maximize tax revenue.

PhyllisMP

Not retail per se but something everyone needs all the time. A large grocery store. Whole Foods is too expensive, Target does not have a complete selection, and Safeway is small and has little organic.

cherylmerlino

11/11/2018 05:24 PM

It would be great to capitalize on Colorado's great weather by putting an outdoor mixed use mall on the site--which in turn would maximize sales tax revenue, while staying away from big box retail and offering smaller retail, services, restaurants, etc.... As previously referenced, please take the time to view this website as an example: mytownsquarelasvegas.com. This project was well planned and executed perfectly (in the town of Las Vegas where this project had stiff competition!!). I didn't notice in the study if the Post Office is considered to be part of this parcel, but it could be relocated to the far side of the property where Kohls is now, or incorporated into the new plan. We visited the Town Square in Las Vegas on a recent visit and were amazed by it. They did have a Whole Foods as an anchor and a theater, which Louisville/Superior already has, so maybe spicing up the Safeway and adding either a hotel where Kohls is now would work and having the small retail, services, restaurants, etc be where Sam's used to be would be great. A hotel where Kohls is would bring in substantial tax revenue and with CU only 6 miles away, I feel sure a new hotel in Louisville would attract people from Boulder and from Broomfield. I understand there are long-time restrictions for the site that would need to be lifted or altered in order to build and grow the most focal/viable area of Louisville (not to mention the convenience to Highway 36 which will only continue to attract people to shop, dine, and use services in Louisville -- as Boulder's rampant growth continues to ruin that city). As Boulder continues to allow growth there, which stifles traffic, a logical place for people to gravitate to is LOUISVILLE!! Superior absolutely ruined its infrastructure with their town center, so PLEASE DO NOT do anything that Superior did!! It's awful (including the drive into the town center with narrow parking and inconveniently located parking garages). Their roundabouts are awful, and frankly, it does not look very good, either. The residential buildings are awkward and unwelcoming. I know it's not finished yet, but this was not a well thought out project in the least. With a few parking structures (maybe on the other side of the Post Office on the Sam's side) and carefully laid out plans so people can also park on the streets, Louisville's McCaslin Mall could be even better than the 28th Street Mall in Boulder (which isn't great, either.... so, again, please take a look at the website for the one they did exceptionally well in Las Vegas at the Town Square). I have talked to Dennis Maloney about this, as well. He has been great during this entire process, open to new ideas and suggestions he can share, and with follow up and feedback. I really appreciate his service to our community!! Please feel free to call me: Cheryl Merlino (303) 604-0600 Email: Cheryl@ppp.jobs

camillefowles

11/12/2018 11:24 AM

hellosherry2

11/12/2018 12:55 PM

Food and entertainment

We need to have complementary businesses and activities that attract the same demographics. Ie— store, indoor entertainment for kids, bowling alley, hair salon for kids, fountains to play in, for adults—bookstore, wine bar, spa, hair salon, art movie theatre, shops like in Stanley market place, boutiques, exercise/yoga places, chocolate shop, bakery. The key is having high quality

bpaxton

11/13/2018 07:35 AM

aeromarkco

shoe23

Sarahzauner

wielandlisa

Laura Adams

Benn8895

cvnthswift

rubellite11

julialeslie

AlisaG

Kara.rigney

businesses that provide goods and services that you either can't get online (haircuts) or that offer a superior experience. It would be SO AMAZING if we could get the Tattered Cover to come here. Unique business with a track record of steady success. Please keep the post office and grocery storesuper handybto have in walking distance. Make it a beautiful place where people want to come and are invited in, not just a transactional station. One big advantage this site has is the close proximity to US-36 and the ability to attract out of town visitors. Unique restaurant and work spaces could draw more regional guests.

Turn it into mixed use with residential and retail but keep open space (parks) for folks to walk, ride their bikes, etc. We need ample parking and/or public transport from the rest of Louisville. A bus line running down Dillon and McCaslin and S. Boulder would help

Changing the layout to be less 1980s to be more more modern will hopefully reinvigorate the area.

Restaurants, yoga/Pilates, higher-end fitness, cooking classes.

i think there is an opportunity to redesign this to have walkable, parklets 'an 'outdoor mall' type of shopping experience where you can park here and there, but walk around and there is grass, trees, tables and chairs to sit at and eat or talk to friends or on the phone. access to the bus stop that is safe, the area should be well lit and friendly.

Create something like The Source in Denver in the former Sam's Club

Where the old Sam's Club used to be.

Mixed use, kids friendly restaurants and retail (also open work/collaboration spots).

Break it up into smaller parcels and put in some decent retail

The immense size of Parcel 0 is a great opportunity to bring in a range of businesses and services instead of limiting to just one big-box store. A diverse range of businesses and services will attract a broader range of consumers. The Stanley Marketplace in Aurora has proven to be very successful because of its community-first approach and unique way of showcasing local businesses. Louisville prides itself on its small-town charm, and by bringing in a mixed-use, community-centric marketplace, it reinforces the charm and community ethos that we appreciate so much.

I think the old Sam's space could be turned into a food hall or something like

Stapleton now has

Large retail space is dying and has been taken over by virtual sales. Abandon the retail approach. Please don't add more multi-family housing. Broomfield is taking care of that need. We are in the center of an

CharlieEalv

11/14/2018 01:17 PM

jensmith78

11/14/2018 02:20 PM

Alex G

11/14/2018 05:10 PM

jan scrogan

11/15/2018 04:36 PM

wb

11/15/2018 09:33 PM

Mbb

11/16/2018 08:32 AM

Mira

11/16/2018 01:51 PM

international elite athlete community in Boulder County. Attract a commercial organization to build athletic space (preferably an indoor Olympic sized pool facility) to support training demand and to host competitions (much like the Veterans Memorial Aquatic Center in Thornton). The currently empty retail space could be transformed to meet the demand from local swim teams including high schools and the Louisville Dolphins as well as swimmers and triathletes in the area. The Rec center and Memory Square could be preserved for seniors and truly recreational swimming. Neither facility (even with the recent improvements) is well suited for serious swimmers. Need to build a version of The Orchard Town Center in Broomfield (I-25). A mixture of retail, food, services (ATT, for example) that are in smaller retail pads or sets of retail pads. Smaller individual buildings, retail pads can be easily adjust for tenants that will come and go. Needs to provide an atmosphere where people will park and walk from store to store (nice sidewalks, kids play areas, music (audio speakers), a firepit seating area I see the biggest opportunity being to create something unique and out of the box. Given that large retail space seems to be falling out of favor - a marketplace concept for local entrepreneurs would surely serve a community need and create something new that would attract visitors from surrounding communities.

There is a great opportunity to change this area from a dated car-centric area to a forward looking multi-modal area, and to balance the west end of the City with the dynamic character of the City's historic downtown. This could be the first part of a larger effort to make the McCaslin corridor more hospitable to multi-modal travel. Create new bikeways and expand and re-route existing sidewalks to safely bring people to this area. Doing so would not only make it a desirable location, but it would also help bring more traffic to existing businesses. Connections to the US 36 Bikeway, RTD station, Coal Creek Trail and other non-vehicular paths should be a priority. Blending public and private infrastructure would create a conducive environment for a farmers market (year round with a conditioned space), concerts, athletics, etc. This would also be a good opportunity to address the lack of senior housing-especially attractive with the close proximity to a grocery store and other businesses. Adding green spaces, parks, trees, a plaza and even something like a smaller scale Stanley Marketplace would make it a desirable location for several demographics.

Need commonly used businesses so our taxes don't all go to Superior and Broomfield.

Provide a facility that includes a community resource such as a health facility, performing arts center, or a combination of small retail.

An opportunity for a community asset such as a multiuse film & arts center, studios & cafes.

With so many families in the region, I think having a mixed use, hangout space for drinks and decently priced food would be welcome.

McCaslin Parcel "O" - Site Uses and Opportunities - What do you think? : Survey Report for 01 March 2017 to 28 January 2019

drpwsmith

11/16/2018 02:54 PM

Malexander

11/16/2018 04:18 PM

L.A.Cox

11/16/2018 05:00 PM

nancybigelow

perk1000

11/17/2018 08:43 AM

(137 responses, 6 skipped)

Small Local Business

Kill big noxes and create a new pedestrian neighborhood. Be bold and visionary.

If the constraints can be broadened, then there are some great options. The other challenge is there is no "There" there. A sense of place needs to be created, not just building another strip mall with chain restaurants and stores. People want to have an experience when they are deciding where to spend their entertainment dollars (food/beverage). Consider placing parking on the perimeter of the retail/restaurant space with the stores & restaurants situated on a square or public space that is still open to the Flatirons view. Make sure to include outdoor seating at the restaurants as well as rooftop tables/seating. This would be a definite draw, as there are only a few places in all of east Boulder county where rooftop seating is an option (Waterloo & Stem). Include a chef oriented restaurant with attention paid to the design and atmosphere -Ex. Hickory & Ash in Broomfield, built in a new shopping/retail center similar to this parcel). As well, to address the change in retail bring in shops that fill the niche where one needs to feel, smell or taste the product (specialty butcherie/cheese shop, loose tea w/tea room, high-end specialty florist (weddings/events = tax \$), organic bath and skincare/make-up, . Include some options that are not filled by the new rec center - Pilates studio with equipment, a pottery studio with classes/parties. Include an area for food trucks situated around tables and outdoor entertainment (corn-hole, lawn bowling/croquet, giant chess). Attention to design, lighting and landscaping to create a space that creates a sense of community and "place" where people will want to visit and linger. Soon there will be a lot more options in the area - right across 36 with Superior's new shopping center, Westminster's planned mixed-use development. Let's try to attract those tax dollars here, as well as give the citizens on this side of Louisville somewhere they can walk to that will also be an addition to all the wonderful things going on in downtown Louisville. This quadrant along McCaslin could really become another draw to the city with commitment to the right design and occupants. Attracting businesses that don't compete with Amazon.

Things that are not affected by internet businesses. Small "ma & pa" shops can't compete.

Q4 What types of development would draw people from the NEIGHBORHOOD to shop, eat or drink here? Be specific?

Anonymous Laser tag, car racing, gym, mini-golf, some sort of entertainment that would

1/05/2018 02:33 PM be a draw. We don't need any more fast casual food chains, or banks.

Anonymous Great food with boutique retail. Joint events such as markets, open air

05/2018 03:07 PM cinema,

Anonymous Entertainment and food.

11/06/2018 10:29 AM

11/06/2018 10:57 AM

Anonymous

Anonymous It's not clear whether that area can effectively support more traditional retail

11/06/2018 10:38 AM space. I think that going to more of a mixed use development (housing and

office) is probably going to be more effective in the long run.

Anonymous Not much hat wouldn't cannibalize the the existing neighborhood retail along

11/06/2018 10:47 AM the corridor. We are already well served with a good dry cleaners, pharmacy,

banks, auto service, liquor store, coffee shop, etc. Sam's wasn't a neighborhood retail center. Neither should its replacement be one.

Anonymous spa (no gym, don't want to pull revenue from rec center), small, unique

706/2018 10:49 AM restaurants (think Moxie, lucky pie/sweet cow), unique bar (no chains), small

alternative movie theater (Indy), bike repair and ski repair (no intrusive repair

shoes, i.e., no car repair), boutique clothing stores

Anonymous Fitness (yoga, functional fitness), craft brewery/brew pub, distillery, bakery,

fast casual food, bike shop with coffee bar (the new "biker bar" concept),

escape room, boutique/lifestyle hotel.

Anonymous Trader Joe's, Mountain sun,

11/06/2018 11:02 AM

Anonymous Children's entertainment Home improvement Food trucks Green space

beverages, meals, relaxing in green spaces--anything that brings us together

within walking distance and keeps us from having to travel far from home for

Neighborhood shoppers want places to meet up with each other with

our basic needs.

Anonymous One stop shopping - coffee/books/craft beer + wine and fine food.

11/06/2018 11:20 AM

11/06/2018 11:26 AM

Anonymous Good food and beverages, spaces to gather together. Businesses that help

citizens improve daily living neds. Mixed use areas surrounded by green

spaces linking it to our public transportation and biking and walking

enthusiasts.

Anonymous A variety of options.Like the Milk Market in Denver - an upscale food court...

11/06/2018 11:29 AM Or a food truck destination like the Rayback Collective in Boulder

Anonymous farm to table restaurant, organic restaurant, brewery, community space

11/06/2018 11:31 AM

Anonymous

11/06/2018 11:32 AM

Anonymous

11/06/2018 11:38 AM

Anonymous

11/06/2018 12:02 PM

Anonymous

11/06/2018 12:25 PM

Anonymous

11/06/2018 01:22 PM

Anonymous

11/06/2018 01:28 PM

Anonymous

11/06/2018 01:36 PM

Anonymous

11/06/2018 01:37 PM

Anonymous

11/06/2018 01:44 PM

Anonymous

11/06/2018 01:45 PM

Anonymous

11/06/2018 02:38 PM

A restaurant would do it. Walkable from lots of businesses. A hotel serves the visits of offices in the neighborhood. A retail option is a toy store.

A good mix of modern, healthy Restaurants, brew pubs, etc with outdoor patios for the warm months connected by a "Village Green" where people would enjoy hanging out (fire pit, water fountain, kids play area, etc) and seasonal events could be held (farmers markets, live music, brew fest, etc). Wow...I thought I just answered that question. A charming, tree filled park, with a fountain for kids to play in, a nice sidewalk winding through the greenspace, surrounded by great cafe's with outdoor seating. But now this is getting annoying, because you've basically asked the same question 3 times......

Family friendly restaurants with good healthy food, a smoothie/juice bar (something like Wonder on Pearl), a place to sit outside and hang out.

* Micro brew or pub like Gravity brewing or Growler USA. * open air market on weekends * game or hobby store

Unique restaurants like Thrive and Oak in Boulder, Watercourse Foods in Denver, Glacier ice cream in Boulder always has crowds in summer, specialty foods, boutique clothing, gifts, cooking, painting and/or photography classes. Enough already with the breweries and chain restaurants. Add a gated area for humans to watch their dogs play and kid activities like Dartmania in Englewood and/or a splash and rope climbing park like Centennial Center or Westlands Park in Greenwood Village, Warrior Challenge Arena (Broomfield) or Virtual Realty Arcade (for older kids) and it will become a family gathering place.

Specialty stores like you find in the SF marketplace and other cities in the states and around the world. Cheese monger, chocolatier, fruit & veggies, wine store, pastry shop, organic food store, tea shop, coffee shop, florist, handmade candles, specialty jam, lotions, etc. Then ethnic and regional restaurants/cafes with limited seating at some. We are such a melting pot that this could be a really cool way to learn about different cultures.

Casual dining, outdoor walking paths, ice cream!

Intimate local farm to table restaurants and cafes. Park space/playground (like the new Lafayette Silver Creek neighborhood playground). Gym space like Pure Barre. Some boutiques. Brewery pubs/distilleries like what is opening more in lafayette.

Locally owned shops and restaurants. The ability for people to walk from local neighborhoods to eat, play, shop.

I Believe it Hass to have a contiguous and very consistent look and feel whether his old architecture or new contemporary architecture. Small little boutique and food kiosks Combined with small little condos or apartments can bring a feel of ownership for both the community surrounding it in outside people coming in.

McCaslin Parcel "O" - Site Uses and Opportunities - What do you think? : Survey Report for 01 March 2017 to 28 January 2019

Anonymous

11/06/2018 02:48 PM

Anonymous

11/06/2018 03:35 PM

Anonymous

11/06/2018 04:00 PM

Anonymous

11/06/2018 04:14 PM

Anonymous

11/06/2018 04:21 PM

Anonymous

11/06/2018 04:44 PM

Anonymous

Anonymous

11/06/2018 05:01 PM

Anonymous 11/06/2018 05:14 PM Service industries obviously won't. And we already have a mediocre theater that claims to be a Boulder theater by its name. That alone bothers me that it ever got past city council. I want Louisville to continue to separate itself from other towns, to offer high end goods and entertainment. Please no more low end box stores.

A small set of specialty shops would be great - a butcher shop, bakery, produce stand, etc. They each do one or two things amazingly well, instead of doing a little of everything kinda okay. Entertainment options (as mentioned in a previous answer) would give me more reasons to get out of the house when another hike isn't going to work and I don't want to eat any more. I, personally, really miss the hang-out spot - in my hometown it was a tea shop that had couches and old/classic video games. Having a place that had space to play tabletop/board games, hosted video game competitions, served some light food (some of which isn't fried), had knitting club sign-up, and other fun-but-harder-to-monetize activities would be STELLAR.

Other retail, boutique shops

Local restaurants not chains, water feature for kids to play, a place that plays live music, maybe a good wine bar, high end retail

Restaurants, spa, service, or local goods market.

A moderately priced place to get a quick meal where I don't have to sit down and tip a waiter. I'd also go if I knew I could get quality vegetables/spices/other food for home. I'd also go if there were good beers on tap and cocktails to be made. I want options where if I go with my wife, she can get noodles while I get hot dogs and my friend has pierogies and his wife gets tamales. Then we all meet at the central area to eat and drink while watching a local jazz band play the night away. When I have kids, they can play in the side areas until 10PM when I know it becomes adult only and the jazz band cuts it loose on the flute for a couple hours. Me personally, if I knew that my favorite salsa/hot sauce vendor was there, I'd be going there once a week to restock. If a local brewer sold his famous concoction in a booth, I'd go there weekly to buy it. Or if the guy on the Oh Oh Facebook page that smokes pork shoulders showed up every Saturday morning, you know I'd be there to get some. You roast hatch chiles and make a killer stew? Yep, I'll be by your booth to buy that regularly and maybe try your other stuff too. I live by Fireside Elementary and have to drive down to Denver to find anything close to this.

Small specialty shops

a great market

Same as previously mentioned... something like reading terminal market in philly

Anonymous

McMenamins in Portland, OR) another dog park would bring people to shop

and eat. Specialty butcher?

Anonymous

Something the area doesn't have - food truck lot, something like avanti, craft brewery from local entrepreneurs instead of all chains, something like avanti.

Or a new indoor volleyball place like oasis

Anonymous

11/06/2018 07:43 PM

Bike repair, cleaner, old-style barber, microbrew pub with beer garden

Smaller quaint eateries, maybe a restaurant with a movie theater (check

Anonymous

N/A

Anonymous

Ice cream store, Snarf's sandwich, higher end restaurants, boutique shops

Anonymous

11/06/2018 08:29 PM

Walkable, placed base desig of the district

Anonymous

Sporting goods store

Anonymous

indoor tennis courts

Anonymous

The same types of development--and programming--that draw people to downtown Louisville. Create an attractive focal point/gathering spot, surround it with a mix of interesting locally owned uses, make it walkable and bikeable from surrounding neighborhoods (including on the W side of McCaslin) and it will thrive. If it sounds familiar, it is...Downtown Louisville! We just need a west side version! There are no historic structures on this side of town, so make it a contemporary version (taller--with appropriate setbacks and layering--and with mixed use, including residential).

Anonymous

Entertainment and food venue

Pete

11/06/2018 09:24 PM

We want people to shop/eat/drink in old Town more than here! Dense mixed use business/residential/fast casual food is the way to go in this area!

keith

A giant play structure (day use) within a large grass/park open air amphitheater stage which can be used to host large concerts and outdoor events (tax source)

SSN

Hospitality, service, entertainment; other; Please make this a modern development where there are shared green spaces with shops & multi-family housing where folks can gather, walk to a play area, stroll around to shop and dine. NO MORE STRIP MALLS OR BIG BOX STORES WITH LARGE PARKING LOTS. Be creative and think outside the box! This location is perfect for folks to use transit if they work outside of Louisville.

JovP

Legoland Discover Center, or another really cool kid activity along with good coffee (Peet's!)- some nationally know brands. Think like California- if we

have lots of movement from there we have those customers. Outdoor $\operatorname{\mathsf{ped}}$

mall like 29th St

debritter Restaurants and small retailers

11/07/2018 08:09 AM

Justin Schrader Organic local eatery.

11/07/2018 09:56 AM

Jenny Grocery store, a bike repair shop, some kids places like a bounce house or a

11/07/2018 10:54 AM ninja studio

amom A space like The Source in Denver - and easy place to visit and have food

11/07/2018 11:45 AM and drink access easy

bigalieck Locally-owned restaurants, no chains please! Gym that offers something

1/07/2018 02:13 PM different from the Rec Center. Sports physical therapy, massage,

chiropractic, acupuncture Upscale hair salon Cocktail bars/tapas restaurants

Juli Unique, convenience. Pharmaca, shoe store, play it again sports,

11/07/2010 04.23 1 10

Ryokin Creative retail (non-chain or more rare chains) and entertainment (already

5:24 PM have a theater) / restaurants. Especially a high end restaurant which we

really have none of (farm-to-table, steakhouse, etc)

Kelly Better sandwich and lunch shops

11/08/2018 09:00 AM

mb A mixed use space that people can bike to and enjoy a few hours of food,

entertainment or shopping. Louisville is such a family-friendly spot and we need something over on this end of town similar to the Lucky Pie/Sweet Cow

popularity for all ages.

Louisville lady More family friendly restaurants. The area near Dillon Rd and McCaslin has

so many marijuana dispensaries, it is not a family environment. I think that is

why Noodles & Company closed.

CBV movie theater, we only have cinnebarre near by kids activities, ninja zone

11/08/2018 12:14 PM **type place**

Rami Cohen Basketball/tennis/soccer fields, as long as they are free.

11/08/2018 12:55 PM

11/08/2018 11:45 AM

Allison S Restaurants, entertainment or any service or retail that has chance of

11/08/2018 01:25 PM survival. There is already a movie theater across street.

Louisville mom A mix of chain and local eateries. Snarf's, Wahoo's, Anthony's Pizza, an ice

cream alternative to Sweet Cow would be great. Mixed entertainment would be good for this family friendly town: large laser tag venue, arcade, bumper

cars or something different like that.

Maryan Food Hall with Farmer's market attached. Include informal cooking classes

and food demos. Performance space smaller than 1st Bank Center but

bigger than the Louisville Arts Center.

Amy Something like Punch Bowl Social

11/08/2018 05:01 PM

No

11/08/2018 06:03 PM

Family friendly restaurants/kids play parents eat, good food and drinks

Teresa small locally owned shops... maybe like old town... video game shop?

11/08/2018 09:06 PM toy/game store?

Leslie I think food and other retail. Recreation will have a hard time competing with

11/09/2018 10:59 AM the price point of the Rec Center, which is looking great after the renovation.

Steve non-chain restaurants and stores like those in downtown louisville. Downtown

/09/2018 11:04 AM louisville is the successful model and there's enough demand/traffic to

support both locations.

habacomike Something different than what already is available. See suggestions above.

11/09/2018 11:05 AM

nm whole foods

11/09/2018 11:05 AM

John Bolmer

Let's not OK something that will drive something else out of business. The

area could probably handle another restaurant or two. But why set up

area could probably handle another restaurant or two. But why set up competition for Safeway, the Louisville Rec Center or CineBarre?

Scott See previous note. Think: Moxie Bakery, Dushanbe Teahouse, Blackbelly

Market, Cured/Boxcar. Also, how about a culinary center inspired by Boulder

Foodlab? Further — Ceramic studios such as Color me Mine are a great tanglible (non-digital) way for families to do activities together. Encourage

community and uniqueness. Plant lots of trees.

Jkat525 Hospitality and adequate parking. I've recently found that okd san's is the

1/09/2018 11:12 AM only venue on the atra that can accommodate a large event - i have a dream

luncheon.

Fordcokid Food/beverage, nice grocery store, health and wellness.

11/09/2018 11:12 AM

Mark Dondelinger Retail would be best. There are enough hotels and restaurants in the area.

11/09/2018 11:13 AM

11/09/2018 11:21 AM

11/09/2018 11:24 AM

CB Louisvillealready has a movie theater, a renovated rec center, and access to

big box stores. Would love to see unique shopping and restaurants, NOT chain stores, ie Tattered Cover satellite store, upscale clothing stores. NOT entertainment center!! Would only bring increased traffic with low spending

interest.

andrewthak Unique offerings -- a brewery (an established one like Oskar Blues), artisan

food/beverage options, activities that kids can do while parents hang out (bags games, indoor ropes course or climbing area, even a video game

arcade would be fine)

Eajudd A better grocery store. Maybe an outdoor store. Maybe some space

11/09/2018 11:25 AM dedicated to pop up stores/artist shops. Coffee shop etc.

B Eller Non-franchise and non fast-food. There's a lot of that already.

11/09/2018 11:27 AM

Ala Hason

Eat and drink, and entertainment

Anonymous

11/09/2018 11:35 AM

Perhaps a "co-working" firm, such as WeWork, or 'Play, Work, Dash'. This area of Colorado has so many flexible workers and working parents. See story on Sunday Morning: https://www.cbs.com/shows/cbs-sundaymorning/video/08SFHuqMfhFJO8V1Ift0eADdBOJFqd0O/co-working-when-

the-home-office-is-away-from-home/

for enntertainment, i.e. concerts, etc.

Brian

karen

Small, local resturants with no drug busineses. Specialized resturants. Venue

11/09/2018 11:46 AM

Entertainment for all ages, such as movies, bounce houses and laser tag. We also need tutoring centers for our youth. Bike shops to showcase how cool the trail systems are in Louisville. I would suggest more fast places to eat that are not your typical fast food. I do think a few smaller retail stores would work, but it shouldn't be the focus. My plan would be to anchor the grocery store, Safeway, and build around it. To allow this to work, Safeway has to do a bigger remodel. The grocery chain has got to look fresher and place to gather, not just run in and run out.

Rick

11/09/2018 11:47 AM

Flatirons is close enough so bring in retail and dining but upscale. This is an upscale area that I think the locals would support. Boutique shopping for example. How about a nice steakhouse/seafood restaurant like the Landry chain.

BAllen

Something like Rayback collective and a couple of nicer restaurants

Terri

Unique high quality restaurant - with outdoor dining - organic farm to table Distillery Small shopping area with locally owned shops

m48martin

11/09/2018 12:18 PM

Hospitality, F&B Service Entertainment (not movie, have that)

Lawrenceboyd

Look at Longmont's village at the peaks as a great example - with access by

bike/walking trail (www.villageatthepeaks.com)

None

Quick easy healthy food combined with unique intimate sit down restaurants

WEC

11/09/2018 12:50 PM

Unique shops and restaurants, NOT box stores or chains, areas which can provide a sense of community. Bookstore, Paul's Coffee Shop (KEEP PAUL'S!!!), Trader Joe's.

coreyhyllested

Louisville is increasing affluent. Downtown Louisville and Lafayette both have a large degree of creative people. That said, I think more variety of smaller food venues and retail shops. This creates an outlet for people in the community but also creates a unique variety. - Creating a space for food trucks [e.g. Raback collective] creates a "What will be there today?" Mexican, Indian, Egg + Breakfast. I would also think that a place where I can work, grab a bite to eat, and do a bit of other things is ideal.

N.I.A.	0.11 14 11
NA 11/09/2018 01:05 PM	Outdoor Mall
patrickosu 11/09/2018 02:30 PM	fast causal restaurants, convenience retail, butcher shop
todd gleeson 11/09/2018 04:01 PM	I live <1mile away down Dillon. Restaurants, services, clothing, sporting goods, a *good* grocery store would draw my household.
ellenvallee 11/09/2018 04:58 PM	Local restaurants and boutique shopping
janet 11/09/2018 07:30 PM	pleasant environment with covered places to sit in hot weather with entertainment options and things like play fountains like those I saw in Norfolk VA botanical park that are both visually attractive and let kids run around in them. Could have evening light/music shows with fountains as in some places in China Food options not too upscale or expensive but more "charm" than fast food outlets
1997720 11/09/2018 11:21 PM	Family friendly, parking access, cost effective
carolncolo 11/10/2018 05:06 AM	Again, I suggest a Walmart super store.
jgwalega 11/10/2018 03:53 PM	King Soopers
dmwalega 11/10/2018 04:02 PM	Garbanzos Restaurant, Wendy's, King Soopers
amygcasey 11/10/2018 04:31 PM	YMCA. Or food court with a variety of options, meeting space, event spaces. Could include co-working space
Doug Johnson 11/11/2018 07:08 AM	Good quality, reasonably priced goods and services. Give people a reason not to drive to Boulder or Westminster
Ryan Korte 11/11/2018 09:23 AM	warehouse like restaurant district (multiple vendors surrounding a common open area)
SMcMahon 11/11/2018 09:37 AM	Provide an alternative to Main Street establishments, with an updated look and feel. Different cuisines, maybe have them all share a delivery program to the area? Some shops could appeal to morning customers (coffee, baked goods, breakfast), some afternoon visitors (unique shops, repair), then evening (eateries that can provide eat-in or take-out for couples and families). Louisville is lacking a solid food delivery service - it's always mostly chain pizza or Chinese. If the eateries here offered delivery as a group, it would be appealing.
fredeller 11/11/2018 11:07 AM	I believe I covered that previously
Amasin	A multi use facility. Drives community of all ages.

11/11/2018 11:13 AM

Carolyn H Anderson

11/11/2018 03:18 PM

We already have more hospitality facilities than comparable cities. The service business you mention can be found elsewhere in town... Small retail shops regularly fail. We do not need manicure shops or spa facilities, we already have them.

dl00kner

11/11/2018 04:23 PM

Hospitality, food and beverage. Would recommend something similar to the Rayback Collective in Bouler.

imcquie

11/11/2018 04·50 PM

Pretty much any retail use will draw from the neighborhood. I live a 5 minute drive or a 20-minute walk from parcel O and almost most of my neighborhood shopping is done there (groceries, gas, banking, coffee, basic

clothing)

PhyllisMP

11/11/2018 05:05 PM

I am specific a large King Soopers wasn't that recommended previously and the neighborhood didn't have a say.

cherylmerlino

11/11/2018 05:24 PM

No "chains", but restaurants, taverns, service shops, a spa, salon, arcade, "to go" and "sit down" types of restaurants that are unique and open-aired in

concept (like Sweet Cow in downtown).

Service, retail, food and beverage

camillefowles

11/12/2018 11:24 AM

Inalreday patronize the bank, post office, Safeway, hair salon (fringe)—essential services. I would be drawn to a bookstore, art movie theatre,

natural grocer, fabric or knitting store.

hellosherry2

I think development that is walkable and indoor/outdoor would be successful given the relative busyness of the Friday Street Faire and downtown.

11/13/2018 07:35 AM

Bike Shop, Micro Brewery, Ethnic Foods, A food court ala high end mix of

restaurants. Playhouse,

aeromarkco

11/13/2018 07:36 AM

Unique food choices. Pedestrian friendly.

shoe23

bpaxton

11/13/2018 03:10 PM

Sarahzauner Really hard to tell what is in the lot, how to get there, and where to walk/bike.

Need much better and appealing signage, better access points.

wielandlisa

11/13/2018 03:23 PM

a walkable, tree filled space that is inviting with NON brand stores and eateries - no big box / big name stuff. there is plenty of that around. there should be seating and spaces for spending time and walkways to and from each business and eatery. there should be parking at one end and there should be a friendly, safe way to and from the bus stop at McCaslin or even closer in so its not on the main road - tucked back toward the back of the parcel.

Laura Adams

11/13/2018 03:45 PM

Multi use building where with opportunity for pop us shops with local venders can sell. Butchers, flower shops, cheese shop. It would create a community

atmosphere for people to gather.

Benn8895

11/13/2018 04:34 PM

Louisville is becoming a tight community. Local will always be favored over big shops. So local restaurants, shops, services offered by people already in the community would fare well.

cynthswift	Something with alcohol & food that is kid friendly.
11/13/2018 05:06 PM	
on the a Hills and all	
rubellite11	I live just behind the post office. I'd love to see small shops, restaurants,
11/13/2018 05:39 PM	Trader Joes, some entertainment. I want to walk to places
julialeslie	yoga studio kickboxing studio ** deli ** microbreweries /taprooms dessert
11/13/2018 08:42 PM	spot/ice cream gift boutique clothing boutique new york style pizza laser tag
	climbing gym indoor kid's bounce studio
AlisaG	Gmail friendly restaurants with full bars
11/13/2018 10:30 PM	
Kara rignov	Wellness service businesses (e.g., massage, physical therapy, chiropractic)
Kara.rigney 11/14/2018 01:30 AM	and health food restaurants can be built around a large pool facility to support
11/14/2010 01.30 AM	customers of the pool as well as the greater community.
CharlieEaly	Hospitality, Food and Beverage, entertainment but not a movie theatre.
11/14/2018 01:17 PM	ricopitanty, roca and Bororago, emortaminont sat not a movie treation
jensmith78	Locally owned, small businesses concentrated in a creative/curated space.
11/14/2018 02:20 PM	
Alex G	Coffee shop, restaurants, cafes, coffee houses, small shops (book store,
11/14/2018 05:10 PM	bike shop, etc.), park The key is safely getting people safely to the area.
	There are a few senior friendly developments to the east, so a key is to
	create safe routes to get here.
jan scrogan	Food entertainment clothing Draw cu students
11/15/2018 04:36 PM	
le	Curry and lead (non shair) wester wants
wb	Gym, spa, local (non-chain) restaurants
11/15/2018 09:33 PM	
Mbb	Arts gallery & studios, playhouse theater entertainment, mini-mall small retail.
11/16/2018 08:32 AM	
Mira	Trader locks as others food store, comothing other than example Safaway: Par
11/16/2018 01:51 PM	Trader Joe's or ethnic food store - something other than crappy Safeway; Bar Method/Barre type gym/ brewery with playspace for kids and game area for
11/10/2010 01.51 FW	teens / gymnastics place for kids and adults; Pool hall
drpwsmith	Small local business, like Paul's Coffee Shop, park-like corridors, walking
11/16/2018 02:54 PM	mall flavor with central parking area, food beverage and entertainment focus.
	A grocery store would also be nice.
Malexander	Walkable small shops, free recreation, something like sweet cow
11/16/2018 04:18 PM	
L.A.Cox	See previous.
11/16/2018 05:00 PM	
nancybigelow	Sorry, I don't have any suggestions.
11/17/2018 08:41 AM	
200 Hed 000	Destaurante and shape communities are asset at the control of the
perk1000	Restaurants and shops surrounding an open court where summer activities
11/17/2018 08:43 AM	could take place.

McCaslin Parcel "O" - Site Uses and Opportunities - What do you think? : Survey Report for 01 March 2017 to 28 January 2019
(137 responses, 6 skipped)

Q5 What types of development would draw people from around the REGION and drive sales tax revenue for the City of Louisville?

vg19 A multi-activity facility such as Dave and Buster's. It's near a movie theater,

as is the one in Broomfield. Something with games, laser tag, other active activities would be something that isn't in Louisville, or really anywhere

nearby. There isn't really anything like it closer than south Broomfield or very

north Boulder.

Anonymous See above.

11/05/2018 02:33 PM

Anonymous Entertainment destination e.g. Top Golf

11/05/2018 03:07 PM

Anonymous Enterainment, food and beverage

11/06/2018 10:29 AM

Anonymous It's not clear whether that area can effectively support more traditional retail

11/06/2018 10:38 AM space. I think that going to more of a mixed use development (housing and

office) is probably going to be more effective in the long run.

Anonymous Office, mixed-use, some service (bike shop, scooter shop) a Pedego E-bike

11/06/2018 10:47 AM store.

Anonymous Indy movie theater (as people age this becomes more of a draw), unique

11/06/2018 10:49 AM restaurants and bars. The atmosphere - i.e., park in the middle to have

music/events at.

Anonymous The synergy of a business mix is critical - think Union Station and Stanley

11/06/2018 10:57 AM Marketplace. The architecture and planning will be important to coordinate

between businesses and residential type buildings.

Anonymous Trader Joe's, Mountain sun

11/06/2018 11:02 AM

Anonymous Man-made beach during summer converting into ice skating in winter.

11/06/2018 11:05 AM

Anonymous Good food and beverages, entertainmengt, mixed uses with transportation

11/06/2018 11:11 AM into the area so that they too would want to live here and support our

community.

Anonymous There is enough big box shopping surrounding the location. Though we are

11/06/2018 11:20 AM pretty weak on sporting goods.

Anonymous Mixed use. Housing will bring in the people who will shop local.

11/06/2018 11:26 AM

Anonymous A variety of options.Like the Milk Market in Denver - an upscale food court...

11/06/2018 11:29 AM Or a food truck destination like the Rayback Collective in Boulder an intimate

music venue would be awesome!
unique entertainment opportunities

Anonymous

11/06/2018 11:31 AM

A hotel or some entertainment venue (Lego-themed activity park).

Anonymous

706/2018 11:32 AM

Anonymous Modern Movie Theater surrounded by modern healthy restaurants (beyond fast food) and perhaps a health & wellness chain and/or gym (Orange Theory

Fitness?) that doesn't cannibalize business from the redeveloped Rec

Center.

Anonymous OMG...see above

11/06/2018 12:02 PM

Anonymous Same as above

11/06/2018 12:25 PM

Anonymous * iMax movie theater * swimming or other athletic facility * upscale restaurants

Anonymous see above except for residents, pay to park or play at Harper Lake and use the Davidson Mesa dog area, could be a money maker

Anonymous See above. There could also be holiday mart, fall festival, etc. Some of this

might seem like it will take away from old town Louisville but things there are really tight for parking and farther from the highway. With it's proximity to Highway 36 the impact on Louisville residents from a traffic perspective would

be felt but not so much.

Anonymous Unique shopping and dining. Umm, light rail.

11/06/2018 01:37 PM

Anonymous Trader Joe's. All of the above if done well.

11/06/2018 01:44 PM

Anonymous Niche food that is not chain based.

11/06/2018 01:45 PM

Anonymous Have an Open Aries it could be more of a field of a downtown Pearl St., Mall

or a downtown Louisville at with a little grass areas. It would be a complete

half-day or full-day destination place.

Anonymous How many years have we talked about this parcel? Keep the multi family

housing elsewhere. We are not mini Boulder..we are Louisville. Laser tag is listed as an option. That belongs in unincorporated Adams County. Not here. No mega church either, please. How about high end art gallery (not a well meaning frame shop). Get rid of the crappy restaurants there. If you want Mexican, make it a good one like Las Delicias or Los Dos Portrillos. Give our

awesome. Parma a better location. Etc etc

Anonymous The best thing I can say here is that the things that failed here failed because they're not unique enough and a better option won out. A community hub, a

row of specialty shops, a restaurant collective, an activity bar... these things don't exist in the area and could satisfy a need that isn't already met

somewhere else that's just as convenient.

Anonymous

Entertainment, music and art

Anonymous

Local goods market, unique entertainment options

11/06/2018 04:21 PM

Anonymous

Same as above, but they'd want to come as there's nothing close to them until you get to Denver. If you build enough attractions and community there, people talk A LOT and will come. Rayback Collective brings people in from all around and they only serve over-priced beers and food truck food. This has to be unique. While you can get tamales anywhere, everyone knows the lady at the Louisville communal place has the best ones. They'll drive for that on a night or weekend.

It is difficult to attract businesses with regional draw to this site because

Anonymous

those are already in Superior. Home Depot and Lowes are in Louisville but they are disconnected from this site.

a great market

Anonymous

Outdoor theater? Museum? Look at Waco, TX and all the great things there

also Austin. Live music?

Anonymous

Anonymous

Something the area doesn't have - food truck lot, something like avanti, craft brewery from local entrepreneurs instead of all chains, something like avanti.

Or a new indoor volleyball place like oasis. Ikea The same

Anonymous

Anonymous

Kids play place like a Dave and busters, putt putt, race course, etc

Anonymous

11/06/2018 08:29 PM

The corridor is not positioned well to complete regionally. Focus on creating a mixed use district that is walkable with a placed based Louisville design

Anonymous

sporting goods store

Anonymous

indoor tennis courts

Anonymous

See my comments above. Downtown Louisville draws people from surrounding neighborhoods and the region. Westside Louisville can do the

same.

Anonymous

Entertainment and food venue

11/06/2018 09:24 PM

Businesses that can't afford Boulder and aren't as industrial as the tech

center. Uber is a great example!

Pete

keith

11/06/2018 09:30 PM

a large grass/park open air amphitheater stage which can be used to host large concerts and outdoor events (similar to fiddlers green or millennium park in chicago

SSN

11/06/2018 09:38 PM

Think of all the attributes that get folks to visit downtown Louisville - small walkable streets, quaint, residential housing close to the pool, library, coffee shops, restaurants, ... and try to recreate the attributes on this large parcel of land. It will draw folks from outside the city.

JovP

11/07/2018 07:25 AM

Trader Joes (is this possible with the covenants?!), Legoland Discovery center or Other well-known kid indoor attraction, unique shopping/dining like 29th St mall. Needs to be *enjoyable* to walk around. Nordstrom Rack?

debritter

11/07/2018 08:09 AM

Local micro brewery

Specialty shops

Justin Schrader

Jenny

11/07/2018 10:54 AM

amom

11/07/2018 11:45 AM

bigalieck

Juli

11/07/2018 04:29 PM

Ryokin

Kelly

mb

11/08/2018 10:13 AM

Louisville lady

Rami Cohen

Allison S 11/08/2018 01:25 PM

Louisville mom

Gyms for kids seem to do very well - Mountain Kids or Xtreme Altitude are some examples. A high end office space or company could also be

interesting.

A space like The Source in Denver - with samples of beer, food, crafts appropriate for the holidays. Unique enough in offerings that it would be less likely to be driven out by a big box retailer. Also brings a lot of people in for group activities.

Hotel Movie theater

Someplace interesting like The Source.

The site is too small and the traffic pattern around it too constrained to create a true regional draw. But a high-end restaurant and entertainment would draw customers from the surrounding towns.

High end restaurants

Craft breweries (we really need a Oskar Blues in this town) or small cult food establishments like Snarfs, Torchy's Tacos or something else out of the norm that would draw people to THIS spot.

Some unique shops. Maybe a trampoline park like Sky Zone?

Something that this area is missing is a good shooting range. Take a look for example at Magnum Shooting Center in Colorado Springs.

Something original or stellar restaurant

Trader Joe's, probably some kind of trendy gym, a higher end hotel like

Embassy Suites.

McCaslin Parcel "O" - Site Uses and Opportunities - What do you think? : Survey Report for 01 March 2017 to 28 January 2019

Maryan Performance space smaller than 1st Bank Center but bigger than the

11/08/2018 03:17 PM Louisville Arts Center. Include a bar, local coffee shop (Precision Pours?),

unique food court

No Open shopping filled with restaurants and specialty shops (breads, cheese,

/08/2018 06:03 PM wine, beers, deserts, meats)

Teresa

11/08/2018 09:06 PM

Leslie Decent retail.

11/09/2018 10:59 AM

11/09/2018 11:04 AM

Steve non-chain restaurants and stores like those in downtown louisville. Downtown

louisville is the successful model and there's enough demand/traffic to

support both locations. people are already coming from around the region to

downtown louisville

habacomike Same as above.

11/09/2018 11:05 AM

nm hospitality

11/09/2016 11:05 AW

John Bolmer Perhaps several mom-and-pop local flavor stores and restaurants -- along the

11/09/2018 11:07 AM lines of Old Town Louisville.

Scott See above.

11/09/2018 11:08 AM

Jkat525 Event center, EXCELLENT restaurant

11/09/2018 11:12 AM

Fordcokid Auto service, theater, restaurants.

11/09/2018 11:12 AM

Mark Dondelinger Bring back Sams or another national retailer. IKEA, or Amazon 4-Star. These

stores only have one location each in Colorado and they are on the far south side of the Denver Metro area. Bring them North. Beat Broomfield to the

punch for once.

CB Upscale and unique shopping and restaurants.

11/09/2018 11:21 AM

andrewthak Same thing -- has to be unique. They will not come for typical retail, needs to

11/09/2018 11:24 AM be a communal space. Mixing in residential would be fine too, but there are

plenty of people nearby for a unique offering to be successful.

Eajudd ? I don't really know - maybe a year round covered farmers market?

11/09/2018 11:25 AM

B Eller Jump City or Laser Tag. Woodward ski/snowboard Training Camp (like

Copper Mountain). Indoor go-carts or playground for a fee. REI; Trader Joes; Jo Ann Fabrics; "treasure hunt" stores like Home Goods and Marshalls; King Sooper Market; Whole Foods (would they move?); carpet store; kitchen and

Page **36** of **51**

Ala Hason

11/09/2018 11·32 AM

bath store (higher end than Lowes and Home Depot); Christy Sports

Food and drinks with entertainment

Anonymous

11/09/2018 11:35 AM

Mixing work and commerce. Folks work out of Panera, Starbucks, Einstein all

day and work.

Brian

11/09/2018 11:43 AM

Will need to comte with Superior development. Louisville is behind the curve.

karen

11/09/2018 11:46 AM

Downtown Louisville already draws people from around the region. Continue to support those businesses. This new development should fill a need for the city of Louisville. If you try to compete with what is going on in Superior, you'll lose.

Rick

11/09/2018 11:47 AM

See above. Going downtown Boulder is nice sometimes but all crowded restaurants. If there was an upscale hotel with fine dining would be nice.

BAllen

11/09/2018 11:50 AM

Same as above

Terri

11/09/2018 12:12 PM

I think the development needs to be attractive and modern and inviting - right

now what we have on McCaslin is not very inviting.

m48martin

11/09/2018 12:18 PM

Hospitality, F&B Entertainment

Lawrenceboyd

11/09/2018 12:25 PM

Same as above

None

WFC

11/09/2018 12:29 PM

Unique, non chain fresh food restaurants, breweries, or wine tasting combined with some well known quick and healthy chains, Laser tag or paint

ball

Trader Joe's, boutique destination shopping & restaurants.

coreyhyllested

11/09/2018 01:00 PM

Great question. I alluded to this with the great sea of free parking. When I spend money in Louisville; I am targeting a specific thing. I drive to Home Depot / Lowes for home improvement. I drive to Safeway or King Soopers or Alfalfas for groceries. I drive to go out to eat. I rarely wander; I do the task and then drive home or to my next errand. However. When I go to the Flatirons mall, Pearl Street, 16th St Denver... I get some coffee. I browse several stores. I may grab a snack or a quick meal with the family. I also do this at Louisville's Farmers Market and the friday night community events downtown. I'm feeling good and want to continue the fun without going somewhere, so we take advantage of the good options around us. But around the region... I leave Louisville when I want to 1) Hang out leisurely and shop 2) Get out of the house all day Creating a micro-mall of sorts would mean people in the region coming to the closest mall that fits; and keeping us locals from leaving to spend money elsewhere.

Miniature golf or similar

NA

11/09/2018 01:05 PM

patrickosu

live entertainment, top rated restaurants

11/09/2018 02:30 PM

todd gleeson

retail, a competitive grocery store, sporting goods, a Kohls replacement

11/09/2018 04:01 PM

ellenvallee restaurants, bars, entertainment

11/09/2018 04:58 PM

janet

11/09/2018 07:30 PM

pleasant environment with covered places to sit in hot weather with entertainment options and things like play fountains like those I saw in Norfolk VA botanical park that are both visually attractive and let kids run around in them. Could have evening light/music shows with fountains as in some places in China. If striking enough lots of people come too see and these can be themed to holidays, etc. to draw in viewers who then buy food, souveniers in stalls around etc Food options not too upscale or expensive but

more "charm" than fast food outlets

1997720 Unique offerings

11/09/2018 11:21 PM

jgwalega King Soopers

11/10/2018 03:53 PM

dmwalega Garbanzos Restaurant, Wendy's, King Soopers

11/10/2018 04:02 PM

amygcasey Entertainment

11/10/2018 04:31 PM

Doug Johnson Again, quality goods and services focused on the local demographics.

11/11/2018 07:08 AM Louisviile has evolved into a bedroom community with tremendous buying

power. This is based on household income.

Ryan Korte office space, but catered to a specific business segment (technology,

1/11/2018 09:23 AM medical, or other)

SMcMahon Unique experiences in either food or shopping, or unique repair (i.e. phone screen repair). The only other service/entertainment opportunity not currently

found nearby might be a Virtual Reality-based one. Maybe a seasonal offering such as a Christmas Market, Artist Market, Farmer's market, etc.

would draw a wider geographic area.

fredeller Covered previously

11/11/2018 11:07 AM

Amasin Views of mountains. One stop shop for all things for all ages. Unique

11/11/2018 11:13 AM Colorado companies.

Carolyn H Anderson Food, quality restaurants, not fast food. Perhaps small independent outdoor

1/11/2018 03:18 PM retailers. No big box stores of any kind.

dl00kner

11/11/2018 04:23 PM

Add entertainment, like live music, to the concept above.

imcquie

Possibilities include: - dining & entertainment (as Downtown Louisville does now) - high-volume brick & mortar retail (as Costco does for Superior) (I think we bet on the wrong retail chain 25 years ago although it is heard to argue with Walmart's success in general) - auto sales and service (if a Boulder dealer wants to leave boulder as the Audi dealership did for Broomfield recently, we should be very receptive to that. We have to drive into Boulder or the near north suburbs of Denver to have our Hondas and Toyotas serviced, so I would class that as Regional retail category Are the hotels at capacity? What about a small conference center. People

PhyllisMP 11/11/2018 05:05 PM like to visit Louisville or an Event center?

Best use is a hotel on the old Kohls land, like a Holiday Inn Express Hotel,

Entertainment, retail, food and beverage

cherylmerlino with name recognition, or an All-Suite Hotel like an Embassy Suites.

hellosherry2

camillefowles

Make it stand out as a place that people feel good in going to. Create a scene—Thoughtful landscape and outdoor play areas for kids, calmingmaybe a pedestrian zone. A place where parents could bring kids and have numerous things to do—but a gift or toys, look for books, go bowling/venue for birthday parties, clothes for kids, art center (like clementine studio in Boulder) for kids classes, kid friendly restaurants. We need to stand out and go above and beyond to make an impact—we have such a beautiful view and it would be an amazing setting for something that could have a long lasting and reliable draw for people in the area.

I think unique and high quality restaurants would draw people to the area. bpaxton

Costco, Lucky's, Sprouts but be aware that retail may be overbuilt in the area aeromarkco

Mixed use. shoe23

Sarahzauner Ditto. Need a few good restaurants (can we build on a boulder or Denver local chef brand?) and a solid fitness facility. We're a health-minded community and that area is mostly filled with unhealthy food and pedestrian unfriendly access.

> Good interesting food that you could go to before a movie or eat at while staying at one of the nearby low cost hotels -- a lot of people walk over from the hotels and this needs to be a more cheery/pleasant experience than jay walking across the street and being front and center along with a bunch of traffic. I think a bridge from the hotels over to where the Khol's side is would rock for hotel patrons and be safer and really drive people toward the space.

Laura Adams Look at multi use spaces that are flourishing in Denver i.e. The Source and

wielandlisa

-4	-4	7.4	\sim	-1.4	\sim		45	D 1	
-7	7	77	13.	17.2	ĸ	D:31	45	PI	\ /I

Union Station

Benn8895

11/13/2018 04:34 PM

If you created an area designed specifically for special needs children you would have people coming from farther away. Louisville has a lot of activities for children but barely if any can cater to special needs kids. This group of children are completely left out in regards to the fun and entertainment in Louisville. And in most of Colorado for that matter. So develop a bounce place or open gym or park that these kids can and are encouraged to play at. Create a place where kids with sensory issues, wheelchairs, motor planning issues, learning disabilities, speech disabilities can play and feel included. There are thousands of kids in Colorado who fall into these categories. Why not take charge and lead the way in being an all inclusive city. I know parents of these children would be more than willing to drive here so that their children can have the same opportunities as other children have. Something with alcohol & food that is kid friendly.

cynthswift

11/13/2018 05:06 PM

Trader Joes, boutiques, entertainment

rubellite11

11/13/2018 05:39 PM

julialeslie

11/13/2018 08:42 PM

Kara.rigney

11/14/2018 01:30 AM

CharlieEaly

11/14/2018 01:17 PM

Alex G

11/14/2018 05:10 PM

jan scrogan

11/15/2018 04:36 PM

wb

11/15/2018 09:33 PM

Mbb

11/16/2018 08:32 AM

Mira

11/16/2018 01:51 PM

11/16/2019 02:54 PM

** deli ** microbreweries /taprooms laser tag climbing gym indoor children's bounce studio

A large, state of the art, pool complex for competition swimmers (not recreational swimming). The facility can be rented for local and large competitions (similar to VMAC in Thornton). VMAC hosts everything from summer swim league championships, to state high school meets, to state and regional meets for USS swimming and water polo tournaments.

Atmosphere is the key to where people will spend time shopping and eating.

Restaurants, mid sized grocery store similar to Whole Foods

Food entertainments shopping in general

Chain stores and restaurants might draw from around Louisville and the region. But an eclectic mix of small restaurants and shops (depending on the details) might also provide a unique experience that would draw even more people and drive sales tax revenue.

Unique local arts, museum & retail shopping & eateries.

Trader Joe's / Pool Hall

All of the above.

drpwsmith

McCaslin Parcel "O" - Site Uses and Opportunities - What do you think? : Survey Report for 01 March 2017 to 28 January 2019

Malexander Urban farm expo

11/16/2018 04:18 PM

L.A.Cox See previous.

11/16/2018 05:00 PM

nancybigelow Walmart, REI, Costco are already in our vicinity. I don't have any

11/17/2018 08:41 AM suggestions.

perk1000 Concert venue, water park, big-box stores, internet business distribution

11/17/2018 08:43 AM facilities

Optional question (131 responses, 12 skipped)

Here's your chance! Tell us your big idea for Parcel O and WHY it would work in Louisville!

Anonymous

I feel a mixed use entertainment area would be great. Unser racing carts, mini-golf, kid friendly fun. There is also some space for apartments.

Anonymous

Mixed use development, anchored by a multi-vendor food hall concept to

include roof top terrace (amazing Flatirons views!). e.g.

https://businessden.com/2018/10/04/food-hall-to-anchor-redevelopment-of-

mostly-vacant-retail-site-in-edgewater/ Give us a movie theater!! We need one.

Anonymous

Anonymous

11/06/2018 10:29 AM

Mixed office/housing development

Anonymous E-bike super store. Pedego ideally.

11/06/2018 10:47 AM

Anonymous

park in the middle - people love to gather for music, have this surrounded by 'shops

Anonymous

11/06/2018 10:57 AM

Mixed use commercial & residential with a 50+ managed townhouses as part of the residential community, all mixed in with a diverse variety of lifestyle oriented businesses, including fitness, heathy retail (outdoor, exercise, cycling), local food.

Anonymous 11/06/2018 11:02 AM Louisville would do great with a Trader Joe's. Most of my friends go into bolder for the Trader Joe's and it is terrible parking and Louisville would really support this kind of development.

Anonymous 11/06/2018 11:05 AM A man-made beach would be a huge draw for city/region. Limited swimming options beyond public/private pools and nothing of scale-Boulder Reservoir leaves ample room for improvement. http://www.centennialbeach.org/history A central green space surrounded by mixed use community. Please not too tall to block the light and views of the current neighbors, but brings them all

11/06/2018 11:11 AM

Anonymous

together--inclusive. A local-shop mall with restaurants, like the Source in RINO.

Anonymous

Anonymous 11/06/2018 11:26 AM Mixed use areas sourronding green space for gathering and local venues. However, please do not block the current neighborhoods' views and light.

Anonymous 11/06/2018 11:29 AM

11/06/2018 11:31 AM

I like the idea of a Rayback Collective / Milk Market venue - with a place for small concerts. An all in one destination. I could grab some dinner, sit by a

fire pit outside, listen to music...

A shared space that houses local eateries, breweries, cideries, Anonymous

> kombucharies, coffee shops, etc. (ideally with some organic options). There would be a shared space in the middle with lots of indoor and outdoor seating and space for kids to run around

Anonymous	Louisville is small restaurants, breweries, and family-oriented
11/06/2018 11:32 AM	locations/outings. Need to appeal to this. Create an outdoor environment that
	works a small Lego outdoor park with a couple or rides and lots of "builds."
Anonymous	Please see my previous answers
11/06/2018 11:38 AM	
Anonymous	againyou've asked the same question 5 times. Read what I already said
11/06/2018 12:02 PM	
Anonymous	Louisville needs more unique and healthy restaurants. I feel like Lafayette
11/06/2018 12:25 PM	has a lot more to offer in that regard and I would like to see that change.
17/00/2010 12.201 W	has a for more to one, in that regard and two did into to occurrent ordings.
Anonymous	Outdoor mall with area for farmer maket on weekends. Avoid the hassle of
11/06/2018 01:22 PM	crossirons mall but don't need to go all the way in to Boulder
Anonymous	couldn't get the document library to download. will need to read through those
11/06/2018 01:28 PM	before saying more.
Anonymous	An indoor/outdoor marketplace.
11/06/2018 01:36 PM	
. ,, es, 2010 01100 1 111	
Anonymous	Great to have Safeway, Paul's coffee, Pizza so keep those.
11/06/2018 01:37 PM	
Anonymous	I think it needs to be torn down and rebuilt to move away from a strip mall
11/06/2018 01:44 PM	feel. It should be contemporary and include outdoor space mixed with
	retail/restaurants.
Anonymous	Louisville has a lovely downtown area, with delicious places to eat and fun
11/06/2018 01:45 PM	places to visit. But this side of town is lacking that. There is no need to
	compete, but my family would love to have walkable, local places to eat and
	play closer to our house.
Anonymous	Along with what I said above, or tractable roof in certain areas could increase
11/06/2018 02:38 PM	use both in summer and in the winter.
Anonymous	I have plenty of ideas for what shouldn't be there. Maybe a viable regional
11/06/2018 02:48 PM	theater. Not moviesplays and productions similar to the Arvada Center.
11/00/2010 02.40 1 W	This better speaks to the new make up of Louisville.
Anonymous	I've answered this several times already :) So many ideas!
11/06/2018 03:35 PM	Tve answered this several times already 1, 00 many ideas:
11/00/2016 03.33 FW	
Anonymous	A walkable shopping, restaurant and spa
11/06/2018 04:00 PM	
Anonymous	Some place that is walking and bike access - people in Louisville love to bike
11/06/2018 04:14 PM	and walk
Anonymous	I'm leaning towards a local market with unique vendors, like Denver's Central
11/06/2018 04:21 PM	Market or The Source.
Anonymous	A shared space for entertainment, food, drinks, and artisanal products.
11/06/2018 04:44 PM	Anyone and everyone can sell at a booth and try their big new product on

the market. Please see previous entries. Anonymous 255 characters is too limited for my big idea and why it would work in Louisville a Seattle Pike Place type market Anonymous Anonymous Something like Reading Terminal Market. It's fun, a place parents can drop 11/06/2018 05:14 PM teens safely, everyone can get the food they want, and a good beer or milkshake makes for a great night. Anonymous Large scale outdoor market like Pikes Place, Seattle, dining hall with several eateries. (Portland , Or has done this successfully. **Anonymous** Indoor multiuse sports center and avanti style local craft eateries Anonymous Already shared 11/06/2018 07:43 PM Anonymous N/A More restaurants. We all eat out a lot, but get tired of the current options. Anonymous 11/06/2018 08:20 PM Attractive public space which active in its design and useable by all age **Anonymous** groups where food and neighborhood based business can frame activities Inddor tennis courts Anonymous Anonymous indoor tennis courts 11/06/2018 08:36 PM Explore Fairhaven Village Green at Anonymous 11/06/2018 08:49 PM https://www.cob.org/services/recreation/parks-trails/Pages/fairhaven-villagegreen.aspx Adult entertainment Anonymous Pete Dense Mixed use works because you have 7 days a week spending and good connectivity to Denver Boulder keith Grass open air amphitheater stage venue like Fiddler's Green with enormous play structure for all around use SSN NEW URBANISM - walkable blocks and streets, housing and shopping in close proximity, and accessible public spaces. The revival of our lost art of place-making, and promotes the creation and restoration of compact,

walkable, mixed-use cities

Legoland Discovery center! There are many of these around the country but

none in colorado! Would be huge for Louisville and the area!!

11/07/2018 07:25 AM

JovP

Pedestrian friendly outdoor mall debritter Justin Schrader Local brewery and a local organic eatery. There are not many options for organic food that is already made in Louisville. I always enjoy tasty local beer. Parcel O needs a good grocery store. One that has high quality food but also Jenny 11/07/2018 10:54 AM at a reasonable price. Whole Foods is expensive and the Safeway is just not very high end. A kids gym could also be really good at this location. Outdoor pool for the kids "The Source" like experience but more family friendly with play park for kids amom in the center. We need another good breakfast place too! 11/07/2018 11:45 AM bigalieck More gyms, restaurants, or hotels. I don't think big box is going to make it in Louisville. There is no market for it. Small, locally owned retail is the way to go. We need more "going out" restaurants, but probably on Main Juli Someplace like south boulder Table Mesa or The Source/Stanley Marketplace See previous answers Ryokin 11/07/2018 05:24 PM Kellv Local bus line around the city to take you to the stop and ride mb Louisville Louisville lady A mix of unique shops that are bike and pedestrian friendly. A trampoline 11/08/2018 11:45 AM park, like Sky Zone. Fun for the family. The closest one now is Arvada. It would be a regional attraction. Louisville **CBV** 11/08/2018 12:14 PM Rami Cohen **Shooting Range** Allison S Some sort of family entertainment that also had drinks for adults Louisville mom LOUISVILLE See ideas above. OR, tear down Sam's Club building and divide the area into Maryan a neighborhood like North Broadway with living space above the stores and offices. Amy Punch Bowl Social with bowling, mini golf, good food and drinks because

there are lots of families in Louisville and not that many family-focused

entertainment and food establishments.

Play area surrounded by artisan shops and good food

No

11/08/2018 06:03 PM

Teresa

HOCKEY SHOP! HUGE. or maybe some other sports could share the shop.

11/08/2018 09:06 PM

Leslie

Marketplace, like Eataly. It would have diverse use (eating, shopping,

cooking school) so appeal to multiple consumers.

Steve

gave it - tear down existing structures, replace with mixed use and open

space/parks

11/09/2018 11:04 AM

habacomike It has to be something different. So, a concept not otherwise in the area.

There's few places to incubate small businesses -- why not an arts and

innovation development focused on maker spaces: light industrial/robotics/coding/woodworking/machining,.

nm

housing

11/09/2018 11:05 AM

John Bolmer

Apple store. The one at Flatirons is always busy. Toy store, if one exists.

11/09/2018 11:07 AM

Scott

An international food and culture hall: Think The Ferry Plaza Building in San

Francisco and Ponce City Market in Atlanta.

Jkat525

I really like the idea of an upscale entertainment hub.

11/09/2018 11:12 AM

Fordcokid

Make it a walkable small community within a community with a nice grocery

store, bakery, restaurant, boutique sandwich shop, coffee shop.

Mark Dondelinger

11/09/2018 11·13 AM

11/09/2018 11:12 AM

Bringing back Sams Club is my number one choice. Other than that, get IKEA or Amazon 4-star retail stores. Give these two retailers an opportunity to open a location on the north end of the Metro area. If we don't get them,

Broomfield or Thornton will

CB

Walkable, unique shopping and restaurants with lots of green space to relax,

enjoy and encourage lingering and enjoy Colorado's beautiful weather.

andrewthak

Collective similar to The Source in Denver or Rayback in Boulder. Make it a

unique space, we have nothing like that here.

Eaiudd

Definitely mixed use

11/09/2018 11:25 AM

11/09/2018 11:24 AM

B Eller

Please don't tear everything down in put in a bunch of multi-colored

apartments. IMO, EBC has enough of those!

11/09/2018 11:27 AM

Ala Hason

Urban type, elegant multi casual dining areas with entertainment (stage) and

plenty of trees and flowers. Miniature downtown block

Anonymous

Something similar to WeWork

11/09/2018 11:35 AM

Brian Underground parking accessible from mccaslin, cherry, & dillinger roads. Connection with downtown using a local light rail. Bike / walking flyovers over major roads to access the new town center. Multi-tenant housing with retail, restaurants and a central park. karen 11/09/2018 11:46 AM Tear down Sam's and redevelop with fine dining and shopping. No more Rick 11/09/2018 11:47 AM multifamily or zero lot homes. Only adds to the tax burden and traffic with no improvement to attractions for those already living here. Something like Rayback collective - food trucks that change daily. BAllen 11/09/2018 11:50 AM Small town feel - walkable area - unique restaurant and spa and maybe a Terri high end hotel - we have plenty of not great hotels around. A hotel like the Boulderado would a high end restaurant would do well. m48martin Themed "active" entertainment area with indoor activities for kids like parkour 11/09/2018 12:18 PM or bike/skateboard setting. Support with services like bike shops and perhaps some medical services too. Have a outdoor sports theme and have a restaurant/bar to support Longmont has has tremendous success with its village at the peaks mall and Lawrenceboyd I think something similar would work very well None None **WEC** Central square, small park. 11/09/2018 12:50 PM coreyhyllested Anything but big box stores. Create a community space where people would like to spend time. Ideally create a space where there is more of variety. IMHO, the food options pale in comparison to downtown. NA Miniature Golf or similar, lots of families looking for activities. Theater for live events... money is made in music and podcasts by patrickosu 11/09/2018 02:30 PM performing live. would a Prospect-like neighborhood (Longmont) with a bit more gallery and todd gleeson restaurant & small entertainment venue ellenvallee Build high end town homes and quality restaurants consider building value through unusual attractive amenities that boost ianet 11/09/2018 07:30 PM property values rather than only though direct commercial activity 1997720 Personal preference I would love a Trader Joe's or an Orange Theory Fitness!

Walmart super store

carolncolo

igwalega

A decent super market like King Soopers

dmwalega

King Soopers, we need a decent grocery store

amygcasey

11/10/2018 04:31 PM

IDK

Doug Johnson

Mixed retail and housing, give people the opportunity to walk or cycle to

shops and services

Ryan Korte

make it stand out by having it look, feel and be for high end retail and

business.

SMcMahon 11/11/2018 09:37 AM Unique shops, eateries, and a constantly changing component by season (Christmas Market, Farmer's Market, etc), with space to sit outdoors.

fredeller

11/11/2018 11:07 AM

Responded previously

Amasin

One stop shop for new moms to reiterees. Family gatherings to solo work space needs. Continue supporting our balanced lives in Louisville with a well

balanced community attraction.

Carolyn H Anderson

Senior housing, needed everywhere, we need more moderately priced senior

housing.

dl00kner

Same as previous.

imcquie

11/11/2018 04:50 PM

Automotive retailer (see my earlier comment)

PhyllisMP

We don't have a large grocery store close to this area

cherylmerlino

McCaslin Mall project: an outdoor, open air concept (with a park-like area) of small retail, small restaurants with indoor/outdoor seating, services/stores, and a hotel where Kohls is now. Parking structures located behind Sams and

on street parking.

camillefowles

Parcel O should have shops but also places to sit, eat, play and gather. Create ambiance: nice lighting, inviting landscaping. A destination for people

on this side of town & coming off 36

hellosherry2

Make it attractive, make it unique, provide variety with an eye on attracting families, adults both who need essential goods and services and those who

want to go a bit deeper than just buying a bunch of cheap stuff

bpaxton

As previously mentioned, I think a co-working space and a unique restaurant scene would be great for part of Parcel O. The co-working environment would attract people during the work week and residents would likely

frequent the area on weekends.

aeromarkco	It could change the character of Louisville, shifting the "scene" from
11/13/2018 07:36 AM	Downtown. I support more mixed use and higher density if it's done correctly
11/13/2010 07.30 AW	
	with open space, parking and transport
shoe23	Asian grocery store and food court (similar to Ranch 99 in California).
11/13/2018 03:10 PM	
11/10/2010 00.10 1 W	
Sarahzauner	Varian and fitness center!
Saranzauner	Korean spa and fitness center!
11/13/2018 03:20 PM	
wielandlisa	Bridge from hotels to Kohls side/outdoor walkable mall design with lots of
11/13/2018 03:23 PM	grass, trees, sitting areas - outdoor store like REI type merchant - with cool
11/13/2010 03.23 1 W	
	food like ModMarket and a movement/yoga studio + indoor climbing wall!
Laura Adams	Something similar to The Source, and housing above retail/business space
11/13/2018 03:45 PM	
11/13/2010 03.431 W	
Dann9005	Maka an inglusiva nauk/ayan/hayaaa nlaga that actava ta anaaial naada
Benn8895	Make an inclusive park/gym/bounce place that caters to special needs.
11/13/2018 04:34 PM	These kids have no where to go and deserve to have the same fun that the
	rest of the kids in this town have.
a watta a wift	
cynthswift	Mixed use kid friendly
11/13/2018 05:06 PM	
rubellite11	No more big box stores. I would be happy to see a mix of smaller shops. No
11/13/2018 05:39 PM	more residential. Seems like the area is crowded enough already
11/13/2010 03.39 1 W	more residential. Seems like the area is crowded enough already
:lialaalia	A food contribution wired to a montribution of the Charlettin Attracts to the
julialeslie	A food-centric, mixed-use marketplace, such as the Stanley in Aurora, would
11/13/2018 08:42 PM	be a terrific fit for Louisville b/c it appeals to a wide range of consumers,
	brings community together, and keeps the focus on local businesses.
Aliaao	
AlisaG	No big idea!
11/13/2018 10:30 PM	
Kara.rigney	A world class athletic complex does not currently exist in Boulder County or
11/14/2018 01:30 AM	surrounding areas. Our local and statewide swim competitons currently take
11/14/2010 01.30 AW	. ,
	their revenue to facilities in Thornton, Denver and Colorado Springs.
CharlieEaly	Again, a similar concept to The Orchard Town Center - something with an
11/14/2018 01:17 PM	atmosphere where you want to hang out and shop and eat. 29th Street Mall
11/14/2016 01.17 FW	
	in Boulder is a bad example.
jensmith78	Small business/entrepreneurial marketplace - a la Barnone in Gilbert AZ
11/14/2018 02:20 PM	(http://barnoneaz.com/).
11/14/2010 02.20 FIVI	(IIII.).//barrioneaz.com/).
Alax C	Laujavilla jan't Tharatan ar Aurara, a augaggaful davalanment has to
Alex G	Louisville isn't Thornton or Auroraa successful development has to
11/14/2018 05:10 PM	recognize the demographics, preferences and voting patterns of our citizens
	(see votes for open space). Think big. Think Pearl St., not 29th St. Combine
	Civic and Private uses.
jan scrogan	Entertainment and clothing for cu draw as well as local.
11/15/2018 04:36 PM	
wb	Performing arts center as an anchor, and a grouping of smaller local
11/15/2018 09:33 PM	restaurants (when Kohls property becomes vacant)
Mbb	Arts center similar to Dairy Center in Boulder. Great access off Hwy 36 will

entice arts community & increase traffic for existing restaurants & retail. Mira I think an Aventi Collective Eattery with an open space pool hall / darts / kids area would be a great draw for families along the 36 coordior drpwsmith Walking mall (Pearl St, 29th St Mall) with central parking area so that people 11/16/2018 02:54 PM could park in one spot, then stroll around to variouis smaller shops and local businesses Malexander Create a high density urban agriculture zone to grow local high value food 11/16/2018 04:18 PM and inckude aquaponics. L.A.Cox See previous. 11/16/2018 05:00 PM nancybigelow I liked the idea of a King Soopers Super store, but that's not going to happen. 11/17/2018 08:41 AM it has to be businesses that can compete in an internet world perk1000

(137 responses, 6 skipped)

Which Neighborhood do you live in?

